

# (12) United States Patent

## Guo et al.

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### (54) COMPOUNDS AS TYROSINE KINASE **MODULATORS**

- (71) Applicant: Allergan, Inc., Irvine, CA (US)
- Inventors: Xialing Guo, San Clemente, CA (US); Zhen Zhu, Foothill Ranch, CA (US)
- Assignee: ALLERGAN, INC., Irvine, CA (US)
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U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

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- (60) Provisional application No. 61/239,603, filed on Sep. 3, 2009, provisional application No. 61/306,616, filed on Feb. 22, 2010, provisional application No. 61/356,699, filed on Jun. 21, 2010, provisional application No. 61/360,531, filed on Jul. 1, 2010.

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CPC ........... C07D 413/14 (2013.01); C07D 401/04 (2013.01); C07D 401/14 (2013.01); C07D 405/00 (2013.01); C07D 405/14 (2013.01); CO7D 409/04 (2013.01); CO7D 409/14 (2013.01)

(58) Field of Classification Search

See application file for complete search history.

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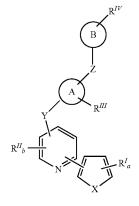
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Primary Examiner — Zinna Northington Davis (74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm — Jonathan Bass

#### (57)**ABSTRACT**

The present invention is directed to novel compounds of Formula I. The compounds of the present invention are potent tyrosine kinase modulators, and are suitable for the treatment and prevention of diseases and conditions related to abnormal activities of tyrosine kinase receptors.

Formula I



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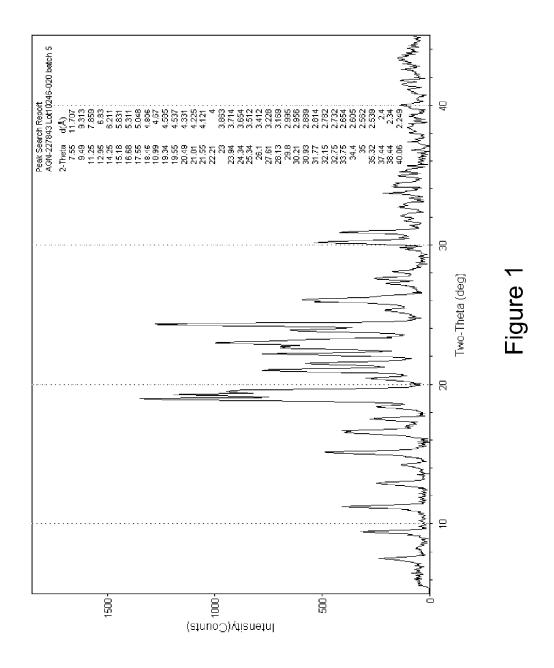
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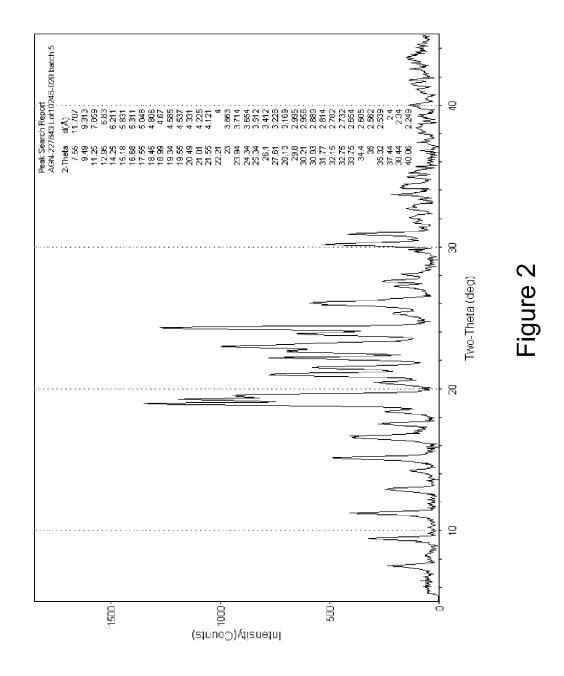
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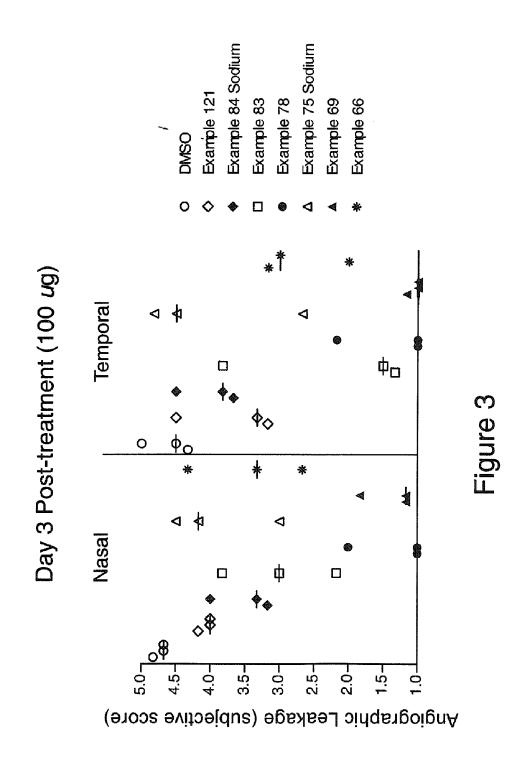
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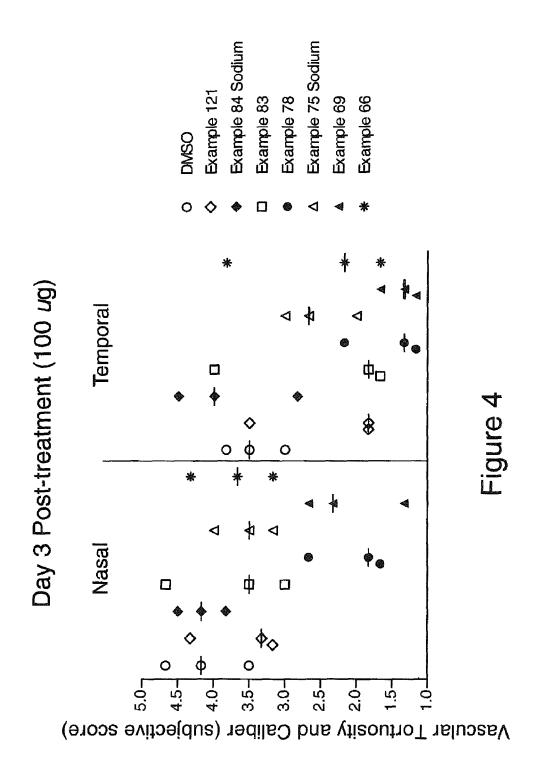
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# COMPOUNDS AS TYROSINE KINASE MODULATORS

# CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is a continuation of U.S. application Ser. No. 14/054,444, filed on Oct. 15, 2013, which is a continuation of U.S. application Ser. No. 12/875,218, filed on Sep. 3, 2010, which claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application Nos. 61/239,603, filed on Sep. 3, 2009, 61/306,616, filed on Feb. 22, 2010, 61/356,699 filed on Jun. 21, 2010 and 61/360,531 filed on Jul. 1, 2010, all of each which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties.

### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is directed to novel compounds with multiple aromatic components capable of modulating, regulating and/or inhibiting tyrosine kinase signal transduction. The present invention is also directed to methods of prevention and/or treatment of disorders related to unregulated tyrosine kinase signal transduction, including but not limited to, cell growth disorders, metabolic disorders, blood vessel proliferative disorders, inflammatory disorders, neurodegenerative diseases and immune disorders.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Protein tyrosine kinases ("PTKs") play an important role 30 in the control of cell growth and differentiation. PTKs comprise a large and diverse class of proteins having enzymatic activity. PTKs can be of the receptor-type (having extracellular, transmembrane and intracellular domains) or the non-receptor type (being wholly intracellular). For 35 example, signal transduction mediated by receptor tyrosine kinases ("RTKs") is initiated by extracellular interaction with a specific growth factor (i.e., a ligand), followed by receptor dimerization, transient stimulation of the intrinsic protein tyrosine kinase activity and phosphorylation. Bind- 40 ing sites are thereby created for intracellular signal transduction molecules and lead to the formation of complexes with a spectrum of cytoplasmic signaling molecules that facilitate the appropriate cellular response (e.g., cell division, metabolic homeostasis, and responses to the extracel- 45 lular microenvironment).

With respect to RTKs, it has been shown also that tyrosine phosphorylation sites function as high-affinity binding sites for SH2 (src homology) domains of signaling molecules. Several intracellular substrate proteins that associate with 50 RTKs have been identified and are divided into two principal groups: (1) substrates which have a catalytic domain; and (2) substrates which lack a catalytic domain but serve as adapters and associate with catalytically active molecules. The specificity of the interactions between receptors or proteins 55 and SH2 domains of their substrates is determined by the amino acid residues immediately surrounding the phosphorylated tyrosine residue. Differences in binding affinities between SH2 domains and the amino acid sequences surrounding the phosphotyrosine residues on particular recep- 60 tors are consistent with the observed differences in their substrate phosphorylation profiles. These observations suggest that the function of each RTK is determined not only by its pattern of expression and ligand availability, but also by the array of downstream signal transduction pathways that 65 are activated by a particular receptor. Thus, phosphorylation provides an important regulatory step which determines the

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selectivity of signaling pathways recruited by specific growth factor receptors, as well as differentiation factor receptors.

The RTKs comprise a large family of transmembrane receptors with diverse biological activities. The intrinsic function of RTKs is activated upon ligand binding, which results in phophorylation of the receptor and multiple cellular substrates, and subsequently in a variety of cellular responses. At present, at least nineteen distinct RTK subfamilies have been identified. One RTK subfamily, designated the HER subfamily, is believed to be comprised of EGFR, HER2, HER3 and HER4. Ligands to the HER subfamily of receptors include epithelial growth factor (EGF), TGF-α, amphiregulin, HB-EGF, betacellulin and 15 heregulin. The second subfamily of RTKs, designated the insulin subfamily, is comprised of the INS-R, the IGF-1R and the IR-R. The third RTK subfamily, the "PDGF" family, includes the PDGF  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  receptors, CSFIR, c-kit and FLK-II. Another subfamily of RTKs, identified as the FLK family, is believed to be comprised of the kinase insert domain-receptor fetal liver kinase-1 (KDR/FLK-1), the fetal liver kinase 4 (FLK-4) and the fms-like tyrosine kinase 1 (flt-1). Each of these receptors was initially believed to be a receptor for hematopoietic growth factors. Two other subfamilies of RTKs have been designated as the FGF receptor family (FGFR1, FGFR2, FGFR3 and FGFR4) and the Met subfamily (c-met and Ron). Because of the similarities between the PDGF and FLK subfamilies, the two subfamilies are often considered together. The known RTK subfamilies are identified in Plowman et al, 1994, DN&P 7(6): 334-339, which is incorporated herein by reference.

The non-receptor tyrosine kinases represent a collection of cellular enzymes which lack extracellular and transmembrane sequences. At present, over twenty-four individual non-receptor tyrosine kinases, comprising eleven subfamilies (Src, Frk, Btk, Csk, Abl, Zap70, Fes/Fps, Fak, Jak, Ack and LIMK) have been identified. At present, the Src subfamily of non-receptor tyrosine kinases is comprised of the largest number of PTKs, and include Src, Yes, Fyn, Lyn, Lck, Blk, Hck, Fgr and Yrk. The Src subfamily of enzymes has been linked to oncogenesis. A more detailed discussion of non-receptor tyrosine kinases is provided in Bolen, 1993, Oncogen 8: 2025-2031, which is incorporated herein by reference.

Many of the protein tyrosine kinases (PTKs), whether an RTK or non-receptor tyrosine kinase, have been found to be involved in cellular signaling pathways leading to cellular signal cascades and pathogenic conditions such as cancer, psoriasis and hyper immune responses. In view of the importance of PTKs to the control, regulation and modulation of cell proliferation and the diseases and disorders associated with abnormal cell proliferation, many attempts have been made to identify receptor and non-receptor tyrosine kinase "inhibitors" using a variety of approaches, including the use of mutant ligands (U.S. Pat. No. 4,966, 849), soluble receptors and antibodies (Kendall & Thomas, 1994, Proc. Nat'l Acad. Sci 90: 10705-09; Kim, et al, 1993, Nature 362: 841-844), RNA ligands (Jellinek, et al, Biochemistry 33: 10450-56); Takano, et al, 1993, Mol. Bio. Cell 4:358 A; Kinsella, et al, 1992, Exp. Cell Res. 199: 56-62; Wright, et al, 1992, J. Cellular Phys. 152: 448-57) and tyrosine kinase inhibitors (U.S. Pat. No. 5,330,992; Mariani, et al, 1994, Proc. Am. Assoc. Cancer Res. 35: 2268).

More recently, attempts have been made to identify small molecules which act as tyrosine kinase inhibitors. For example, bis monocyclic, bicyclic or heterocyclic aryl compounds (PCT Application No. WO 92/20642), vinylene-

azaindole derivatives (PCT Application No. WO 94/14808) and 1-cyclopropyl-4-pyridyl-quinolones (U.S. Pat. No. 5,330,992) have been described generally as tyrosine kinase inhibitors. Styryl compounds (U.S. Pat. No. 5,217,999), styryl-substituted pyridyl compounds (U.S. Pat. No. 5,302, 606), certain quinazoline derivatives (EP Application No. 0 566 266 A1), seleoindoles and selenides (PCT Application No. WO 94/03427), tricyclic polyhydroxylic compounds (PCT Application No. WO 92/21660) and benzylphosphonic acid compounds (PCT Application No. WO 91/15495) have been described as compounds for use as tyrosine kinase inhibitors for use in the treatment of cancer.

In addition, other small molecules were studied as tyrosine kinase inhibitors, such as the compounds disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,765,012; 6,541,504; 6,747,025; 5,792,783; 5,834,504; 5,883,113; 5,883,116 and 5,886,020, all of which are incorporated by reference in their entireties.

The identification and use of compounds which specifically inhibit signal transduction by modulating the activity of receptor and non-receptor tyrosine is one aspect of the present invention.

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is directed to compounds represented by Formula I capable of modulating, regulating and/or inhibiting tyrosine kinase signal transduction, and uses of the compounds and compositions incorporating the compounds for disease treatment and prevention.

The compounds of the present invention can be found in general Formula I:

Formula I 35  $\mathbb{R}^{IV}$   $\mathbb{R}^{II}$   $\mathbb{R}^{II}$   $\mathbb{R}^{I}_{a}$  45

wherein

X is selected from the group consisting of  $NR^1$ , O,  $S(O)_n$ ; n is 0 or an integer of from 1 to 2;

R¹ is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkenyl, alkoxyalkyl, CF₃, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryl, heterocycloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, and alkyl(NR²R³), wherein R² and R³ are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; alternatively R² and R³ and may be taken together to form a 5-7 membered heterocyclic ring with NI.

R<sup>I</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>8</sub> alkyl, S(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sup>4</sup>, (CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>4</sub>C(O)OR<sup>4</sup>, 65 S(O)<sub>4</sub>(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>4</sub>C(O)OR<sup>4</sup>, (CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>4</sub>Ar, NR<sup>4</sup>(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>4</sub>Ar, O(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>4</sub>Ar, S(O)<sub>4</sub>(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>4</sub>Ar, (CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>4</sub>S(O)<sub>5</sub>

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 $R^4$ ,  $NR^4(CR^5R^6)_dS(O)_fR^4$ ,  $O(CR^5R^6)_dS(O)_fR^4$ ,  $S(O)_f$  $(CR^5R^6)_{a}S(O)_{a}R^4$  $(CR^{5}R^{6})_{a}C(O)N(R^{4})_{2}$  $(CR^5R^6)_aC(O)N(R^4)_2$ ,  $O(CR^5R^6)_aC(O)N(R^4)_2$ ,  $S(O)_f$  $(CR^5R^6)_eC(O)N(R^4)_2$ ,  $(CR^5R^6)_dOR^4$ ,  $S(O)_d(CR^5R^6)_d$  $(CR^5R^6)_dOSO_2R^4$ ,  $S(O)_d(CR^5R^6)_eOSO_2R^4$ OR4,  $(CR^5R^6)_aP(O)(OR^4)_2$ ,  $S(O)_f(CR^5R^6)_eP(O)(OR^4)_2$ ,  $OC(O)(CR^5R^6)_aN(R^4)_2$ ,  $C(O)(CR^5R^6)_aN(R^4)_2$ ,  $C(O)(CR^5R^6)_aN(R^4)_2$ ,  $C(O)(CR^5R^6)_aN(R^4)_2$ ,  $C(CR^5R^6)_aN(R^4)_2$ ,  $C(CR^5R^6)_2$ N=S(O)R<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>,  ${}^{a}$ NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, (CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>d</sub> R<sup>5</sup>, S(O)<sub>t</sub>(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>d</sub>R<sup>5</sup>, HNC(O)R<sup>4</sup>, HN—C(O)OR<sup>4</sup>,  $(CR^5R^6)_dN(R^4)_2$ ,  $S(O)_f(CR^5R^6)_dN(R^4)_2$ ,  $OC(O)OR^4$ ,  $(CR^5R^6)_dC(O)(CR^5R^6)_dR^4$ ,  $(CR^5R^6)_dC(O)(CR^5R^6)_d$  $OR^4$ , and  $(CR^5R^6)_dC(O)(CR^5R^6)_dN(R^4)_2$ , wherein each R<sup>4</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkyl, aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> hydroxyalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_8$  alkoxyalkyl,  $(CR^5R^6)_d$  and  $N(R^4)_2$  may form a 3-7 membered heterocyclic ring, comprising of aziridine, azetidine, pyrrolidine, 5-fluoropyrrolidine, piperidine, 6-fluoropiperidine, N-methylpiperazine, morpholine, 2,6-dimethylmorpholine, thiomorpholine, and wherein said heterocyclic ring may be optionally substituted with up to three of R<sup>5</sup>; wherein R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, hydroxyl, C1-C8 alkyl, C1-C8 hydroxyalkyl, C1-C8 alkoxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, hydroxycarbonyl, hydroxycarbonylalkyl, amide, alkylamide, amidoalkyl, sulfonate and CR5R6 may represent a carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring of from 5 to 6 carbons or alternatively,  $(CR^5R^6)_d$  and  $(CR^5R^6)_e$  may form a 3-7 membered carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring, wherein the ring may be optionally substituted with up to three of hydroxyl, halo, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkoxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, hydroxycarbonyl, hydroxycarbonylalkyl, amide, alkylamide, amidoalkyl and sulfonate;

a is 0 or an integer of from 1 to 3;

d is 0 or an integer of from 1 to 5;

e is an integer of from 1 to 4;

f is 0 or an integer of from 1 to 2;

R<sup>II</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkoxy, alkoxyalkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, alkyl, aryloxy, aryloxyalkyl, halo, haloalkoxy, haloalkyl, hydroxy, hydroxyalkoxy, hydroxyalkyl, (NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>) alkoxy, (NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>)alkenyl, (NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>)alkyl, (NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>)carbonylalkenyl, and (NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>)carbonylalkyl, wherein R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; alternatively R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> and may be taken together to form a 5-7 membered heterocyclic ring with N;

b is 0 or an integer of from 1 to 2;

Y is selected from the group consisting of:

(1') — $(CH_2)g$ -O— $(CH_2)h$ -;

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(2') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-NR'—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;

(3')  $-(CH_2)g-S(O)_n-(CH_2)h-$ ;

(4') — $(CH_2)g$ - $SO_2NR^2$ — $(CH_2)h$ -;

(5') — $(CH_2)g-NR^2SO_2$ — $(CH_2)h-$ ;

(6') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CO—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;

(7') — $(CH_2)g$ - $C(O)NR^2$ — $(CH_2)h$ -;

(8') — $(CH_2)g-NR^2C(O)$ — $(CH_2)h-$ ;

(9') —  $(CH_2)g-C = C - (CH_2)h-;$ 

(10') — $(CH_2)g$ - $NR^2C(O)NR^3$ — $(CH_2)h$ -;

(11') — $(CH_2)g-(CH_2)h-;$ 

(12') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CF<sub>2</sub>—<math>(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;

(13') — $(CH_2)g$ - $CCl_2$ — $(CH_2)h$ -;

(14') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CHF—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;

(15') — $(CH_2)g$ -CH(OH)— $(CH_2)h$ -;

wherein

g is 0 or an integer of from 1 to 3;

h is 0 or an integer of from 1 to 3;

 $R^1$  is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkenyl, alkoxyalkyl,  $CF_3$ , alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryl, heterocycloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, and alkyl(NR^2R^3), wherein  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; alternatively  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  and may be taken together to form a 5-7 membered heterocyclic ring with N;

R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; alternatively R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> and may be taken 20 together to form a 5-7 membered cyclic ring;

Ring A is selected from the group consisting of:



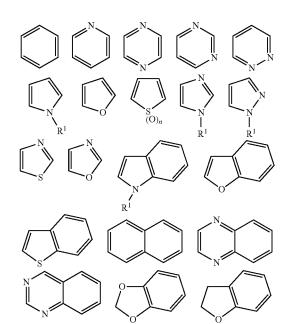
(i) Phenyl;

(ii) Naphthyl;

(iii) A 5 or 6 membered monocyclic heteroaryl group which  $_{35}$  have 1-5 heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of O, N and S;

and (iv) An 8 to 10 membered bicyclic heteroaryl group which have 1-6 heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of O, N and S;

Ring A can be illustrated but not limited to the following:



-continued

wherein

 $R^1$  is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkenyl, alkoxyalkyl,  $CF_3$ , alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryl, heterocycloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, and alkyl(NR $^2R^3$ ), wherein  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; alternatively  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  and may be taken together to form a 5-7 membered heterocyclic ring with N;

 $R^{III}$  represents optionally 1-3 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_5$  linear or branched alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  linear or branched haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkoxy, hydroxy, amino,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkylamino, C1-C6 dialkylamino, halogen, cyano, and nitro;

Z is selected from the group consisting of

(1')  $(CH_2)_i N(R^7)C(O)N(R^8)(CH_2)_i$ ;

(2')  $(CH_2)_i N(R^7) C(S) N(R^8) (CH_2)_j$ ;

(3')  $(CH_2)_i N(R^7)C(O)$ ;

(4')  $C(O)N(R^8)(CH_2)_i$ ;

(5')  $(CH_2)_i N(R^7) S(O)_2$ ;

and (6')  $S(O)_2N(R^8)(CH_2)_i$ ;

wherein

i is 0 or 1;

j is 0 or 1;

R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl.

Ring B is selected from the group consisting of:



(i') Phenyl;

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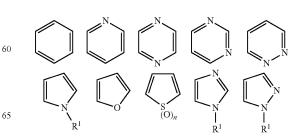
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(ii') Naphthyl;

(iii') A 5 or 6 membered monocyclic heteroaryl group which have 1-3 heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of O, N and S;

and (iv') An 8 to 10 membered bicyclic heteroaryl group which have 1-3 heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of O, N and S;

Ring B can be illustrated but not limited to the following:



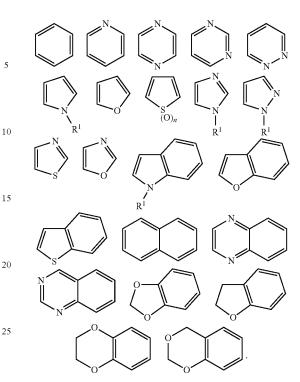
### wherein

 $R^1$  is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkenyl, alkoxyalkyl,  $CF_3$ , alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryl, heterocycloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, and alkyl(NR $^2R^3$ ), wherein  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; alternatively  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  and may be taken together to form a 5-7 membered heterocyclic ring with N;

R<sup>IV</sup> represents optionally 1-3 substituents, independently selected from the group consisting of alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkyl, aryloxy, arylalkyl, carboxy, cyano, 35 halo, haloalkoxy, haloalkyl, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, nitro, and —NR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup>; wherein R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, heterocyclyl, and heterocyclylalkyl.

Some embodiments of the present invention are included in the following paragraphs:

- (1) A compound according to Formula I, including any tautomer, stereoisomer, diastereoisomeric form, polymorphic form, crystal form, a solvate, a hydrate, a metabolite, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug, mixture of different stereoisomers, and any mixture of different crystal forms.
- (2) A compound of Formula I in the form of a prodrug.
- (3) The compound according to paragraph 1, wherein Z is selected from the group consisting of (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>i</sub>N(R<sup>7</sup>)C (O), C(O)N(R<sup>8</sup>)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>j</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>i</sub>N(R<sup>7</sup>)S(O)<sub>2</sub> and S(O)<sub>2</sub>N (R<sup>8</sup>)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>j</sub>.
- (4) The compound according to paragraphs 1-3, wherein Y is selected from the group consisting of —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-O—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-NR<sup>1</sup>—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-S (O)<sub>n</sub>—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CO—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CO—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-C—C—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)NR<sup>3</sup>—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h and a single bond.
- (5) The compound according to paragraphs 1-4, wherein 65 Ring A and Ring B are independently selected from the group consisting of

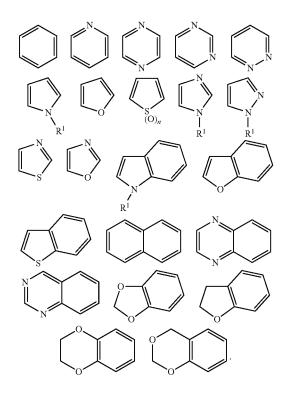


- (6) The compound according to paragraphs 1-5, wherein Y is selected from the group consisting of —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CF<sub>2</sub>—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CCl<sub>2</sub>—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CHF—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CH (OH)—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; and —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-C=C—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-.
- (7) The compound according to paragraphs 1-6, wherein X is NH.
- (8) A compound selected from the group consisting of (1') [({5-[4-(2-fluoro-5-[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrol-3-yl}carbonyl)amino]acetic acid;
  - (2') methyl [({5-[4-(2-fluoro-5-{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrol-3-yl}carbonyl)amino]acetate;
  - (3') ({[5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrol-3-yl]carbonyl}amino) acetic acid;
  - (4') methyl({[5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrol-3-yl]carbonyl}amino) acetate:
  - (5') 5-[4-({3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino]phenyl}amino) pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid;
  - (6') methyl 5-[4-({3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenyl}amino)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate;
  - (7') 5-[4-(2-fluoro-5-{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-N-hydroxy-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide;
  - (8') 4-fluoro-N-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-3-[(2-{4-[(3-hy-droxypiperidin-1-yl)carbonyl]-1H-pyrrol-2-yl}pyridin-4-yl)oxy]benzamide;
  - (9) N-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)-5-[4-(3-{[(2-fluoro-5-methyl-phenyl)amino]carbonyl}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyr-role-3-carboxamide;
  - (10) N-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-3-[(2-{4-[(3-hydroxypyrrolidin-1-yl)carbonyl]-1H-pyrrol-2-yl}pyridin-4-yl)oxy] benzamide;

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- (11') 5-[4-(3-{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-N-hydroxy-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide:
- (12') methyl 5-[4-(2-fluoro-5-{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate;
- (13') 5-[4-(2-fluoro-5-{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carbox-ylic acid:
- (14')N-ethyl-5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide;
- (15')N-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)-5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl) amino]phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide;
- (16') 5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino]phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide;
- (17')N-hydroxy-5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide;
- (18')N-(3-{[2-(4-{[(3R)-3-hydroxypyrrolidin-1-yl]carbo-nyl}-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl]oxy}phenyl)-3-methyl-2-furamide;
- (19') 5-[4-(3-{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid;
- (20') methyl 5-[4-(3-{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate:
- (21') 2,3-dihydroxypropyl 5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl) amino]phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate; 30
- (22') 5-[4-(3-{[(3-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}phenoxy) pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid;
- (23') methyl 5-[4-(3-{[(3-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate;
- (24') 2-hydroxyethyl 5-[4-(3-{[(3-methyl-2-thienyl)carbonyl]amino}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate;
- (25') 2-hydroxyethyl 5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate;
- (26') 5-[4-(3-{[(3-methyl-2-thienyl)carbonyl] amino}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid;
- (27') methyl 5-[4-(3-{[(3-methyl-2-thienyl)carbonyl] amino}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate; 45
- (28') 5-(4-{4-fluoro-3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid;
- (29') methyl 5-(4-{4-fluoro-3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate;
- (30') N-[dimethyl(oxido)-lambda~4~-sulfanylidene]-5-(4- 50 {3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino]phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide;
- (31') N-(3-{[2-(4-{[(3S)-3-hydroxypyrrolidin-1-yl]carbonyl}-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl]oxy}phenyl)-3-methyl-2-furamide:
- (32') 5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino]phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid;
- (33') methyl 5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate;
- (34') 3-methyl-N-(3-{[2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl] 60 oxy}phenyl)-2-furamide;
- (35') methyl 4-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate;
- (36') 2-fluoro-5-methyl-N-(4-{[2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl]oxy}phenyl)benzamide;
- and (37') 3-methyl-N-(4-{[2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl] oxy}phenyl)-2-furamide.

- (9) The compound according to paragraph 1, wherein Z is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>i</sub>N(R<sup>7</sup>)C(O)N(R<sup>8</sup>)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>j</sub> or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>i</sub>N(R<sup>7</sup>)C(S)N (R<sup>8</sup>)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>i</sub>, provided that when Ring B is pyrazole, R<sup>IV</sup> is not a phenyl or substituted phenyl.
- (10) The compound according to paragraph 9, wherein Y is selected from the group consisting of —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-O—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-NR<sup>1</sup>—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CO—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CO—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CO—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CO—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CO—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-C=C—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)NR<sup>3</sup>—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h, and a single bond.
- (11) The compound according to paragraph 9, wherein Y is selected from the group consisting of —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CF<sub>2</sub>—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CCI<sub>2</sub>—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CHF—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CH (OH)—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; and —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-C=C—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-.
- (12) The compound according to paragraphs 9-11, wherein Ring A and Ring B are independently selected from the group consisting of



- (13) The compound according to paragraphs 9-12, wherein X is NH.
- (14) The compound according to paragraphs 9-12, wherein X is S.
- wherein X is S.

  (15) The compound according to paragraphs 9-14, wherein R<sup>I</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>8</sub> alkyl, (CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)OR<sup>4</sup>, (CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>Ar, NR<sup>4</sup>(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>Ar, (CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>4</sup>(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, O(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, (CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>DR<sup>4</sup>, OC(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, (CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>R<sup>5</sup>, HNC(O)R<sup>4</sup>, HN—C(O)OR<sup>4</sup>, (CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, S(O)<sub>f</sub> (CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, OC(O)CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>a</sub>C(O)(CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>

each R4 is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl,  $C_1$ - $C_8$  alkyl, aryl,  $C_1$ - $C_8$ hydroxyalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_8$  alkoxyalkyl,  $(CR^5R^6)_d$  and N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub> may form a 3-7 membered heterocyclic ring, comprising of aziridine, azetidine, pyrrolidine, 5-fluoropyrrolidine, piperidine, 6-fluoropiperidine, N-methylpiperazine, morpholine, 2,6-dimethylmorpholine, thiomorpholine, and wherein said heterocyclic ring may be optionally substituted with up to three of R<sup>5</sup>; wherein R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> are independently selected from the 10 group consisting of hydrogen, halo, hydroxyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkoxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, hydroxycarbonyl, hydroxycarbonylalkyl, amide, alkylamide, amidoalkyl, sulfonate and CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup> may represent a carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring of from 5 to 6 carbons or alternatively,  $(CR^5R^6)_d$  and  $(CR^5R^6)_e$  may form a 3-7 membered carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring, wherein the ring may be optionally substituted with up to three of hydroxyl, halo, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkoxy- <sup>20</sup> alkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, hydroxycarbonyl, hydroxycarbonylalkyl, amide, alkylamide, amidoalkyl and sulfonate.

(16) A compound of Formula II:

Formula II

wherein

W is C or N;

X is selected from the group consisting of NR<sup>1</sup>, O, and  $S(O)_n$ ;

n is 0 or an integer of from 1 to 2;

R<sup>1</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkenyl, alkoxyalkyl, CF<sub>3</sub>, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryl, heterocycloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, and alkyl(NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>), wherein R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; alternatively R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> and may be taken together to form a 5-7 membered heterocyclic ring with N;

R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, hydroxyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> hydroxyalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_8$  alkoxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, hydroxycarbonyl, hydroxycarbonylalkyl, amide, alkylamide, amidoalkyl, sulfonate;

 $R^{II}$  is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkoxy, alkoxyalkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, alkyl, ary12

loxy, aryloxyalkyl, halo, haloalkoxy, haloalkyl, hydroxy, hydroxyalkoxy, hydroxyalkyl, (NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>)alkoxy, (NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>)alkenyl, (NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>)alkyl, (NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>)carbonylalkenyl, and (NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>) carbonylalkyl, wherein R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; alternatively R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> and may be taken together to form a 5-7 membered heterocyclic ring with N; b is 0 or an integer of from 1 to 2;

Y is selected from the group consisting of:

(1') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-O—<math>(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;(2') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-NR<sup>1</sup>—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;(3') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-S(O)<sub>n</sub>—<math>(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;(4') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup>—<math>(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; (5') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>—<math>(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; (6') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CO—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;(7') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;

(8') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;

(9') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-C=C—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;

(10') — $(CH_2)g-NR^2C(O)NR^3$ — $(CH_2)h-$ ;

(11') — $(CH_2)g$ - $(CH_2)h$ -;

(12') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CF<sub>2</sub>—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; (13') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CCl<sub>2</sub>—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;

(14') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CHF—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;

(15') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CH(OH)—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;

(16') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>—<math>(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; (17') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-C—C—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;

and (18') a single bond;

wherein

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g is 0 or an integer of from 1 to 3;

h is 0 or an integer of from 1 to 3;

R<sup>1</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkenyl, alkoxyalkyl, CF3, alkyl, alkylcaralkoxycarbonyl, aryl, heterocycloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, and alkyl(NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>), wherein R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; alternatively R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> and may be taken together to form a 5-7 membered heterocyclic ring with

R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; alternatively R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> and may be taken together to form a 5-7 membered cyclic ring;

 $^{50}$  Ring A is selected from the group consisting of:



(i) Phenyl;

(ii) Naphthyl;

(iii) A 5 or 6 membered monocyclic heteroaryl group which have 1-5 heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of O, N and S;

and (iv) An 8 to 10 membered bicyclic heteroaryl group which have 1-6 heteroatoms independently selected from the

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group consisting of O, N and S;

Ring A can be illustrated but not limited to the following:

wherein

R¹ is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkenyl, alkoxyalkyl, CF₃, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryl, heterocycloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, and alkyl(NR²R³), wherein R² and R³ are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, and heterocyclysulfonyl; alternatively R² and R³ and may be taken together to form a 5-7 membered heterocyclic ring with N:

R<sup>III</sup> represents optionally 1-3 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> linear or branched alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> linear or branched haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkoxy, hydroxy, amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkylamino, C1-C6 dialkylamino, halogen, cyano, and nitro;

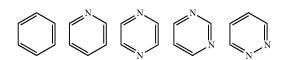
Z is selected from the group consisting of

- (1')  $(CH_2)_i N(R^7) C(O) N(R^8) (CH_2)_i$ ;
- $(2') (CH_2)_i N(R^7) C(S) N(R^8) (CH_2)_i;$
- (3')  $(CH_2)_i N(R^7)C(O)$ ;
- (4') C(O)N(R<sup>8</sup>)(CH<sub>2</sub>);
- (5')  $(CH_2)_i N(R^7) S(O)_2;$
- and (6') S(O)<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>8</sup>)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>i</sub>;

wherein

i is 0 or 1;

j is 0 or 1;



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 $R^7$  and  $R^8$  are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl;

Ring B is selected from the group consisting of:



(i') Phenyl;

(ii') Naphthyl;

(iii') A 5 or 6 membered monocyclic heteroaryl group which have 1-3 heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of O, N and S;

and (iv') An 8 to 10 membered bicyclic heteroaryl group which have 1-3 heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of O, N and S;

Ring B can be illustrated but not limited to the following: wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkenyl, alkoxyalkyl, CF<sub>3</sub>, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryl, heterocycloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, and alkyl(NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>), wherein R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, and heterocyclysulfonyl; alternatively R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> and may be taken together to form a 5-7 membered heterocyclic ring with N;

R<sup>IV</sup> represents optionally 1-3 substituents, independently selected from the group consisting of alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkyl, aryloxy, arylalkyl, carboxy, cyano, halo, haloalkoxy, haloalkyl, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, nitro, and —NR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup>; wherein R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl,

heterocyclyl, and heterocyclylalkyl;

and any pharmaceutical acceptable salt or prodrug.

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(17) The compound according to paragraph 16, wherein Z is selected from the group consisting of (CH<sub>2</sub>),N(R<sup>7</sup>)  $C(O)N(R^8)(CH_2)_j$  $(CH_2)_iN(R^7)C(O)N(R^8)$  $(CH_2)_i$  and  $(CH_2)_iN(R^7)C(S)N(R^8)(CH_2)_i$ .

(18) The compound according to paragraphs 16-17, 5 wherein Y is selected from the group consisting of  $-(CH_2)g-NR^1-(CH_2)h-$ ; -(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;-(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-S(O)<sub>n</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; $-(CH_2)g-SO_2NR^2$  $(CH_2)h-;$   $-(CH_2)g-NR^2SO_2-(CH_2)h-;$   $-(CH_2)g -(CH_2)g-C(O)NR^2-(CH_2)h-;$  10 CO—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-; $-(CH_2)g-NR^2C(O)-(CH_2)h-;$ —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-C=C- $(CH_2)h$ -;  $-(CH_2)g$ - $NR^2C(O)NR^3$ - $(CH_2)h$  and a single bond.

(19) The compound according to paragraphs 16-18, 15 wherein Ring A and Ring B are independently selected from the group consisting of

(20) The compound according to paragraphs 16-19, wherein W is C.

(21) A method of use of the compounds of paragraphs 50 1-20, wherein the compounds are used as tyrosine kinase modulators;

(22) Use of the compounds of paragraphs 1-20 in the preparation of a medicament for the treatment or prelated tyrosine kinase activities, comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of the compound of paragraphs 1-20 together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier;

(23) The use of paragraph 22, wherein the diseases or 60 conditions are selected from the group consisting of cell growth and metabolic disorders, blood vessel proliferative disorders, inflammatory disorders, neurodegenerative diseases, and immune disorders.

(24) The use of paragraphs 22-23 wherein the diseases or 65 conditions are selected from the group consisting of colorectal cancer, lung cancer, hematological cancer,

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renal cancer, liver cancer, breast cancer, diabetic retinopathy, macular degeneration, age-related macular degeneration, retinopathy of prematurity, ocular angiogenesis, retinal edema, retinal ischemia, diabetic macular edema, cystoid macular edema, retinal vein occlubranch vein occlusion, preretinal neovascularization, laser-induced choroidal neovascularization, neovascularization associated with keratoplasty, glaucoma and ocular tumors, arthritis, restenosis, hepatic cirrhosis, atherosclerosis, psoriasis, diabetes mellitus, wound healing, inflammation, neurodegenerative diseases and immune disorders.

(25) The use of paragraphs 22-23 wherein the conditions and diseases are wound healing or to alleviate transplant rejection.

(26) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutic effective amount of a compound according to paragraphs 1-20 together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier which is suitable for systematic, parenteral, local or topical delivery.

(27) The pharmaceutical composition of paragraph 26, which are in the form selected from the group comprising of tablets, capsules, intravenous injections, intramuscular injections, local injections, topical creams, gels and ointments, eye drops, ophthalmic solutions, ophthalmic suspensions, ophthalmic emulsions, intravitreal injections, subtenon injections, ophthalmic biodrodible implant, and non-bioeordible ophthalmic inserts or depots.

(28) Use of the compounds of paragraphs 1-20 in the preparation of a medicament for the treatment of diseases and conditions, wherein the medicament contains pharmaceutical acceptable composition according to paragraphs 26 and 27.

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 shows a powder X-Ray Diffraction (XRPD) of Example 78;

FIG. 2 shows a powder X-Ray Diffraction (XRPD) of Example 69;

FIG. 3 shows a fluorescein angiography (blood-retinal barrier breakdown) of Example 121, Example 84 Sodium, Example 83, Example 78, Example 75 Sodium, Example 69, 45 and Example 66; and

FIG. 4 shows a fundus photography (retinal vasodilation and vessel tortuosity) of Example 121, Example 84 Sodium, Example 83, Example 78, Example 75 Sodium, Example 69, and Example 66.

### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is directed to a series of compounds vention of diseases or conditions related with unregu- 55 with multiple aromatic components useful as protein tyrosine kinase inhibitors. The compounds of the present invention are useful for treating diseases related to unregulated tyrosine kinase signal transduction, for example, cancer, blood vessel proliferative disorders, fibrotic disorders, and neurodegenerative diseases. In particular, compounds of the present invention are useful for the treatment of colorectal cancer, lung cancer, hematological cancer, renal cancer, liver cancer, breast cancer, diabetic retinopathy, macular degeneration, age-related macular degeneration, retinopathy of prematurity, ocular angiogenesis, retinal edema, retinal ischemia, diabetic macular edema, cystoid macular edema, retinal vein occlusion, branch vein occlusion, preretinal neo-

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vascularization, laser-induced choroidal neovascularization, neovascularization associated with keratoplasty, glaucoma and ocular tumors, arthritis, restenosis, hepatic cirrhosis, atherosclerosis, psoriasis, diabetes mellitus, wound healing, transplant rejection, inflammation, neurodegenerative dis- 5 eases and immune disorders.

### 1. COMPOUNDS OF THE INVENTION

In one aspect of the invention, the compounds of the present invention can be represented by the general formula I:

wherein

X is selected from the group consisting of NR<sup>1</sup>, O, and

n is 0 or an integer of from 1 to 2;

R<sup>1</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkenyl, alkoxyalkyl, CF3, alkyl, alkylcaralkoxycarbonyl, aryl, heterocycloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, and alkyl(NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>), wherein R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of 40 hydrogen, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; alternatively R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> and may be taken together to form a 5-7 membered heterocyclic ring with

R<sup>I</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>8</sub> alkyl, S(O),R<sup>4</sup>, (CR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>),C(O)OR<sup>4</sup>,  $S(O)_{f}(CR^{5}R^{6})_{d}C(O)OR^{4}, (CR^{5}R^{6})_{d}Ar, NR^{4}(CR^{5}R^{6})_{d}$ Ar,  $O(CR^5R^6)_d$ Ar,  $S(O)_f(CR^5R^6)_d$ Ar,  $(CR^5R^6)_d$ S $(O)_f$  $R^4$ ,  $NR^4$ ( $CR^5R^6$ )<sub>a</sub>S(O)<sub>B</sub>R<sup>4</sup>,  $O(CR^5R^6)$ <sub>a</sub>S(O)<sub>B</sub>R<sup>4</sup>, S(O)<sub>B</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S(O)<sub>E</sub>S  $(CR^5R^6)_dC(O)N(R^4)_2$ ,  $O(CR^5R^6)_dC(O)N(R^4)_2$ ,  $S(O)_f$  $(CR^5R^6)_eC(O)N(R^4)_2$ ,  $(CR^5R^6)_dOR^4$ ,  $S(O)_f(CR^5R^6)_dOR^4$ ,  $(CR^5R^6)_dOSO_2R^4$ ,  $S(O)(CR^5R^6)_eOSO_2R^4$ ,  $OR^4$ .  $(CR^5R^6)_dOSO_2R^4$ ,  $(CR^5R^6)_dP(O)(OR^4)_2$ ,  $S(O)(CR^5R^6)_eP(O)(OR^4)_2$ , 55  $OC(O)(\widetilde{CR}^5R^6)_dN(\widetilde{R}^4)_2$ ,  $C(O)(\widetilde{CR}^5R^6)_d\widetilde{N}(\widetilde{R}^4)_2$ , C(O) $N = S(O)R^5R^6$ ,  $NR^2C(O)(CR^5R^6)_dN(R^4)_2$ ,  $(CR^5R^6)_d$  $R^{5}$ ,  $S(O)_{d}(CR^{5}R^{6})_{d}R^{5}$ ,  $HNC(O)R^{4}$ ,  $HN-C(O)OR^{4}$  $(CR^5R^6)_dN(R^4)_2$ ,  $S(O)_f(CR^5R^6)_dN(R^4)_2$ ,  $OC(O)OR^4$ ,  $(CR^5R^6)_dC(O)(CR^5R^6)_dR^4$ ,  $(CR^5R^6)_dC(O)(CR^5R^6)_d$  $OR^4$ , and  $(CR^5R^6)_dC(O)(CR^5R^6)_dN(R^4)_2$ , wherein each R4 is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkyl, aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> hydroxyalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_8$  alkoxyalkyl,  $(CR^5R^6)_d$  and N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub> may form a 3-7 membered heterocyclic ring, 65 comprising of aziridine, azetidine, pyrrolidine, 5-fluoropyrrolidine, piperidine, 6-fluoropiperidine, N-meth18

ylpiperazine, morpholine, 2,6-dimethylmorpholine, thiomorpholine, and wherein said heterocyclic ring may be optionally substituted with up to three of R<sup>5</sup>; wherein R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, hydroxyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkyl, C1-C8 hydroxyalkyl, C1-C8 alkoxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, hydroxycarbonyl, hydroxycarbonylalkyl, amide, alkylamide, amidoalkyl, sulfonate and CR5R6 may represent a carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring of from 5 to 6 carbons or alternatively,  $(CR^5R^6)_A$  and  $(CR^5R^6)_B$  may form a 3-7 membered carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring, wherein the ring may be optionally substituted with up to three of hydroxyl, halo, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkoxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, hydroxycarbonyl, hydroxycarbonylalkyl, amide, alkylamide, amidoalkyl and sulfonate;

a is 0 or an integer of from 1 to 3;

d is 0 or an integer of from 1 to 5;

e is an integer of from 1 to 4;

f is 0 or an integer of from 1 to 2;

 $R^{II}$  is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkoxy, alkoxyalkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, alkyl, aryloxy, aryloxyalkyl, halo, haloalkoxy, haloalkyl, hydroxy, hydroxyalkoxy, hydroxyalkyl, (NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>)alkoxy, (NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>)alkenyl, (NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>)alkyl, (NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>)carbonylalkenyl, and (NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>) carbonylalkyl, wherein R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, 30 alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; alternatively R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> and may be taken together to form a 5-7 membered heterocyclic ring with N; b is 0 or an integer of from 1 to 2;

Y is selected from the group consisting of:

(1') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-O—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;

(2') — $(CH_2)g-NR^1$ — $(CH_2)h-;$ 

(3') —  $(CH_2)g-S(O)_n$ — $(CH_2)h-$ ; (4') —  $(CH_2)g-SO_2NR^2$ — $(CH_2)h-$ ;

(5') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>—<math>(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;

(6') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CO—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;

(7') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-C(O)NR<sup>2</sup>—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;

(8') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;

(9')  $-(CH_2)g-C=C-(CH_2)h-;$ 

(10') — $(CH_2)g-NR^2C(O)NR^3$ — $(CH_2)h-$ ;

(11') — $(CH_2)g$ - $(CH_2)h$ -

(12') — $(CH_2)g-CF_2$ — $(CH_2)h-$ ;

(13') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CCl<sub>2</sub>—<math>(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;

(14') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CHF—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;

(15') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CH(OH)—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;

(16') — $(CH_2)g-CR^2R^3$ — $(CH_2)h-$ ;

(17') — $(CH_2)g$ -C—C— $(CH_2)h$ -; and (18') a single bond.

g is 0 or an integer of from 1 to 3;

h is 0 or an integer of from 1 to 3;

R<sup>1</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkenyl, alkoxyalkyl, CF3, alkyl, alkylcaralkoxycarbonyl, aryl, heterocycloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, and alkyl(NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>), wherein R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; alternatively R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> and may be taken together to form a 5-7 membered heterocyclic ring with N; R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, haloalkylsulfo-

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nyl, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; alternatively R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> and may be taken together to form a 5-7 membered cyclic ring;

Ring A is selected from the group consisting of:

(i) Phenyl;

(ii) Naphthyl;

(iii) A 5 or 6 membered monocyclic heteroaryl group which have 1-5 heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of O, N and S;

and (iv) An 8 to 10 membered bicyclic heteroaryl group which have 1-6 heteroatoms independently selected from the  $_{20}$  group consisting of O, N and S;

Ring A can be illustrated but not limited to the following:

wherein

 $R^1$  is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkenyl, alkoxyalkyl,  $CF_3$ , alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, 55 alkoxycarbonyl, aryl, heterocycloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, and alkyl(NR $^2R^3$ ), wherein  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; alternatively  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  and  $^3$  may be taken together to form a 5-7 membered heterocyclic ring with N.

 $R^{H\!I}$  represents optionally 1-3 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_5$  linear or branched alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  linear or branched haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  65 alkoxy, hydroxy, amino,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkylamino, C1-C6 dialkylamino, halogen, cyano, and nitro;

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Z is selected from the group consisting of

 $(1') (CH_2)_i N(R^7) C(O) N(R^8) (CH_2)_i;$ 

(2')  $(CH_2)_i N(R^7) C(S) N(R^8) (CH_2)_i$ ;

(3')  $(CH_2)_i N(R^7) C(O)$ ;

(4') C(O)N(R<sup>8</sup>)(CH<sub>2</sub>);

(5')  $(CH_2)_i N(R^7) S(O)_2$ ;

and (6')  $S(O)_2N(R^8)(CH_2)_i$ ;

wherein

i is 0 or 1;

j is 0 or 1;

R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl;

Ring B is selected from the group consisting of:



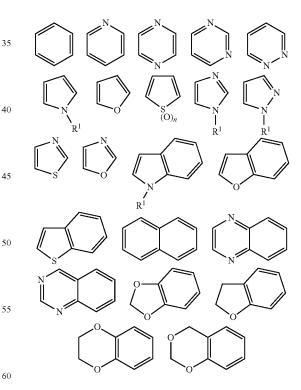
(i') Phenyl:

(ii') Naphthyl;

5 (iii') A 5 or 6 membered monocyclic heteroaryl group which have 1-3 heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of O, N and S;

and (iv') An 8 to 10 membered bicyclic heteroaryl group which have 1-3 heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of O, N and S;

Ring B can be illustrated but not limited to the following:



wherein

 $R^1$  is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkenyl, alkoxyalkyl,  $CF_3$ , alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryl, heterocycloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, and alkyl(NR $^2R^3$ ), wherein  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl,

alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; alternatively R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> and may be taken together to form a 5-7 membered heterocyclic ring with N;

R<sup>IV</sup> represents optionally 1-3 substituents, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkyl, aryloxy, arylalkyl, carboxy, cyano, halo, haloalkoxy, haloalkyl, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, nitro, and —NR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup>; wherein R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, heterocyclyl, and heterocyclylalkyl;

In another aspect of the invention, the compounds of the present invention can be represented by the general formula  $_{15}$ 

Formula II

$$R^{II}$$

$$N = S$$

$$R^{6}$$

wherein

W is C or N;

X is selected from the group consisting of  $NR^1$ , O, and  $S(O)_n$ ;

n is 0 or an integer of from 1 to 2;

 $R^1$  is independently selected from the group consisting of 40 hydrogen, alkenyl, alkoxyalkyl,  $CF_3$ , alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryl, heterocycloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, and alkyl( $NR^2R^3$ ), wherein  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; alternatively  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  and may be taken together to form a 5-7 membered heterocyclic ring with N;

 $R^{5}$  and  $R^{6}$  are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, hydroxyl,  $C_{1}\text{-}C_{8}$  alkyl,  $C_{1}\text{-}C_{8}$  50 hydroxyalkyl,  $C_{1}\text{-}C_{8}$  alkoxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, hydroxycarbonyl, hydroxycarbonylalkyl, amide, alkylamide, amidoalkyl, and sulfonate;

 $R^{\it II}$  is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkoxy, alkoxyalkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, alkyl, aryloxy, aryloxyalkyl, halo, haloalkoxy, haloalkyl, hydroxy, hydroxyalkoxy, hydroxyalkyl,  $(NR^2R^3)$ alkoxy,  $(NR^2R^3)$ alkenyl,  $(NR^2R^3)$ alkyl,  $(NR^2R^3)$ carbonylalkenyl, and  $(NR^2R^3)$  carbonylalkyl, wherein  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; alternatively  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  and may be taken together to form a 5-7 membered heterocyclic ring with N; b is 0 or an integer of from 1 to 2;

Y is selected from the group consisting of:

- (1') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-O—<math>(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;
- (2') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-NR<sup>1</sup>—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;

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(3') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-S(O)<sub>n</sub>—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;

(4') — $(CH_2)g$ - $SO_2NR^2$ — $(CH_2)h$ -;

(5') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-NR<sup>2</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>—<math>(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;

(6') — $(CH_2)g$ -CO— $(CH_2)h$ -;

(7') — $(CH_2)g$ - $C(O)NR^2$ — $(CH_2)h$ -;

(8') — $(CH_2)g-NR^2C(O)$ — $(CH_2)h-$ ;

(9') — $(CH_2)g$ -C=C— $(CH_2)h$ -;

(10') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-NR<sup>2</sup>C(O)NR<sup>3</sup>—<math>(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;

(11') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;

(12') — $(CH_2)g-CF_2$ — $(CH_2)h-$ ;

(13') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CCl<sub>2</sub>—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;

(14') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CHF—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;

(15') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g CH(OH)—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;

(16') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>—<math>(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;

(17') —(CH<sub>2</sub>)g-C=C—(CH<sub>2</sub>)h-;

and (18') a single bond;

#### wherein

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g is 0 or an integer of from 1 to 3;

h is 0 or an integer of from 1 to 3;

 $R^1$  is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkenyl, alkoxyalkyl,  $CF_3$ , alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryl, heterocycloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, and alkyl(NR^2R^3), wherein  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, and heterocyclysulfonyl; alternatively  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  and may be taken together to form a 5-7 membered heterocyclic ring with N;

R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; alternatively R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> and may be taken together to form a 5-7 membered cyclic ring;

Ring A is selected from the group consisting of:

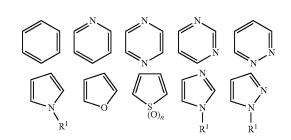


- (i) Phenyl;
- (ii) Naphthyl;

(iii) A 5 or 6 membered monocyclic heteroaryl group which have 1-5 heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of O, N and S;

and (iv) An 8 to 10 membered bicyclic heteroaryl group which have 1-6 heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of O, N and S;

Ring A can be illustrated but not limited to the following:



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wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkenyl, alkoxyalkyl, CF3, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryl, heterocycloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, and alkyl(NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>), wherein R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; alternatively R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> and may be taken 30 together to form a 5-7 membered heterocyclic ring with

 $R^{III}$  represents optionally 1-3 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> linear or branched alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> linear or branched haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> 35 alkoxy, hydroxy, amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkylamino, C1-C6 dialkylamino, halogen, cyano, and nitro;

Z is selected from the group consisting of

 $(1') (CH_2)_i N(R^7) C(O) N(R^8) (CH_2)_i;$  $(2') (CH_2)_i N(R^7) C(S) N(R^8) (CH_2)_i;$ 40 (3')  $(CH_2)_i N(R^7)C(O)$ ; (4') C(O)N(R<sup>8</sup>)(CH<sub>2</sub>);; (5') (CH<sub>2</sub>), N(R<sup>7</sup>)S(O)<sub>2</sub>;and (6')  $S(O)_2N(R^8)(CH_2)_i$ ; 45 wherein i is 0 or 1; j is 0 or 1;

R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl.

Ring B is selected from the group consisting of:



(i') Phenyl;

(ii') Naphthyl;

(iii') A 5 or 6 membered monocyclic heteroaryl group which have 1-3 heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of O, N and S;

and (iv') An 8 to 10 membered bicyclic heteroaryl group 65 which have 1-3 heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of O, N and S;

Ring B can be illustrated but not limited to the following:

wherein

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R<sup>1</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkenyl, alkoxyalkyl, CF<sub>3</sub>, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryl, heterocycloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, and alkyl(NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>), wherein R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; alternatively R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> and may be taken together to form a 5-7 membered heterocyclic ring with N;

R<sup>IV</sup> represents optionally 1-3 substituents, independently selected from the group consisting of alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkyl, aryloxy, arylalkyl, carboxy, cyano, halo, haloalkoxy, haloalkyl, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, nitro, and —NR9R10; wherein R9 and R<sup>10</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, heterocyclyl, and heterocyclylalkyl; and including any pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug.

Unless otherwise indicated, reference to a compound should be construed broadly to include compounds, pharmaceutically acceptable salts, prodrugs, tautomers, stereoisomers, diastereoisomers, alternate solid forms, crystal forms, polymorphic forms, hydrates, solvates, metabolites, mixtures of stereoisomers, mixtures of crystal forms, noncovalent complexes, and combinations thereof, of a chemical entity of a depicted structure or a chemical name. Whenever there is a conflict between chemical name and its structure drawing, the structure drawing should be used to interpret the compound of the present invention.

more protonated basic groups (e.g. amines), or both (e.g.

zwitterions).

A pharmaceutically acceptable salt is any salt of the parent compound that is suitable for administration to an animal or human. A pharmaceutically acceptable salt also refers to any salt which may form in vivo as a result of administration of an acid, another salt, or a prodrug which is converted into an acid or salt. A salt comprises one or more ionic forms of the compound, such as a conjugate acid or base, associated with one or more corresponding counterions. Salts can form from or incorporate one or more deprotonated acidic groups (e.g. carboxylic acids), one or

A "prodrug" is a compound, which when administered to 15 the body of a subject (such as a mammal), breaks down in the subject's metabolic pathway to provide an active compound of Formula I. More specifically, a prodrug is an active or inactive "masked" compound that is modified chemically through in vivo physiological action, such as hydrolysis, metabolism and the like, into a compound of this invention following administration of the prodrug to a subject or patient. One common form of a prodrug is a masked carboxylic acid group. Examples of a masked carboxylate 25 anion include a variety of esters, such as alkyl (for example, methyl, ethyl), cycloalkyl (for example, cyclohexyl), aralkyl (for example, benzyl, p-methoxybenzyl), and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl (for example, pivaloyloxymethyl). Amines have 30 been masked as arylcarbonyloxymethyl substituted derivatives which are cleaved by esterases in vivo releasing the free drug and formaldehyde (Bundgaard J. Med. Chem. 2503 (1989)). Also, drugs containing an acidic NH group, such as imidazole, imide, indole and the like, have been masked with N-acyloxymethyl groups (Bundgaard Design of Prodrugs, Elsevier (1985)). Hydroxy groups have been masked as esters and ethers. EP 039,051 (Sloan and Little, Apr. 11, 1981) discloses Mannich-base hydroxamic acid 40 prodrugs, their preparation and use. For example, conversion may occur by hydrolysis of an ester group or some other biologically labile group. Prodrug preparation is well known in the art. For example, "Prodrugs and Drug Delivery 45 Systems," which is a chapter in Richard B. Silverman, Organic Chemistry of Drug Design and Drug Action, 2d Ed., Elsevier Academic Press: Amsterdam, 2004, pp. 496-557, provides further detail on the subject.

Tautomers are isomers that are in rapid equilibrium with one another. For example, tautomers may be related by transfer of a proton, hydrogen atom, or hydride ion. Unless stereochemistry is explicitly and unambiguously depicted, a structure is intended to include every possible stereoisomer, 55 both pure or in any possible mixture.

Alternate solid forms are different solid forms than those that may result from practicing the procedures described herein. For example, alternate solid forms may be amorphous forms, crystal forms, polymorphs, and the mixtures thereof.

Non-covalent complexes are complexes that may form between the compound and one or more additional chemical species that do not involve a covalent bonding interaction between the compound and the additional chemical species. They may or may not have a specific ratio between the

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compound and the additional chemical species. Examples might include solvates, hydrates, charge transfer complexes, and the like.

# 2. USES, FORMULATION AND ADMINISTRATION

The present invention is also directed to the use of the compounds as protein tyrosine kinase modulators and inhibitors. These compounds can be used to treat diseases related to unregulated tyrosine kinase signal transduction, for example, various cancers, blood vessel proliferative disorders, fibrotic disorders, and neurodegenerative diseases. In particular, compounds of the present invention are useful for the treatment and/or prevention of colorectal cancer, lung cancer, hematological cancer, renal cancer, liver cancer, breast cancer, diabetic retinopathy, macular degeneration, age-related macular degeneration, retinopathy of prematurity, ocular angiogenesis, retinal edema, retinal ischemia, diabetic macular edema, cystoid macular edema, retinal vein occlusion, branch vein occlusion, preretinal neovascularization, laser-induced choroidal neovascularization, neovascularization associated with keratoplasty, glaucoma and ocular tumors, arthritis, restenosis, hepatic cirrhosis, atherosclerosis, psoriasis, diabetes mellitus, wound healing, transplant rejection, inflammation, neurodegenerative diseases and immune disorders in the human being.

For the purposes of this disclosure, "treat," "treating," or "treatment" refer to the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease or other undesirable condition.

The present invention is also directed to the preparation of a medicament for the treatment and prevention of diseases and conditions related with abnormal activities of tyrosine kinase receptors. The medicament contains a pharmaceutical acceptable composition, which comprises the therapeutic effective amount of the compounds of present invention, together with a pharmaceutical acceptable carrier.

The pharmaceutical acceptable compositions contain therapeutic effective amount of the compounds of the present invention. These compositions can be used as a medicament and administered to a mammal, such as a person, in need thereof. Different types of suitable dosage forms and medicaments are well known in the art, and can be readily adapted for delivery of the compounds of the present invention, such as, but not limited to, systematic, parenteral, local and topical delivery. The dosage forms can be tablets, capsules, intravenous injections, intramuscular injections, local injections, topical creams, gels and ointments, eye drops, ophthalmic solutions, ophthalmic suspensions, ophthalmic emulsions, intravitreal injections, subtenon injections, ophthalmic biodrodible implant, and non-bioeordible ophthalmic inserts or depots, nasal sprays and ointment, various rectal or vaginal preparations.

### 3. EXAMPLES

Some of the compounds of the present invention are listed in Table I.

TABLE 1

Exemplified Compounds of the Present Invention			
Example # Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name	
1 F F F CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> OH	506	[({5-[4-(2-fluoro-5-{([2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}phenoxy) pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrol-3-yl}carbonyl) amino]acetic acid	
F F F CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	520	methyl[({5-[4-(2-fluoro-5- {[(2-fluro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H- pyrrol-3-yl}carbonyl)amino]acetate	
3 O CH <sub>3</sub> N H O O OH	460	({[5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino]phenoxy} pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrol-3-yl]carbonyl}amino)acetic acid	
4 O CH <sub>3</sub> N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	474	methyl({[5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino]phenoxy} pyrdin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrol-3-yl] carbonyl}amino)acetate	

Exemplified Compounds of the Present Invention			
Example # Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name	
5 O CH <sub>3</sub> N O OH	402	5-[4-({3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] pheny}amino)pyridin-2-yl]- 1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid	
$_{N}$	416	methyl 5-[4-({3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl) amino]phenyl}amino]pyridin-2-yl]- 1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate	
7 F H H N CH <sub>3</sub>	464	5-[4-(2-fluoro-5-{[(2-fluoro-5-methylpheny)amino]carbonyl} phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-N-hydroxy-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide	
8 F H H N CH <sub>3</sub>	533	4-fluoro-N-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)- 3-[(2-{4-[(3-hydroxypiperidin-l-yl) carbonyl]-1H-pyrrol-2-yl}pyridin- 4-yl)oxy]benzamide	

Exemplified Compounds of the Present Invention			
Example #	Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name
9	$\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$	505	N-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)-5-[4- (3-{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}phenoxy) pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3- carboxamide
10	H N O CH <sub>3</sub>	501	N-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-3-[(2- {4-[(3-hydroxypyrrolidin-l-yl) carbonyl]-1H-pyrrol-2-yl} pyridin-4-y}oxy]benzamide
11	$\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$	446	5-[4-(3-{[(2-fluoro-5-methylpheny)]amino]carbonyl} phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-N-hydroxy- 1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide
12	F H N CH <sub>3</sub>	463	methyl 5-[4-(2-fluoro-5- {[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl]phenoxy) pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole- 3-carboxylate

Exemplified Compounds of t		
Example # Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name
13 F F F OH CH <sub>3</sub>	449	5-[4-(2-fluoro-5- {[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl]phenoxy) pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole- 3-carboxylic acid
14 $O$ $CH_3$ $O$ $CH_3$ $O$ $O$ $CH_3$ $O$	430	N-ethyl-5-(4-{3- [(3-methyl-2-furoyl) amino]phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)- 1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide
15 O CH <sub>3</sub> N H O OH  N HO OH	476	N-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)-5- (4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl) amino]phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)- 1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide
16 $N_{H}$ $N_{H_2}$	402	5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl) amino]phenoxy} pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole- 3-carboxamide
17 $O$ $CH_3$ $O$ $CH_3$ $O$	418	N-hydroxy-5-(4-{3- [(3-methyl-2-furoyl) amino]phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)- 1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

Exemplified Compounds of the Present Invention			
Example # Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name	
Chiral  O  N  N  N  N  N  N  N  N  N  N  N  N	472	N-(3-{[2-(4-{[(3R)-3-hydroxypyrrolidin-1-yl]carbonyl}-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl]oxy}phenyl)-3-methyl-2-furamide	
19 $H$ $H$ $CH_3$ $OH$	431	5-[4-(3-{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]- 1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid	
20 $H$ $H$ $CH_3$ $CH_3$	445	methyl 5-[4-(3-{[(2-fluoro- 5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl} phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H- pyrrole-3-carboxylate	
21 O CH <sub>3</sub> N H O OH	477	2,3-dihydroxypropyl 5-(4- {3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl) amino]phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)- 1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate	

Exemplified Compounds of the Present Invention				
Example # Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name		
22 CH <sub>3</sub> OH	413	5-[4-(3-{[(3-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}phenoxy) pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole- 3-carboxylic acid		
23 $ \begin{array}{c} H \\ N \\ CH_3 \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} CH_3 \\ O \\ CH_3 \end{array} $	427	methyl 5-[4-(3-{[(3-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}phenoxy) pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole- 3-carboxylate		
24  O  CH <sub>3</sub> N  N  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O	464	2-hydroxyethyl 5-[4-(3- {[(3-methyl-2-thienyl) carbonyl]amino}phenoxy) pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole- 3-carboxylate		
25 O CH <sub>3</sub> N O OH	447	2-hydroxyethyl 5-(4-{3- [(3-methyl-2-furoyl) amino]phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)- 1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate		
26  O  N  H  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O	419	5-[4-(3-{[(3-methyl-2-thienyl) carbonyl]amino} phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H- pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid		

TABLE 1-continued				
Exemplified Compounds of the Present Invention				
Example # Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name		
27 O CH <sub>3</sub> N O CH <sub>3</sub> O CH <sub>3</sub>	433	methyl 5-[4-(3-{[(3-methyl-2-thienyl) carbonyl]amino}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]- 1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	421	5-(4-{4-fluoro-3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl) amino]phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H- pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid		
F O $CH_3$ N O $CH_3$ O $CH_3$	435	methyl 5-(4-{4-fluoro-3- [(3-methyl-2-furoyl) amino]phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)- 1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate		
30 $CH_3$ $N = S$ $CH_3$ $CH_3$	479	N-[dimethyl(oxido)- lambda-4sulfanylidene]- 5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl) amino]phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H- pyrrole-3-carboxamide		

TABLE 1-continued					
Exemplified Compounds of the Present Invention					
Example # Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name			
Chiral  O  N  N  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O	472	N-(3-{[2-(4-{[(3S)-3-hydroxypyrrolidin-1-y] carbonyl}-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl]oxy} phenyl)-3-methyl-2-furamide			
32 O N N H O OH	403	5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)- 1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid			
OCH3 ONH ONH ONH ONH	417	methyl 5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl) amino]phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)- 1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate			

Exemplified Compounds of the Present Invention				
Example # Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name		
34 O CH <sub>3</sub> O NH O NH	359	3-methyl-N-(3-{[2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl) pyridin-4-yl]oxy}phenyl)-2-furamide		
$H_3C$ $NH$	417	methyl 4-(4-{3-{[(3-methyl-2-furoyl) amino]phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)- 1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate		
36 $\begin{array}{c} CH_3 \\ H \\ O \\ F \end{array}$	387	2-fluoro-5-methyl-N-(4-{[2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl) pyridin-4-yl]oxy}phenyl)benzamide		

Exemplified Compounds of the Present Invention				
Example # Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name		
H <sub>3</sub> C H N	359	3-methyl-N-(4-{[2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl) pyridin-4-yl]oxy}phenyl)-2-furamide		
38  H  H  H  CH3	573	5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}- N-(3-morpholin-4-ylpropyl)-1H-pyrrole-3- carboxamide		
F H H H CH3	479	5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino]phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}- N-hydroxy-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide		
40 $\begin{array}{c} H \\ N \\ O \\ \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} H \\ N \\ \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} H \\ N \\ \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} CH_3 \\ \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} O \\ N \\ \end{array}$	521	{[(4-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}- 2-thienyl)carbonyl]amino}acetic acid		

Exemplified Compounds of	of the Present	Invention
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Example

# Chemical Sructure

MW

Chemical Name

41

 $\begin{array}{ll} 535 & methyl \; \{[(4-\{4-[4-(\{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) \\ amino]carbonyl\}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl\}-\\ & 2-thienyl)carbonyl]amino\}acetate \end{array}$ 

42

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & H & H & F \\ \hline & N & N & CH_3 \\ \hline & O & CH_3 \\ \end{array}$$

478

methyl 4-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl} amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl} thiophene-2-carboxylate

43

603

(4S)-5-(ethylamino)-4-{[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy] pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl] amino}-5-oxopentanoic acid

Example
# Chemical Structure

MW

44

F
H
Chiral

Chiral

CH3

 $CH_3$ 

tert-butyl (4S)-5-(ethylamino)4-{[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl]amino)phenoxy] pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl] amino}-5-oxopentanoate

Chemical Name

45 F H H Chiral 
$$CH_3$$
  $CH_3$   $CH_3$   $H_3C$   $CH_3$ 

(2S)-5-tert-butoxy-2-{[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl} amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl})-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}-5oxopentanoic acid

632

Exemplified	Compounds	of the	Present	Invention

Exemplified Compounds of the Free	sent nivention	
Example # Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name
46 $\begin{array}{c} F \\ H \\ N \\ \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} CH_3 \\ \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} CH_3 \\ \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} CH_3 \\ \end{array}$	646	5-tert-butyl 1-methyl 2-{[(5-{4- [3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}- 1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino} pentanedioate
47 $F$ $H$ $CH_3$ $O$ $HO$ $HO$	664	bis(2-hydroxyethyl)-2-{[(5-{4- [3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy] pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl] amino}pentanedioate
48 $ \begin{array}{c} F \\ H \\ N \\ N \\ H \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} H \\ N \\ H \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} CH_3 \\ OH \end{array} $	518	3-{[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methyphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy] pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl} amino}propanoic acid

Exemplified Compounds of the Present Invention					
Example # Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name			
49  F  H  CH3  CH3  O  HO  O  HO  O  HO  O  HO  O  HO  O	576	2-{[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin- 2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl) carbonyl]amino}pentanedioic acid			
THE	615	methyl 1-(3-{[(5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]} carbonyl}amino]phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl] amino}propyl)pyrrolidine-2-carboxylate			
Chiral  Chiral  Chiral	573	5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino) phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-N-{2-[(3S)-3-hydorxypyrrolidin-1-yl]-2-oxoethyl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide			

Exemplified	Compounds	of the	Present	Invention

Example # Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name
52 $H$ $N$	-ОН	N-{4-[(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)
53 $H$ $N$	615	5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy] pyridin-2-yl}-N-[4-(3-hydroxypiperidin-1-yl)-4- oxobutyl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide
54 $ \begin{array}{c} H \\ N \\ N$	-ОН	N-{4-[(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)amino]- 4-oxobutyl}-5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5- methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino) phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3- carboxamide

Exemplified Compounds of the Present Invention					
Example	Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name		
55	H H N H CH3  CH3  NH2	531	N-(4-amino-4-oxobutyl)-5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-:methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxypyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide		
56	$\begin{array}{c} H \\ N \\$	577	N-{2-[(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl}-5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]earbonyl} amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide		
57	H H H F CH <sub>3</sub>	664	5-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)1-methyl 2- {[(5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5- methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino) phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}- 1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino} pentanedioate		

Exemplified Compounds of the Present Invention			
Example # Cl	hemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name
58	OH OH	724	bis(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)2-{[(5-{4-[4- ({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphen]),lamino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy] pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl] amino}pentanedioate
59	HO CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> N HO  O  O  O  CH <sub>3</sub> HO	590	4-{[(5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}-5-methoxy-5-oxopentanoic acid
60	H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	559	N-[4-(ethylamino)-4-oxobutyl]-5- {4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}- 1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

Exemplified	Compounds	of the	Present	Invention

Exemplified Compounds of the Fresc		
Example # Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name
61  H H H CH3  CH3  N H H O N H H O N H H O N H	601	5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino) phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-N-[4-(3- hydroxypyrrolidin-1-yl)-4-oxobutyl]-1H- pyrrole-3-carboxamide
$\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$	547	5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin- 2-yl}-N-[4-(hydroxyamino)- 4-oxobutyl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide
$\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$	576	2-{[(5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino} pentanedioic acid

Exemplified Compounds of the Present Invention				
Example # Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name		
$H$ $H$ $H$ $CH_3$ $CH_3$ $H$	604	dimethyl 2-{[(5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino} pentanedioate		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	562	1-[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4- ({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy] pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl] pyrrolidine-3-carboxylic acid		
F H H F CH <sub>3</sub>	550	4-{[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}butanoic acid		

	Exemplified Compounds of the P	resent Invention	1
Example #	Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name
67	F H H H CH3	578	ethyl 4-{[5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[2-fluoro-5-methyphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}- 1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}butanote
68	F H H H CH3	532	4-{[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}butanoic acid
69	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	536	3-{[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}- 1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}propanoic acid
70	F H H H CH <sub>3</sub>	474	N-ethyl-5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin- 2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-earboxamide

Exemplified Compounds of the Present Invention	Exemplified	Compounds	of the	Present	Inventior
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	Exemplified Compounds of	of the Present Invention	
Example	Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name
71	F H H H H O O	503	{[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}acetic acid

methyl {[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methylphenyl) amino]earbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino} acetate 518

 $\begin{array}{l} 1\text{-}(2\text{-fluoro-4-}\{[2\text{-}(4\text{-}\{[(3R)\text{-}3\text{-}hydroxypyrrolidin-1-yl]carbonyl}\}\text{-}1H\text{-}pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl]}\\ oxy\}phenyl))\text{-}3\text{-}(3\text{-}methylphenyl)urea \end{array}$ 516

Exemplified Compounds of the Present Invention

Exampl			
#	Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name
74	$\begin{array}{c} F \\ H \\ N \\ O \\ \end{array}$	530	1-{2-fluoro-4-(2-{4-[(3-hydroxypiperidin-1yl)carbonyl]-1H-2-yl}pyridin-4-yl)oxy]phenyl} 3-(3-methylphenyl)urea
75	F H H H CH <sub>3</sub>	446	5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}- 1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid
76	F H H H CH3	460	methyl 5-{4-[3-fluoro({[(3- methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}- 1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate
77	$\begin{array}{c} & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & &$	622	5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-N-(2-{2-[2-(2-hydroxyethoxy) ethoxy]ethoxy}ethyl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

		Exemplified	Compounds	of the	Present	Invention
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Example #	Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name
78	H H H CH3  O CH3  O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	532	4-{[(5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy] pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl] amino}butanoic acid

79 
$$\begin{array}{c} H \\ N \\ N \\ N \\ N \\ M \end{array}$$
 
$$\begin{array}{c} H \\ N \\ N \\ M \\ N \\ M \end{array}$$
 
$$\begin{array}{c} F \\ CH_3 \\ CH_4 \\ CH_5 \\ CH_5$$

660 ethyl 4-{[(5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}butanoate

463 5-(4-{[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenyl]thio} pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid

IABLE 1-co.	ntinuea	
Exemplified Compounds of	the Present Invention	
Example # Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name
81 $H$ $H$ $H$ $H$ $CH_3$ $O$ $O$ $O$ $H$	518	3-{[(5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}propanoic acid
$\begin{array}{c} H \\ H \\ N \\ \end{array}$	576	4-{S-methyl-N-[(5-{4-[4-({[(3-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy] pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl] sulfonimidoyl}butanoic acid

544 1-[(5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]pyrrolidine-3carboxylic acid

IABL	E 1-continued	
Exemplified Compo	ounds of the Present Invention	
Example # Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name
84  H  O  CH <sub>3</sub> N  H  N  H  H  H  O  HO  HO	503	{[(5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}- 1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}acetic acid
85  H N H CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	518	methyl {[(5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino carbonyl}amino phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}acetate
86 F H H	594	1-[(5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-

1-[(5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]piperidine-4-sulfonic acid

Exemplified Compounds of the Present Invention			
Example			
# Chemical Sructure  87  H N CH3	590	Chemical Name  methyl 4-{S-methyl-N-[(5-{4-[4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino]earbonyl} amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}- 1H-pyrrol-3-yl-)carbonyl]sulfonimidoyl} butanoate	
N=SCH <sub>3</sub>			
$\begin{array}{c} & & & \\ & &$	477	methyl 5-(4-{[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenyl]thio} pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate	
89 H O CH <sub>3</sub>	441	N-methyl-5-{4-[4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}- 1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide	
90 $\frac{H}{N}$ $\frac{H}{N}$ $\frac{H}{N}$	512	1-{4-[(2-{4-[(3-hydroxypiperidin-1-yl)carbonyl}- 1H-pyrrol-2-yl}pyridin-4-yl)oxy]	
		phenyl}-3-(3-methylphenyl)urea	

IABLE 1-continued			
Exemplified Compounds of the Present Invention			
Example # Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name	
91  H H N CH3	498	1-{4-[(2-{4-[(3-hydroxypyrrolidin-1-yl) carbonyl]-1H-pyrrol-2-yl}pyridin-4-yl)oxy] phenyl}-3-(3-methylphenyl)urea	
92 $H$	502	N-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)-5-{4-[4- ({[(3-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}- 1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide	
93 $\begin{array}{c} H \\ H \\ CH_3 \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} CH_3 \\ CH_3 \end{array}$	456	N-ethyl-5-{4-[4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}- 1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide	
94  CH <sub>3</sub>	427	5-{4-[4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy] pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide	

	Exemplified Compounds of the Present Invention			
Example	Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name	
95	H H H CH <sub>3</sub>	443	N-hydroxy-5-{4-[4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin- 2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide	
96	F H H F CH <sub>3</sub>	464	5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin- 2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid	
97	N N N N N CH3	CH <sub>3</sub> 504	N-[dimethyl(oxido)-lambda~4~-sulfanylidene]- 5-{4-[4-{{[(3-methylphenyl)} amino]carbonyl}amino) phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole- 3-carboxamide	
98	H OH	F F F CI	2-hydroxyethyl 5-(4-{4-[({[4-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino}carbonyl) amino]phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate	

Exemplified Com-	ounds of	the Present	Invention
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	Exemplified Compounds of the	resent invention	
Example #	Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name
99	$\begin{array}{c} H \\ H \\ N \\ \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} H \\ N \\ \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} H \\ N \\ \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} G \\ CH_3 \\ \end{array}$	592	5-(4-{4-[({[4-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl]amino}carbonyl) amino]phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)- N-[dimethyl(oxido)-lambda~4~-sulfanylidene]- 1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

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 $\label{eq:methyl-4-N-[(5-{4-[4-(\{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)]amino]earbonyl]amino) phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl) carbonyl]-S-methylsulfonimidoyl}butanoate$ 

101 
$$\begin{array}{c} H \\ N \\ N \\ N \end{array}$$

522 N-[dimethyl(oxido)-lambda~
4~-sulfanylidene]-5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)
phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3carboxamide

05 7,475,001	D2	0.4
85 TABLE 1-continue	ed	86
Exemplified Compounds of the Pre		
Example # Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name
102 $H$ $CH_3$ $N$ $N$ $N$ $N$ $N$ $N$ $N$	601	methyl (2S)-1-(2-{[(5-{4-[4-(4-(4-(4-(4-(4-(4-(4-(4-(4-(4-(4-(4-(4
103 $ \begin{array}{c} H \\ N \\ CH_3 \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} CH_3 \end{array} $	502	N,N-diethyl-5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy] pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} 529 & 1-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-3-\\ & \{4-[(2-\{4-[(4-methypiperazin-1-yl)$ carbonyl]-1H-pyrrol-2-yl\}pyridin-4-yl) \\ & oxy]phenyl\}urea \end{tabular}$ 

Exemplified Compounds of the Present Invention			
Example # Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name	
105  H H N CH <sub>3</sub> N H N N H N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	543	5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl]amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}- N-(2-pyrrolidin-1-ylethyl)- 1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide	
106  H N CH3	471	1-[4-({2-[4-(aziridin-1-ylcarbonyl)-1H-pyrrol-2-yl]pyridin-4-yl]oxy) phenyl]-3-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)urea	
107 $\begin{array}{c} H \\ N \\$	445	5-{4-[4-({[(2-fuoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]} carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide	
108 $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	461	5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino) phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}- N-hydroxy-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide	

Exemplified Compounds of the Present Invention			
TO9  H N N CH3	486	1-[4-({2-[4-(azetidin-1-ylcarbonyl)- 1H-pyrrol-2-yl]pyridin-4-yl}oxy)phenyl]-3- (2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)urea	

 $\begin{array}{ccc} 504 & 5-\{4-[4-(\{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)\\ amino]carbonyl\}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl\}-N-\\ & (3-hydroxypropyl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide \end{array}$ 

549 2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl 5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino) phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

	Exemplified Compounds of the Present Invention			
Example #	Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name	
112	H H H CH3	474	N-ethyl-5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl} amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}- 1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide	
113	CH <sub>3</sub>	505	2-methoxyethyl 5-{4-[4- ({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin- 2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate	
114	NH O CH <sub>3</sub>	504	5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino) phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-N-(2-methoxyethyl)- 1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide	
115	N N N N N CH <sub>3</sub>	428	5-{4-[4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl} amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}- 1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid	

Exemplified Compounds of the Present Invention			
Example # Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name	
The Chemical Studies  The Chemical Studies	442	methyl 5-{4-[4-({[(3-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate	
From $H$	464	5-{4-[2-fluoro-4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl} amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid	
From $H$ $H$ $H$ $H$ $C$ $C$ $H_3$ $C$ $H_3$ $C$ $H_4$ $C$ $H_3$ $C$ $H_4$ $C$ $H_5$	478	methyl 5-{4-[2-fluoro-4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)} amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}1Hpyrrole-3-carboxylate	
119 $ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	500	5-(4-{4-[({[4-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl]amino}carbonyl)amino]phenoxy} pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid	

Exemplified Compounds of the Present Invention			
Example # Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name	
The second secon	514	methyl 5-(4-{4-[({[4-fluoro- 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] amino}carbonyl)amino]phenoxy} pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate	
121 $\stackrel{H}{\longrightarrow} \stackrel{H}{\longrightarrow} \stackrel{H}{\longrightarrow} \stackrel{F}{\longrightarrow} $	517	5-(4-{4-[({[4-chloro-3- (trifluoromethyl)phenyl] amino}carbonyl)amino]phenoxy}pyridin- 2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid	
122 $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	531	methyl 5-(4-{4-[({[4-chloro-3- (trifluoromethyl)phenyl] amino}carbonyl)amino]phenoxy}pyridin- 2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate	
123 $H$ $H$ $H$ $H$ $CH_3$ $CH_3$	463	4-{4-[4-({[((2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy] pyridin-2-yl}thiophene-2-carboxylic acid	

Exemplified	Compounds	of the	Present	Invention

	Exemplified Compounds	of the Present Invention	
Example	Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name
124	H N N CH <sub>3</sub>	490	2-hydroxyethyl 4-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate
125	$\begin{array}{c} H \\ H \\ N \\ \end{array}$	572	{I-[(5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino)carbonyl]amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]piperidin-4-yl}acetic acid
126	$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \end{array}$	586	methyl {I-[(5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)} phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}- 1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]piperidin- 4-yl}acetate

Exemplified Compounds of	of the Present Invention	
Example # Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name
127 $ \begin{array}{c} H \\ N \\ N \\ H \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} H \\ N \\ N \\ H \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} H \\ N \\ N \\ H \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} H \\ H \\ H \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} H \\ H \\ H $ $ \begin{array}{c} H \\ H \\ H \\ H \\ H \\ H $ $ \begin{array}{c} H \\ H \\$	520	N-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)-5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide
128 $H$ $H$ $H$ $CH_3$ $CH_3$ $H$	490	5-{4-{4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl} amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide
129  H  H  CH <sub>3</sub>	530	1-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)- 3-{4-[(2-{4-[(4-hydroxypiperidin- l-yl)earbonyl]-1H-pyrrol-2-yl}pyridin- 4-yl)oxy]phenyl}urea

	Exemplified Compounds of	the Present Invention	
Example # Chemical Sructure		MW	Chemical Name
130 O N N H	H H H CH3	521	2,3-dihydroxypropyl 5-{4-[4- ({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}- 1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate
131	H H F CH <sub>3</sub>	490	2-hydroxyethyl 5-{4-[4- ({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl)amino]phenoxy] pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate
132	Chiral F Chiral Chiral	516	1-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-3-(4-{[2- (4-{[(3R)-3-hydroxypyrrolidin-1-yl] carbonyl}-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl] oxy}phenyl)urea

Dramatical	Cammanada	a £ +h a	Duagant	Investion
Exemplified	Compounds	or me	rresem	mvenuon

Example #	Chemical Sructure		MW	Chemical Name
133	H H H F CH <sub>3</sub>	Chiral	516	1-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-3- (4-{[2-(4-{[(3S)-3-hydroxypyrrolidin-1-yl]carbonyl}-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl]oxy}phenyl)urea

135 
$$H \to H \to F$$
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 

methyl 5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

460

TABLE I	-continued	
Exemplified Compound	s of the Present Invention	
Example # Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name
$H_3C$ NH  O  NH  O  O  NH  O  CH <sub>3</sub>	460	methyl 4-{4-[3-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl} amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl} 1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate

522 N-[dimethyl(oxido)-lambda-4~-sulfanylidene]-4-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino) phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-2carboxamide

138 
$$H$$
 $N$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $N$ 
 $H_{3C}$ 

474 4-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-N,N-dimethyl-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxamide

TABLE 1-continued

Exemplified Compounds of the Present Invention				
Example		OL LIV		
# Chemical Sructure  139  H N H N CH3	MW 459	Chemical Name  4-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}- N-methyl-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxamide		
140 $H_2N$ $H_3C$ $CH_3$ $H_3C$ $CH_3$	576	1-tert-butyl 2-methyl 4-{6-amino-4-[4- ({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino) phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole- 1,2-dicarboxylate		
$\begin{array}{c c} & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & &$	417	1-(4-{[2-amino-6-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl) pyridin-4-yl]oxy}phenyl)-3-(2-fluoro- 5-methylphenyl)urea		
142 $H$ $H$ $H$ $H$ $CH_3$ $CH_3$	446	4-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5- methylphenyl)amino] acid carbonyl}amino)phenoxy] pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-2- carboxylic acid		

		-continued	
	Exemplified Compounds	of the Present Invention	
Example # Chemical Sructure		MW	Chemical Name
143  What is a second s	CH <sub>3</sub>	460	methyl 4-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy] pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate
144	H F CH <sub>3</sub>	402	1-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-3-(4- {[2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl) pyridin-4-yl]oxy}phenyl)urea
145		354	1-phenyl-3-{4-[6-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl) pyridin-3-yl]pheny}urea
146 F	$_{\mathrm{CH_{3}}}$	386	1-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)- 3-{3-[2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl] phenyl}urea

	TABLE 1-	-continued	
	Exemplified Compounds	of the Present Invention	
Example #	Chemical Sructure	MW	Chemical Name
147	HN CH <sub>3</sub>	386	1-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-3- {4-[2-(1H-pyrrol-3-yl)pyridin-4-yl] phenyl}urea
148	H CH <sub>3</sub>	386	1-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)- 3-{4-[2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl]pheny urea

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### 3.1 Compound Synthesis and Characterization

Preparation of methyl 5-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

To a mixture of methyl-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (5.0 g, 39.9 mmol), bis(pinacolato)diboron (5.37 g, 21.1 mmol), 4,4'-di-tert-butyl-2,2'-bipyridine (0.054 g, 0.20 mmol) and [Ir(OMe)(COD)]<sub>2</sub> (0.067 g, 0.099 mmol) was added cyclohexane (60 mL). The mixture stirred at 90° C. for 5 hours. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and filtered, washing with ample amounts of water and twice with hexanes. The light orange solid was collected and dried in a vacuum oven at 55° C. to afford methyl 5-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (6.99 g, 70% yield).

Preparation of 3-(2-Bromo-pyridin-4-yloxy)-benzoic acid

A mixture of 2-bromo-4-chloro-pyridine (200 mg, 1.04 mmol), methyl-3-hydroxybenzoate (158 mg, 1.04 mmol), cesium carbonate (507 mg, 1.56 mmol) in 10 ml of anhydrous DMSO was heated at 66° C. for 5 hours. The mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (100 ml), washed with brine (3×50 ml), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated to give a colorless oil. The oil was dissolved in MeOH (8 ml), and 2M NaOH solution (4 ml, 8 mmol) was added. The mixture was heated at 60° C. for 20 minutes, poured into 50 ml of water, and acidified to pH=4. The precipitates were filtered, washed with water and dried in vacuo to give 3-(2-bromo-pyridin4-yloxy)-benzoic acid as white solid. Yield: 170 mg, 56%.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 13.24 (br. s., 1H), 8.27 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.87 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.58-7.68 (m, 2H), 7.45-7.52 (m, 1H), 7.19 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (dd, J=5.7, 2.2 Hz, 1H)

LR MS (ES-): 292 (M-H), 294

Preparation of 3-(2-Bromo-pyridin-4-yloxy)-N-m-tolyl-benzamide

$$\bigcup_{N \in \operatorname{Br}}^{N} \bigcup_{10}^{10}$$

A mixture of 3-(2-bromo-pyridin-4-yloxy)-benzoic acid (170 mg, 0.58 mmol), HATU (265 mg, 0.69 mmol),) <sup>20</sup> m-toluidine (93 mg, 0.87 mmol) and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (164 mg, 1.28 mmol) in anhydrous DMF (10 ml) was stirred at room temperature for 20 minutes. The mixture was poured into 100 ml of water. The precipitates were filtered, 25 washed with water and dried in vacuo to give 3-(2-Bromo-pyridin-4-yloxy)-N-m-tolyl-benzamide as off-white solid. Yield: 150 mg, 68%.

 $^{1}H$  NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$ : 10.18 (s, 1H), 8.29 (d, J=5.9 Hz,  $_{30}$  1H), 7.91 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (s, 1H), 7.65 (t, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.50-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.45 (dd, J=7.9, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.16-7.25 (m, 2H), 7.02 (dd, J=5.7, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.29 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 405 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>), 407 LR MS (ES-): 381 (M-H), 383

Preparation of 3-(2-Bromo-pyridin-4-yloxy)-N-(2-fluoro-5-methyl-phenyl)-benzamide

A mixture of 3-(2-bromo-pyridin-4-yloxy)-benzoic acid (200 mg, 0.68 mmol), HATU (312 mg, 0.82 mmol), 2-fluoro-5-methylaniline (125 mg, 1.0 mmol) and N,N- 60 diisopropylethylamine (193 mg, 1.5 mmol) in anhydrous DMF (10 ml) was stirred at 60° C. for 90 minutes. The mixture was poured into 100 ml of water. The precipitates were filtered, washed with water and dried in vacuo to give 3-(2-bromo-pyridin-4-yloxy)-N-(2-fluoro-5-methyl-phenyl)-benzamide as off-white solid. Yield: 200 mg, 74%.

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Example 1

[({5-[4-(2-fluoro-5-{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrol-3-yl}carbonyl)amino]acetic acid

To a stirred solution of methyl [({5-[4-(2-fluoro-5-{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrol-3-yl}carbonyl)amino]acetate (110 mg, 0.21 mmol) in a mixture of solvents THF/MeOH (5 ml/5 ml) was added 1M NaOH solution (1 ml, 1 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour, and poured into 100 ml of water. 2M HCl was added until pH=4. The precipitates were filtered, washed with water and dried in vacuo to give [({5-[4-(2-fluoro-5-{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrol-3-yl}carbonyl) amino] acetic acid as white solid. Yield: 100 mg, 93%.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 12.41 (br. s., 1H), 11.87 (br. s., 35 1H), 10.12 (s, 1H), 8.42 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.19 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.95-8.04 (m, 2H), 7.63 (dd, J=10.1, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (dd, J=3.1, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (dd, J=7.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.09-7.18 (m, 2H), 7.04 (td, J=5.3, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (dd, J=5.9, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 40 2.27 (s. 3H)

LR MS (ES-): 505 (M-H)

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#### Example 2

methyl [({5-[4-(2-fluoro-5-{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphe-nyl)amino]carbonyl}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyr-rol-3-yl}carbonyl)amino]acetate

Similar procedure as Example 1.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 11.95 (br. s., 1H), 10.12 (s, 1H), 8.44 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 8.33 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.97-8.03 (m,

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2H), 7.61-7.67 (m, 1H), 7.45 (br. s., 1H), 7.33-7.37 (m, 1H), 7.30 (s, 1H), 7.18 (br. s., 1H), 7.14 (dd, J=10.3, 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.02-7.08 (m, 1H), 6.86 (br. s., 1H), 3.91 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 2.27 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 521 (MH), 543 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 519 (M-H)

Preparation of 4-(3-Aminophenoxy)-2-chloropyridine

To a mixture of 3-aminophenol (3.7 g, 34.09 mmol) in DMSO (50 mL) was added Cs2CO3 (30.7 g, 94.46 mmol). <sup>25</sup> The mixture stirred for 10 minutes and then 2,4-dichloropyridine (5.0 g, 33.79 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred at 120° C. for 1.5 h. The mixture was cooled and diluted with water. The aqueous solution was extracted with EtOAc (3×100 mL). The organic extracts were combined, <sup>30</sup> dried over MgSO4 and concentrated to afford a dark oil. The oil was purified via column chromatography, eluting with 30-40% EtOAc/hexanes, to afford 4-(3-Aminophenoxy)-2-chloropyridine (6.63 g, 89%) as a brown solid.

Preparation of methyl 5-[4-(3-aminophenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

A mixture of 4-(3-aminophenoxy)-2-chloropyridine (4.0 g, 18.13 mmol), methyl-(5-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxa-55 borolan-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (6.82 g, 27.16 mmol) and Pd(PPh3)<sub>4</sub> (4.20 g, 3.63 mmol) was added to a thick walled reaction vessel and purged with N2. A solution of 2M K2CO3 (13.59 mL) was added, followed by DME (70 mL). The reaction vessel was sealed and the mixture stirred at 92° C. for 18 h. The reaction vessel was cooled to room temperature and the mixture was filtered over celite, washing with EtOAc. The filtrate was concentrated and the resultant dark oil was purified via column chromatography, eluting with 40-80% EtOAc/hexanes to afford methyl 5-[4-65 (3-aminophenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (2.85 g, 51% yield).

({[5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrol-3-yl] carbonyl}amino)acetic acid

Similar procedure as Example 1.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) &: 12.42 (br. s., 1H), 11.91 (br. s., 1H), 10.20 (s, 1H), 8.41 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.21 (t, J=5.4 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (s, 1H), 7.65-7.73 (m, 2H), 7.36-7.47 (m, 2H), 7.26 (br. s., 1H), 7.12 (br. s., 1H), 6.86-6.98 (m, 1H), 6.77 (br. s., 1H), 6.56 (s, 1H), 3.81 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.29 (s, 3H) LR MS (ES-): 459 (M-H)

## Example 4

methyl({[5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrol-3-yl] carbonyl}amino)acetate

Similar procedure as Example 3.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) &: 11.88 (br. s., 1H), 10.19 (s, 1H), 8.40 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.32 (t, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (s, 1H), 7.65-7.72 (m, 2H), 7.36-7.44 (m, 2H), 7.23 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (br. s., 1H), 6.90 (d, J=7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (dd, J=5.6, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.56 (s, 1H), 3.89 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.60 (s, 3H), 2.29 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 475 (MH), 497 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 473 (M-H)

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# Preparation of 2-Chloro-N-(3-nitrophenyl)pyridine-4-amine

$$NO_2$$
 $NO_2$ 

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To a degassed (15 min,  $N_2$ ) suspension of 2-chloro-4-iodopyridine (3.0 g, 12.53 mmol), 3-nitroaniline (1.82 g, 13.18 mmol), BINAP (0.39 g, 0.626 mmol) and  $Cs_2CO_3$  <sup>20</sup> (8.16 g, 25.04 mmol) in toluene (72 mL) was added  $Pd(OAc)_2$  (0.084 g, 0.374 mmol). The reaction tube was sealed and the mixture stirred at 90° C. for 18 h. The mixture was cooled to rt and filtered, washing with EtOAc. The orange/yellow solid collected was washed with  $CH_2Cl_2$  until all the product washed through into the filtrate. The filtrate was concentrated to afford 2-Chloro-N-(3-nitrophenyl)pyridine-4-amine as a bright yellow solid. Additional product was collected from the solid collected upon concentration of the previous filtrate, after washing with  $CH_2Cl_2$ . No further purification. Total amount of product collected was 2.85 g (91% yield).

# Preparation of tert-Butyl 2-chloropyridin-4-yl(3-nitrophenyl)carbamate

To a stirring solution of 2-Chloro-N-(3-nitrophenyl)pyridine-4-amine (2.70 g, 10.82 mmol) in THF (45 mL) was added Et<sub>3</sub>N (6.32 mL, 45.3 mmol). The mixture was cooled to 0° C., and DMAP (0.0135 g, 0.110 mmol) and BOC<sub>2</sub>O (2.84 g, 12.99 mmol) were added. The mixture was warmed to rt and stirred for 18 h. The mixture was quenched with ice and diluted with water. Extracted with EtOAc (3×200 mL), washed with brine and water, dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated. A dark oil was afforded, which was passed through a pad of silica gel, eluting with 1:1 EtOAc/hexanes. Concentrated and dried under high vacuum to afford tert-Butyl 2-chloropyridin-4-yl(3-nitrophenyl)carbamate (3.65 g, 96.5% yield).

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Preparation of methyl 5-(4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl(3-nitrophenyl)amino)pyridine-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-car-boxylate

A mixture of tert-Butyl 2-chloropyridin-4-yl(3-nitrophenyl)carbamate (3.65 g, 10.43 mmol), methyl-(5-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (5.48 g, 21.82 mmol), xantphos (0.72 g, 1.25 mmol) and  $Pd_2dba_3$  (0.72 g, 0.79 mmol) was added to a thick walled reaction vessel and purged with  $N_2$ . A solution of 2M  $K_2\mathrm{CO}_3$  (8.76 mL) was added, followed by dioxane (67 mL). The reaction vessel was sealed and the mixture stirred at 105° C. for 18 h. The reaction vessel was cooled to rt and the mixture was filtered over celite, washing with EtOAc. The filtrate was concentrated to afford a dark oil, which was purified via column chromatography eluting with 30-50% EtOAc/hexanes to afford methyl 5-(4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl (3-nitrophenyl)amino)pyridine-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (2.98 g, 65% yield) as an orange oil.

Preparation of methyl 5-(4-((3-nitrophenyl)amino) pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

Methyl 5-(4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl(3-nitrophenyl)amino) pyridine-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (0.40 g, 0.91 mmol) was taken up in toluene (38 mL) and  $\mathrm{SiO}_2$  (9.0 g) was added. The mixture stirred at reflux for 20 h. The mixture was cooled to rt and filtered over celite, washing with EtOAc. The filtrate was concentrated to a bright orange color. The solid was taken up in hexanes and filtered. The solid was then washed with  $\mathrm{CH}_2\mathrm{Cl}_2$ /hexanes to afford methyl 5-(4-((3-nitrophenyl)amino)pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (0.15 g, 49% yield) as a bright yellow solid.

Preparation of methyl 5-(4-((3-aminophenyl)amino) pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

Methyl 5-(4-((3-nitrophenyl)amino)pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (1.32 g, 3.9 mmol) was taken up in EtOAc/EtOH (1:1; 90 mL) and purged with N<sub>2</sub>. Pd/C (10%, 0.145 g) was added and the mixture was stirred under an atmosphere of H<sub>2</sub> at rt for 18 h. The mixture was filtered over celite, washing with EtOAc/EtOH. The filtrate was concentrated, taken back up in EtOAc and filtered over celite again to remove any residual catalyst. The filtrate was concentrated again and taken back up in EtOAc. The solution was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated to afford a tan solid. The solid was washed with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/hexanes (1:2) and dried under high vacuum to afford methyl 5-(4-((3-aminophenyl) amino)pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (1.15 g, 96% yield) as a tan solid.

## Example 5

5-[4-({3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino]phenyl}amino) pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid

To a stirred solution of methyl 5-[4-( $\{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino]phenyl\}amino)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (10 mg, 0.024 mmol) in a mixture of solvents THF/MeOH (5 ml/5 ml) was added 2 ml of 1M NaOH (2 60 mmol) solution. The mixture was heated in a 60° C. bath for 16 hours, cooled to room temperature and poured into 100 ml of water. 2M HCl was added until pH=5. The resulting precipitates were filtered, washed with water, and dried in vacuo to give 5-[4-(<math>\{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino]$  65 phenyl $\{amino\}$ pyridin-2-yl $\{amino\}$ -1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid as light brown solid. Yield: 2 mg.

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Example 6

methyl 5-[4-({3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenyl}amino)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

A mixture of 3-methyl-2-furoic acid (22 mg, 0.18 mmol), HATU (73 mg, 0.19 mmol) and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (45 mg, 0.35 mmol) in anhydrous DMF (10 ml) was stirred at room temperature for 10 minutes, followed by addition of methyl 5-(4-((3-aminophenyl)amino)pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (50 mg, 0.16 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours and poured into 100 ml of water. The precipitates were filtered, washed with water and dried in vacuo to give methyl 5-[4-({3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino]phenyl}amino)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate as off-white solid. Yield: 10 mg, 15%.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 13.60 (br. s., 1H), 12.37 (br. s., 1H), 10.14 (s, 1H), 8.15 (d, J=6.5 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (t, J=1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (br. s., 1H), 7.52 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.32-7.38 (m, 2H), 7.22 (br. s., 1H), 6.97 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (dd, J=6.2, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 2.32 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 417 (MH) LR MS (ES-): 415 (M-H)

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## Example 7

5-[4-(2-fluoro-5-{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-N-hydroxy-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

Similar procedure as Example 1.

 $^{1}$ H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$ : 11.85 (br. s., 1H), 10.56 (br. s., 1H), 10.12 (s, 1H), 8.66 (br. s., 1H), 8.41 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (d, J=7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.63 (t, J=9.4 Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.40 (m, 2H), 7.27 (br. s., 1H), 7.10-7.18 (m, 1H), 7.01-7.10 (m, 2H), 6.75-6.85 (m, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 487 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 463 (M-H)

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4-fluoro-N-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-3-[(2-{4-[(3-hydroxypiperidin-1-yl)carbonyl]-1H-pyrrol-2-yl}pyridin-4-yl)oxy]benzamide

Similar procedure as Example 1. LR MS (ES+): 533 (MH), 555 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 531 (M-H)

#### Example 9

N-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)-5-[4-(3-{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

Similar procedure as Example 1.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) &: 11.83 (br. s., 1H), 10.11 (s, 1H), 8.41 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.83 (t, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (s, 1H), 7.63 (t, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.42-7.46 (m, 1H), 7.39 (d, J=1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, J=7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.09-7.16 (m, 2H), 7.02-7.06 (m, 1H), 6.76 (dd, J=5.7, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (d, J=5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.53 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.50-3.56 (m, 1H), 3.25-3.30 (m, 3H), 3.08-3.14 (m, 1H), 2.27 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 505 (MH), 527 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 503 (M-H) 122 Example 10

N-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-3-[(2-{4-[(3-hydroxy-pyrrolidin-1-yl)carbonyl]-1H-pyrrol-2-yl}pyridin-4-yl)oxy]benzamide

A mixture of 5-{4-[3-(2-Fluoro-5-methyl-phenylcarbam-oyl)-phenoxy]-pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid (50 mg, 0.12 mmol), HATU (55 mg, 0.14 mmol) and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (34 mg, 0.26 mmol) in anhydrous DMF (8 ml) was stirred at room temperature for 10 minutes, followed by addition of (S)-3-pyrrolidinol (16 mg, 0.18 mmol). The mixture was stirred for another 10 minutes and poured into 100 ml of water. The precipitates were filtered, washed with water and dried in vacuo to give N-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-3-[(2-{4-[(3-hydroxypyrrolidin-1-yl)carbonyl]-1H-pyrrol-2-yl}pyridin-4-yl)oxy]benzamide as white solid. Yield: 40 mg, 69%.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) &: 11.91 (br. s., 1H), 10.12 (s, 1H), 8.42 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (s, 1H), 7.63 (t, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.32-7.51 (m, 3H), 7.26 (d, J=6.7 Hz, 1H), 6.99-7.20 (m, 3H), 6.73 (dd, 1H), 4.91 (br. s., 1H), 4.30 (br. s., 1H), 3.76 (br. s., 2H), 3.50 (br. s., 2H), 2.28 (s, 3H), 1.86 (br. s., 2H)

LR MS (ES+): 501 (MH), 523 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 499 (M-H)

## Example 11

5-[4-(3-{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-N-hydroxy-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

Similar procedure as Example 10.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 11.84 (br. s., 1H), 10.56 (br. s., 1H), 10.10 (s, 1H), 8.65 (br. s., 1H), 8.40 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H),

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 $\begin{array}{l} 7.89\ (d,\ J=7.6\ Hz,\ 1H),\ 7.76\ (br.\ s.,\ 1H),\ 7.63\ (t,\ J=7.9\ Hz,\ 1H),\ 7.44\ (dd,\ J=7.9,\ 1.5\ Hz,\ 1H),\ 7.35\ (d,\ J=6.7\ Hz,\ 1H),\ 7.31\ (br.\ s.,\ 1H),\ 7.25\ (d,\ J=1.8\ Hz,\ 1H),\ 7.13\ (dd,\ J=10.3,\ 8.5\ Hz,\ 1H),\ 7.01-7.07\ (m,\ 2H),\ 6.75\ (dd,\ J=5.7,\ 2.2\ Hz,\ 1H),\ 2.27\ (s,\ 3H) \end{array}$ 

LR MS (ES+): 469 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 445 (M-H)

Preparation of 3-(2-Chloropyridin-4-yloxy)-4-fluorobenzoic acid methyl ester

4-Fluoro-3-hydroxybenzoic acid methyl ester (1.70 g, 10.0 mmol) was dissolved in dimethylformamide (9 mL) under nitrogen at room temperature. Sodium hydride (60% oil dispersion, 0.48 g, 12 mmol) was added in portions over 30 min. The reaction was stirred for 90 minutes and then cooled in an ice bath. 2-Chloro-4-nitropyridine (1.58 g, 10.0 mmol) was added in small portions over 50 min. The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 17.5 h. Water (200 ml) was added and the mixture stirred until a brown lump formed. The water was decanted and the residue dissolved in EtOAc (150 mL). The solution was washed with brine, dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered and evaporated to give 3-(2-Chloropyridin-4-yloxy)-4-fluorobenzoic acid methyl ester. Yield: 3.10 g.

Preparation of 3-(2-Chloropyridin-4-yloxy)-4-fluorobenzoic acid

3-(2-Chloropyridin-4-yloxy)-4-fluorobenzoic acid methyl ester (2.81 g, 10.0 mmol) was dissolved in tetrahydrofuran 60 (15 mL) and mixed with 2M lithium hydroxide (15 mL, 30 mmol). The suspension was stirred for 5 h. To the reaction was added water, then extracted with EtOAc. The aqueous layer was treated with 6M HCl (5 mL, 30 mmol) and then extracted with EtOAc (3×25 mL). The extract was dried 65 (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered and evaporated to 3-(2-Chloropyridin-4-yloxy)-4-fluorobenzoic acid. Yield: 2.22 g, 83%.

A solution of 3-(2-Chloropyridin-4-yloxy)-4-fluorobenzoic acid (2.22 g, 8.29 mmol), 2-fluoro-5-methylaniline (1.56 g, 12.4 mmol), O-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (HATU, 3.78 g, 9.95 mmol) and N-methylmorpholine (2.00 mL, 18.2 mmol) in dimethylformamide (22 mL) was heated at 90° C. for 2 h. The solvent was evaporated in vacuo at 50° C. To the residue was added water resulting in a thick oil. The water was decanted and the oil dissolved in EtOAc then extracted twice with water, 1M hydrochloric acid and brine. The organic layer was dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered and evaporated to crude 6 (3.37 g). Trituration with dichloromethane (25 mL) gave 3-(2-Chloropyridin-4-yloxy)-4-fluoro-N-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)benzamide as white solid. Yield: 1.788 g, 58%.

### Example 12

methyl 5-[4-(2-fluoro-5-{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

A mixture of 3-(2-Chloropyridin-4-yloxy)-4-fluoro-N-(2fluoro-5-methylphenyl)benzamide (1.217 g, 3.25 mmol), methyl 5-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-1H-55 pyrrole-3-carboxylate (1.63 g, 6.50 mmol) and potassium carbonate (0.67 g, 4.87 mmol) in water (2.5 mL) and dioxane (15 mL) was purged with nitrogen for several minutes. To the mixture was added tetrakis-triphenylphosphine palladium(0) (0.18 g, (0.16 mmol). The reaction was sealed under nitrogen and heated at 100° C. for 15 h. The cooled reaction was mixed with dichloromethane and filtered through Celite. The red solution was evaporated. The resulting oil was dissolved in dichloromethane, put on a column of silica gel (80 g) and eluted with hexane/EtOAc (1:1) to afford methyl 5-[4-(2-fluoro-5-[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate as white solid. Yield: 1.162 g, 77%.

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5-[4-(2-fluoro-5-{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid

Similar procedure as Example 12.

 $^{1}$ H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$ : 12.03 (br. s., 1H), 11.85 (br. s., 20 1H), 10.11 (s, 1H), 8.42 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (d, J=6.2 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (t, J=9.4 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (br. s., 1H), 7.30-7.39 (m, 2H), 7.08-7.19 (m, 2H), 7.04 (br. s., 1H), 6.79 (d, J=3.2 Hz, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES-): 448 (M-H)

## Example 14

N-ethyl-5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

Similar procedure as Example 31. LR MS (ES+): 453 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>)

## Example 15

N-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)-5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino]phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

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Similar procedure as Example 31.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ:11.83 (br. s., 1H), 10.21 (s, 1H), 8.40 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (s, 1H), 7.63-7.74 (m, 2H), 7.35-7.48 (m, 2H), 7.23 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (s, 1H), 6.85-6.96 (m, 1H), 6.75 (dd, J=5.7, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (s, 1H), 4.78 (d, J=4.7 Hz, 1H), 4.53 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 3.48-3.61 (m, 1H), 3.24-3.33 (m, 3H), 3.04-3.19 (m, 1H), 2.30 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 499 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 475 (M-H)

#### Example 16

5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

Similar procedure as Example 31.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) &: 11.83 (br. s., 1H), 10.21 (s, 1H), 8.40 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (s, 1H), 7.65-7.74 (m, 2H), 7.31-7.48 (m, 3H), 7.23 (d, J=1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (br. s., 1H), 35 6.86-6.95 (m, 1H), 6.75 (d, J=3.5 Hz, 2H), 6.57 (s, 1H), 2.30 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES-): 401 (M-H)

## Example 17

N-hydroxy-5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

Similar procedure as Example 31.

 $^{1}H \ NMR \ (DMSO-d_{6}) \ \delta:11.84 \ (br. \ s., 1H), \ 10.49-10.64 \ (m, 1H), \ 10.20 \ (s, 1H), \ 8.60-8.74 \ (m, 1H), \ 8.39 \ (d, J=5.9 \ Hz, 1H), \ 7.65-7.81 \ (m, 3H), \ 7.41 \ (t, J=7.9 \ Hz, 1H), \ 7.32 \ (br. \ s., 1H), \ 7.23 \ (s, 1H), \ 7.02 \ (br. \ s., 1H), \ 6.85-6.94 \ (m, 1H), \ 6.69-6.78 \ (m, 1H), \ 6.57 \ (s, 1H), \ 2.30 \ (s, 3H)$ 

LR MS (ES-): 417 (M-H)

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Example 18

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le 18 Example 20

N-(3-{[2-(4-{[(3R)-3-hydroxypyrrolidin-1-yl]carbo-nyl}-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl]oxy}phenyl)-3-methyl-2-furamide

Similar procedure as Example 31.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 11.90 (br. s., 1H), 10.20 (s, 1H), 25 8.40 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, J=1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.64-7.73 (m, 2H), 7.36-7.46 (m, 2H), 7.21-7.30 (m, 1H), 7.03-7.13 (m, 1H), 6.85-6.93 (m, 1H), 6.70 (dd, J=5.7, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, J=1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.90 (br. s., 1H), 4.30 (m, 1H), 3.76 (m, 1H), 3.49 (m, 2H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 1.86 (m, 2H) 30 LR MS (ES-): 471 (M-H)

#### Example 19

5-{4-[3-(2-Fluoro-5-methyl-phenylcarbamoyl)-phenoxy]-pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid

To a stirred solution of 5-{4-[3-(2-Fluoro-5-methyl-phenylcarbamoyl)-phenoxy]-pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid methyl ester (140 mg, 0.31 mmol) in THF (8 ml) was added 5M NaOH solution (1 ml, 5 mmol). The 55 mixture was heated at 70° C. for 3 hours, cooled to room temp, and poured into 100 ml of water. 2M HCl was added until pH=4. The precipitates were filtered, washed with water, and dried to give 5-{4-[3-(2-Fluoro-5-methyl-phenyl-carbamoyl)-phenoxy]-pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carbox-9lic acid as white solid. Yield: 120 mg, 92%.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 12.03 (br. s., 1H), 11.89 (br. s., 1H), 10.11 (s, 1H), 8.42 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (d, J=7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (s, 1H), 7.56-7.71 (m, 1H), 7.30-7.54 (m, 4H), 6.97-7.23 (m, 3H), 6.75 (dd, J=5.6, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 2.28 (s, 3H) 65

LR MS (ES+): 454 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 430 (M-H) 5-{4-[3-(2-Fluoro-5-methyl-phenylcarbamoyl)-phenoxy]-pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid methyl ester

A mixture of 3-(2-bromo-pyridin-4-yloxy)-N-(2-fluoro-5methyl-phenyl)-benzamide (200 mg, 0.50 mmol), methyl-(5-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (251 mg, 1.0 mmol) and PdCl<sub>2</sub>(dppf) .CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 mg, 0.012 mmol) was added to a thick-walled reaction vessel and purged with N2. A solution of 2M Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (0.5 mL) was added, followed by DMSO (8 mL). The reaction vessel was sealed and the mixture stirred at 95° C. for 16 h. The reaction vessel was cooled to room temperature and the mixture was poured into 100 ml of water. The precipitates were filtered, washed with water and dried to give the crude, which was purified via column chromatography eluting with 30-40% EtOAc/hexanes to 35 afford 5-{4-[3-(2-Fluoro-5-methyl-phenylcarbamoyl)-phenoxy]-pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid methyl ester (150 mg, 58% yield).

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 12.14 (br. s., 1H), 10.11 (s, 1H), 8.43 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (s, 1H),  $^{40}$  7.64 (t, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.41-7.50 (m, 3H), 7.35 (s, 1H), 7.09-7.21 (m, 2H), 7.06 (dd, J=5.1, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 2.28 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 468 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 444 (M-H)

### Example 21

Similar procedure as Example 25. 2,3-dihydroxypropyl 5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

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5-[4-(3-m-Tolylcarbamoyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid

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Similar procedure as Example 19.

<sup>1</sup>H NMŘ (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 8: 12.03 (br. s., 1H), 11.86 (br. s., 1H), 10.19 (s, 1H), 8.42 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (s, 1H), 7.50-7.69 (m, 3H), 7.32-7.46 (m, 3H), 7.21 (t, J=7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (s, 1H), 6.91 (d, J=7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 2.28 (s, 3H)

## Example 23

5-[4-(3-m-Tolylcarbamoyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid methyl ester

Similar procedure as Example 20.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta:12.14$  (br. s., 1H), 10.18 (s, 1H), 8.43 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (s, 1H), 7.50-7.68 (m, 3H), 7.38-7.48 (m, 3H), 7.21 (t, J=7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (s, 1H), 6.91 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (dd, J=5.7, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 2.28 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 450 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 426 (M-H)

## Example 24

2-hydroxyethyl 5-[4-(3-{[(3-methyl-2-thienyl)carbonyl]amino}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

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Similar procedure as Example 25.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 12.13 (br. s., 1H), 10.13 (s, 1H), 8.43 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (d, J=5.0 Hz, 1H), 7.56-7.64 (m, 2H), 7.40-7.52 (m, 3H), 7.14 (s, 1H), 7.03 (d, J=5.0 Hz, 1H), 6.89-6.98 (m, 1H), 6.76 (dd, J=5.7, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (t, J=5.1 Hz, 2H), 3.64 (q, J=5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 486 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 462 (M-H)

#### Example 25

2-hydroxyethyl 5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

mixture of 5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy\pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid (70 mg, 0.17 mmol), ethylene glycol (1 ml), 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethyllaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (EDC.HCl, 40 mg, 0.21 mmol) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP, 10 mg, 0.08 mmol) in anhydrous DMF (10 ml) was stirred at 70° C. for 3 hours then room temperature for 16 hours. The mixture was poured into 100 ml of water. Saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution was added until pH=9. The precipitates were filtered, washed with water and dried in vacuo to give the crude, which was purified by silica gel chromatography eluting with a gradient of 3-4% MeOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> to give 2-hydroxyethyl 5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate as white solid.

Yield: 40 mg, 51%.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (d<sub>o</sub>-DMSO): 12.13 (br. s., 1H), 10.22 (s, 1H), 8.43 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.70 (s, 2H), 7.36-7.54 (m, 3H), 7.13 (br. s., 1H), 6.86-6.97 (m, 1H), 6.72-6.80 (m, 1H), 6.59 (s, 1H), 5.75 (s, 1H), 4.83 (t, J=5.3 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (t, J=4.7 Hz, 2H), 3.58-3.69 (m, 2H), 2.32 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 470 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 446 (M-H)

## Example 26

5-[4-(3-{[(3-methyl-2-thienyl)carbonyl] amino}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid

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Similar procedure as Example 32.

LR MS (ES+): 442 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 418 (M-H)

## Example 27

methyl 5-[4-(3-{[(3-methyl-2-thienyl)carbonyl] amino}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

Similar procedure as Example 33.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) &: 12.12 (br. s., 1H), 10.10 (s, 1H), 8.35-8.45 (m, 1H), 7.65 (d, J=5.0 Hz, 1H), 7.55-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.37-7.45 (m, 3H), 7.10 (s, 1H), 7.00 (d, J=5.0 Hz, 1H), 6.87-6.93 (m, 1H), 6.73 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (s, 3H),  $_{35}$  2.41 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 456 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 432 (M-H)

#### Example 28

5-(4-{4-fluoro-3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid

To a stirred solution of methyl 5-(4-{4-fluoro-3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino]phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

(20 mg, 0.046 mmol) in a mixture of solvents THF/MeOH (5 ml/5 ml) was added 3 ml of 1M NaOH (3 mmol) solution. The mixture was heated in a  $72^{\circ}$  C. bath for 3 hours, cooled to room temperature and poured into 50 ml of water. 2M HCl  $\,^{65}$  was added until pH=4. The resulting precipitates were filtered, washed with water, and dried in vacuo to give

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5-(4-{4-fluoro-3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid as light gray solid.

Yield: 19 mg, 100%. LR MS (ES-): 420 (M-H)

## Example 29

methyl 5-(4-{4-fluoro-3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

Similar procedure as Example 33.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 12.15 (br. s., 1H), 9.74 (s, 1H), 8.43 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (dd, J=6.4, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 7.34-7.50 (m, 3H), 7.02-7.18 (m, 2H), 6.75 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, J=1.5 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 2.31 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 458 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 434 (M-H)

## Example 30

N-[dimethyl(oxido)-lambda~4~-sulfanylidene]-5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino]phenoxy}pyridin-2yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & &$$

Similar procedure as Example 101.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 11.83 (br. s., 1H), 10.20 (s, 1H), 8.39 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, J=1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.65-7.72 (m, 2H), 7.37-7.45 (m, 1H), 7.32 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (dd, J=2.9, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.96-6.99 (m, 1H), 6.87-6.92 (m, 1H), 6.71 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 3.35 (s, 6H), 2.30 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 501 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 477 (M-H)

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N-(3-{[2-(4-{[(3S)-3-hydroxypyrrolidin-1-yl]carbonyl}-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl]oxy}phenyl)-3-methyl-2-furamide

Chiral

A mixture of 5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid (60 mg, 0.15 mmol), HATU (68 mg, 0.18 mmol) and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (43 mg, 0.33 mmol) in anhydrous DMF (10 ml) was stirred at room temperature for 10 25 minutes, followed by addition of (S)-3-pyrrolidinol (16 mg, 0.18 mmol). The mixture was stirred for another 10 minutes and poured into 100 ml of water. 2M HCl was added dropwise until pH=4~5. The precipitates were filtered, washed with water and dried in vacuo to give N-(3-{[2-(4-30 ([(3S)-3-hydroxypyrrolidin-1-yl]carbonyl}-1H-pyrrol-2-yl) pyridin-4-yl]oxy}phenyl)-3-methyl-2-furamide as white solid. Yield: 40 mg, 56%.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 11.95 (br. s., 1H), 10.21 (s, 1H), 8.41 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.64-7.74 (m, 2H), 7.35-7.51 (m, 2H), 7.29 (br. s., 1H), 7.12 (br. s., 1H), 6.90 (dd, J=8.1, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (dd, J=5.7, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 4.20-4.36 (m, 1H), 3.66-3.88 (m, 2H), 3.42-3.60 (m, 3H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 1.66-2.03 (m, 2H)

LR MS (ES+): 495 (M+Na+) LR MS (ES-): 471 (M-H)

## Example 32

5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid

To a stirred solution of methyl 5-(4- $\{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino]phenoxy\}$ pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (1.30 g, 3.12 mmol) in a mixture of solvents THF/MeOH (10 ml/10 ml) was added 2 ml of 5M NaOH (10 mmol) solution. The mixture was heated in a 68° C. bath for 8 hours, cooled to room temperature and poured into 200 ml 65 of water. 2M HCl was added until pH=3. The resulting precipitates were filtered, washed with water, and dried in

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vacuo to give 5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid as white solid.

Yield: 1.20 g, 95%.

<sup>5</sup> <sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 11.98 (br. s., 1H), 10.22 (s, 1H), 8.42 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (d, J=1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.61-7.76 (m, 2H), 7.27-7.51 (m, 3H), 7.04 (br. s., 1H), 6.85-6.98 (m, 1H), 6.73 (dd, J=5.7, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (d, J=1.5 Hz, 1H), 2.32 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES-): 402 (M-H)

#### Example 33

methyl 5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

A mixture of 3-methyl-2-furoic acid (490 mg, 3.88 mmol), HATU (1.71 g, 4.5 mmol) and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (1.0 g, 7.8 mmol) in anhydrous DMF (10 ml) was stirred at room temperature for 10 minutes, followed by addition of methyl 5-[4-(3-aminophenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (1.0 g, 3.24 mmol). The mixture was stirred at 50° C. for 2 hours and poured into 100 ml of water. 2M HCl was added dropwise until pH=4~5. The precipitates were filtered, washed with water and dried in vacuo to give methyl 5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate as white solid. Yield: 1.30 g, 96%.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 12.15 (br. s., 1H), 10.22 (s, 1H), 8.43 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (d, J=1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.68-7.74 (m, 2H), 7.38-7.47 (m, 3H), 7.09-7.14 (m, 1H), 6.88-6.94 (m, 1H), 6.75 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (d, J=1.5 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 2.32 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 440 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 416 (M-H)

#### Example 34

3-methyl-N-(3-{[2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl] oxy}phenyl)-2-furamide

A mixture of 3-methyl-2-furoic acid (60 mg, 0.48 mmol), HBTU (198 mg, 0.52 mmol) and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (129 mg, 1.0 mmol) in anhydrous DMF (10 ml) was stirred at room temperature for 10 minutes, followed by addition of 3-{[2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl]oxy}aniline

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(100 mg, 0.40 mmol). The mixture was stirred at 70° C. for 3 hours and poured into 100 ml of water. The precipitates were filtered, washed with water and dried in vacuo to give the crude, which was purified by silica gel chromatography eluting with 3-5% MeOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> to give 3-methyl-N-(3-{ [2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl]oxy}phenyl)-2-furamide as white solid. Yield: 52 mg, 36%.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 11.46 (br. s., 1H), 10.19 (s, 1H), 8.36 (d, J=6.2 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.64-7.72 (m, 2H), 7.35-7.44 (m, 1H), 7.28 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 6.86-6.91 10 (m, 1H), 6.81-6.86 (m, 1H), 6.68-6.74 (m, 1H), 6.65 (dd, J=5.7, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.06-6.13 (m, 1H), 2.30 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 360 (M+H) LR MS (ES-): 358 (M-H)

## Example 35

methyl 4-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy{pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate

Similar procedure as Example 33.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 12.18 (br. s., 1H), 10.19 (s, 1H), 8.37 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.59-7.72 (m, 3H), 7.33-7.44 (m, 2H), 7.25-7.32 (m, 1H), 6.83-6.93 (m, 3.76 (s, 3H), 2.30 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 440 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 416 (M-H)

# Example 36

2-fluoro-5-methyl-N-(4-{[2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl]oxy}phenyl)benzamide

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Similar procedure as Example 37.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 11.44 (br. s., 1H), 10.47 (s, 1H), 8.33 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.76-7.86 (m, 2H), 7.46 (dd, J=6.4, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (ddd, J=7.9, 5.3, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.13-7.27 (m, 4H), 6.80-6.87 (m, 1H), 6.66-6.73 (m, 1H), 6.60 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.06-6.15 (m, 1H), 2.34 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 388 (M+H) LR MS (ES-): 386 (M-H)

#### Example 37

3-methyl-N- $(4-\{[2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl]\}$ oxy{phenyl)-2-furamide

A mixture of 3-methyl-2-furoic acid (70 mg, 0.55 mmol), HATU (243 mg, 0.64 mmol),) tert-butyl 2-[4-(4-aminophenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-1-carboxylate (160 mg, 0.46 35 mmol) and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (148 mg, 1.15 mmol) in anhydrous DMF (10 ml) was stirred at 45° C. for 2 hours. The mixture was poured into 100 ml of water. The precipitates were filtered, washed with water and dried in vacuo to give the crude, which was dissolved in 5 ml of 1H), 6.66 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, J=1.2 Hz, 1H), and methylene chloride, followed by addition of trifluoroacetic acid (3 ml). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 hours. The solvents were evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by reversed-phase chromatography with a gradient of 10-50% acetonitrile/water to give 3-methyl-N- $(4-\{[2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl]\}$ oxy}phenyl)-2-furamide as white solid.

> Yield: 56 mg, 34%. LR MS (ES+): 360 (M+H) LR MS (ES-): 358 (M-H)

Preparation of 4-((2-chloropyridin-4-yl)oxy)aniline

A stirred solution of 4-aminophenol (740 mg, 6.8 mmol) in anhydrous DMSO (8 ml) was flushed with nitrogen and treated with 1M KOBu<sup>t</sup>/THF solution (10 ml, 10 mmol). The

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# Example 39

 $5-\{4-[3-fluoro-4-(\{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)\}$ amino|carbonyl|amino)phenoxy|pyridin-2-yl|-Nhydroxy-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

Similar procedure as Example 132.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 11.82 (br. s., 1H), 10.55 (br. s., 1H), 9.05 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.94 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.64 (br. s., 1H), 8.37 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.23 (t, J=9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98 25 (dd, J=7.8, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (br. s., 1H), 7.26 (dd, J=11.7, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (dd, J=11.3, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.98-7.05 (m, 2H), 6.76-6.83 (m, 1H), 6.73 (dd, J=5.7, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 2.25 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES-): 478 (M-H)

# Example 40

 $\{[(4-\{4-[4-(\{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]\}$ carbonyl\amino)phenoxy\pyridin-2-yl\-2-thien

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To a stirred solution of methyl  $\{[(4-\{4-[4-(\{[(2-fluoro-5$ methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2yl}-2-thienyl)carbonyl]amino}acetate (60 mg, 0.1 mmol) in a mixture of solvents THF/MeOH (5 ml/5 ml) was added 1 ml of 1M NaOH (1.0 mmol) solution. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour and poured into 100 ml of water. 2M HCl was added until pH=3. The resulting precipitates were filtered, washed with water, and dried in 60 vacuo to give  $\{[(4-\{4-[4-(\{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)\}$ amino|carbonyl|amino)phenoxy|pyridin-2-yl|-2-thienyl) carbonyl amino acetic acid as white solid. Yield: 50 mg,

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 12.61 (br s, 1H), 9.15 (s, 1H), 65 8.98 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 8.43-8.48 (m, 2H), 8.40 (d, J=1.5 Hz, 1H), 8.36 (d, J=1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (dd, J=7.6, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.50-7.58 (m, 2H), 7.40 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.12-7.19 (m,

mixture was stirred at room temperature under nitrogen for 10 minutes. 2,4-dichloropyridine (1.0 g, 6.8 mmol) was added and the mixture was heated at 60° C. for 30 minutes, cooled to room temperature and poured into 100 ml of water. The resulting precipitates were filtered, washed with water 5 and dried to give 4-((2-chloropyridin-4-yl)oxy)aniline as light brown solid. The material was used for the following reactions without further purification. Yield: 1.15 g, 77%.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 8.21 (d, 1H), 6.77-6.91 (m, 4H), 6.54-6.68 (m, 2H), 5.16 (s, 2H)

Preparation of methyl 5-[4-(4-aminophenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

A mixture of 4-((2-chloropyridin-4-yl)oxy)aniline (2.6 g, 11.78 mmol), methyl-(5-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (6.0 g, 23.90 mmol) and Pd(PPh3)<sub>4</sub> (2.72 g, 2.35 mmol) was added to a thick walled reaction vessel and purged with N<sub>2</sub>. A solution of 2M K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (17.68 mL) was added, followed by DME (90 mL). The reaction vessel was sealed and the mixture stirred at 92° C. for 18 h. The reaction vessel was cooled to room temperature and the mixture was filtered over celite, wash-  $^{35}$ ing with EtOAc. The filtrate was concentrated to afford a dark oil, which was purified via column chromatography eluting with 40-80% EtOAc/hexanes to afford methyl 5-[4-(4-aminophenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (2.4 g, 65% yield).

## Example 38

5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl\amino)phenoxy\pyridin-2-yl\-N-(3-morpholin-4-ylpropyl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

Similar procedure as Example 132. LR MS (ES+): 573 (MH)

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2H), 7.08 (dd, J=11.3, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.73-6.81 (m, 2H), 3.88 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H)
LR MS (ES-): 519 (M-H)

#### Example 41

methyl {[(4-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-2-thienyl)carbonyl]amino}acetate

A mixture of 4-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}thiophene-2-carboxylic acid (100 mg, 0.22 mmol), HATU (100 mg, 0.26 mmol) and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (85 mg, 0.66 mmol) in anhydrous DMF (10 ml) was stirred at room temperature for 10 minutes, followed by addition of glycine methyl ester hydrochloride (41 mg, 0.33 mmol). The mixture was stirred for another 10 minutes and poured into 100 ml of water. 2M HCl was added dropwise until pH=4~5. The precipitates were filtered, washed with water and dried in vacuo to give methyl {[(4-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] assume the carbonyl} amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-2-thienyl)carbonyl]amino} acetate as white solid. Yield: 90 mg, 78%.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 8: 9.17 (s, 1H), 9.10 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 8.44-8.49 (m, 2H), 8.37-8.42 (m, 2H), 7.92-7.98 (m, 1H), 7.55 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (dd, J=11.3, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.75-6.84 (m, 2H), 3.98 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 3.63 (s, 3H), 2.25 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 557 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 533 (M-H)

Preparation of methyl 4-(4-(4-aminophenoxy)pyridine-2-yl)thiophene-2-carboxylate

A mixture of 4-(4-aminophenoxy)-2-chloropyridine (5.0 g, 22.66 mmol), methyl-(4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-thiophene-2-carboxylate (9.73 g, 36.25 mmol) and Pd(PPh\_3)\_4 (5.24 g, 4.53 mmol) was added to a thick walled reaction vessel and purged with N2. A solution of 2M  $\rm K_2CO_3$  (17.0 mL) was added, followed by dioxane (120 mL). The reaction vessel was sealed and the mixture stirred at 92° C. for 18 h. The reaction vessel was cooled to room temperature and the mixture was filtered over celite, wash-

ing with EtOAc. The filtrate was concentrated and the resultant dark oil was purified via column chromatography, eluting with 40-60% EtOAc/hexanes to afford methyl 4-(4-(4-aminophenoxy)pyridine-2-yl)thiophene-2-carboxylate (6.1 g, 82% yield).

#### Example 42

methyl 4-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}thiophene-2-carboxylate

To a stirred solution of methyl 4-[4-(4-aminophenoxy) pyridin-2-yl]thiophene-2-carboxylate (500 mg, 1.53 mmol) in anhydrous THF (10 ml) was added 2-fluoro-5-methylphenylisocyanate (255 mg, 1.68 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for one hour and poured into 200 ml of water. The resulting precipitates were filtered, washed with water and dried in vacuo to give the crude, which was purified by silica gel chromatography eluting with 3-5% MeOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> to give methyl 4-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}thiophene-2-carboxylate as off-white solid. Yield: 560 mg, 76%.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 9.14 (s, 1H), 8.51 (d, J=1.5 Hz, 1H), 8.41-8.47 (m, 2H), 8.33 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.96 (d, J=6.2 Hz, 1H), 7.48-7.57 (m, 3H), 7.13 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (dd, J=11.4, 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.76-6.81 (m, 1H), 6.74 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 2.25 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 500 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 476 (M-H)

## Example 43

(4S)-5-(ethylamino)-4-{[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}-5-oxopentanoic acid

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To a stirred solution of tert-butyl(4S)-5-(ethylamino)-4-{ [(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl) carbonyl]amino}-5-oxopentanoate (30 mg, 0.046 mmol) in 5 ml of methylene chloride was added 2 ml of TFA. The 5 mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour, and evaporated to dryness. The residue was dissolved in MeOH (3 ml), which was added dropwise into 100 ml of water with vigorous stirring. The precipitates were filtered, washed with water and dried to give (4S)-5-(ethylamino)-4-{[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}-5-oxopentanoic acid as white solid. Yield: 20 mg, 74%.

 $^1\dot{\rm H}$  NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) &: 12.04 (br. s., 1H), 11.86 (br. s., 1H), 8.97 (s, 1H), 8.57 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.39 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (t, J=9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (t, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (br. s., 1H), 7.12-7.29 (m, 5H), 6.99-7.04 (m, 1H), 6.79 (d, J=7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (d, J=4.7 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (td, J=8.6, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 2.97-3.11 (m, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 20 (2.17-2.25 (m, 2H), 1.87-1.98 (m, 1H), 1.74-1.84 (m, 1H), 0.97 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 3H)

LR MS (ES-): 601 (M-H)

#### Example 44

tert-butyl(4S)-5-(ethylamino)-4-{[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl] amino}-5-oxopentanoate

A mixture of (2S)-5-tert-butoxy-2-{[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({55[(3-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}-5-oxopentanoic acid (80 mg, 0.13 mmol), HATU (57 mg, 0.15 mmol) and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (49 mg, 0.38 mmol) in anhydrous DMF (8 ml) was stirred at room temperature for 10 minutes, followed by addition of 2M ethylamine in THF solution (0.1 ml, 0.2 mmol). The mixture was stirred for another 10 minutes and poured into 100 ml of water. 2M HCl was added dropwise until pH=5. The precipitates were filtered, washed with water and dried in vacuo to give the 65 crude, which was purified by silica gel chromatography eluting with 4~5% MeOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> to give tert-butyl(4S)-5-

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(ethylamino)-4-{[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}-5-oxopentanoate as white solid. Yield: 40 mg. 48%.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) &: 11.83 (br. s., 1H), 8.95 (s, 1H), 8.56 (br. s., 1H), 8.38 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (t, J=9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (t, J=5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J=1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.23-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.18-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.12-7.18 (m, 2H), 6.98-7.04 (m, 1H), 6.79 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.27-4.35 (m, 1H), 3.01-3.08 (m, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 2.17-2.23 (m, 2H), 1.87-1.95 (m, 1H), 1.78 (m, 1H), 1.34 (s, 9H), 0.97 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 681 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 657 (M-H)

#### Example 45

(2 S)-5-tert-butoxy-2-{[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}-5-oxopentanoic acid

To a stirred solution of (S)-5-tert-butyl 1-methyl 2-{[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl] amino}pentanedioate (120 mg, 0.19 mmol) in a mixture of solvents THF/MeOH (5 ml/5 ml) was added 1 ml of 1M NaOH (1 mmol) solution. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes, and poured into 100 ml of water. 2M HCl was added dropwise until pH=4. The resulting precipitates were filtered, washed with water, and dried in vacuo to give (2S)-5-tert-butoxy-2-{[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}-5-oxopentanoic acid as white solid. Yield: 100 mg, 85%.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) &: 12.49 (br. s., 1H), 11.84 (br. s., 1H), 8.98 (s, 1H), 8.58 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.38 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (t, J=9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (br. s., 1H), 7.42 (br. s., 1H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 7.25 (dd, J=11.7, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.20-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.11-7.18 (m, 2H), 7.01 (dd, J=9.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J=7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H),

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 $4.23\text{-}4.34~(m,\ 1H),\ 2.23\text{-}2.28~(m,\ 2H),\ 2.26~(s,\ 3H),\ 1.95\text{-}2.03~(m,\ 1H),\ 1.80\text{-}1.88~(m,\ 1H),\ 1.35~(s,\ 9H)$ 

LR MS (ES+): 654 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 630 (M-H)

#### Example 46

(S)-5-tert-butyl 1-methyl 2-{[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({ [(3-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy] pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl] amino}pentanedioate

A mixture of  $5-\{4-[3-fluoro-4-(\{[(3-methylphenyl)_{40}\}$ amino|carbonyl\amino)phenoxy|pyridin-2-yl\-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid (500 mg, 1.1 mmol), HATU (500 mg, 1.32 mmol) and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (426 mg, 3.3 mmol) in anhydrous DMF (8 ml) was stirred at room temperature for 10 minutes, followed by addition of L-Glutamic acid 45 5-tert-butyl 1-methyl ester hydrochloride (334 mg, 1.32 mmol). The mixture was stirred for another 10 minutes and poured into 200 ml of water. 2M HCl was added dropwise until pH=5. The precipitates were filtered, washed with water and dried in vacuo to give the crude, which was  $^{50}$ purified by silica gel chromatography eluting with 3-5% MeOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> to give (S)-5-tert-butyl 1-methyl 2-{[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino) phenoxy|pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl] amino pentanedioate as off-white solid. Yield: 380 mg,

 $^{1}$ H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$ : 11.87 (br. s., 1H), 8.96 (s, 1H), 8.56 (br. s., 1H), 8.38 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (t, J=8.9 Hz, 1H), 8.08 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (br. s., 1H), 7.23-7.29 (m, 60 2H), 7.18-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.11-7.17 (m, 2H), 7.01 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 1H), 6.70-6.76 (m, 1H), 4.32-4.41 (m, 1H), 3.60 (s, 3H), 2.23-2.31 (m, 5H), 1.93-2.03 (m, 1H), 1.81-1.91 (m, 1H), 1.35 (s, 9H)

LR MS (ES+): 646 (MH), 668 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 644 (M-H) 144

Example 47

bis(2-hydroxyethyl) 2-{[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl] amino}pentanedioate

LR MS (ES+): 686 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 662 (M-H), 561

## Example 48

3-{[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}propanoic acid

Similar procedure as Example 132.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 11.90 (br. s., 1H), 8.99 (s, 1H), 8.59 (br. s., 1H), 8.40 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 8.22 (t, J=9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.90-7.96 (m, 1H), 7.40 (br. s., 1H), 7.25-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.21 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.15 (t, J=7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.03 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.32-3.37 (m, 2H), 2.43 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES-): 516 (M-H)

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## Example 49

2-{[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl\amino)phenoxy\pyridin-2-yl\-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}pentanedioic acid

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 12.43 (br. s., 2H), 11.89 (br. s., 1H), 8.97 (br. s., 1H), 8.57 (br. s., 1H), 8.39 (d, J=5.3 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (t, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (br. 30 s., 1H), 7.11-7.31 (m, 4H), 7.02 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d,  $\label{eq:eq:energy} J{=}7.0~\mathrm{Hz},~1\mathrm{H}),~6.75~\mathrm{(br.~s.,~1H)},~4.32~\mathrm{(br.~s.,~1H)},~2.30~\mathrm{(t,}$ J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 2.01 (m, 2H), 1.86 (m, 2H) LR MS (ES-): 574 (M-H)

## Example 50

methyl  $1-(3-\{[(5-\{4-[4-(\{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)$ amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1Hpyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}propyl)pyrrolidine-2carboxylate

Similar procedure as Example 132. LR MS (ES+): 615 (MH), 637 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 613 (M-H)

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5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-N-{2-[(3S)-3-hydroxypyrrolidin-1-yl]-2-oxoethyl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

Similar procedure as Example 132. LR MS (ES+): 573 (MH), 595 (M+Na+) LR MS (ES-): 571 (M-H)

#### Example 52

N-{4-[(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)(methyl)amino]-4oxobutyl}-5- $\{4-[4-(\{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)$ amino|carbonyl|amino)phenoxy|pyridin-2-yl|-1Hpyrrole-3-carboxamide

$$\begin{array}{c} H \\ H \\ N \\ \end{array}$$

Similar procedure as Example 61.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 11.70-11.82 (m, 1H), 9.24 (s, 1H), 8.50 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.35 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.93-7.98 (m, 1H), 7.85 (dt, J=14.5, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (br. s., 1H), 7.10-7.15 (m, 3H), 7.08 (dd, 65 J=11.2, 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.01-7.05 (m, 1H), 6.73-6.82 (m, 1H), 6.67 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.87 (d, J=5.3 Hz, 1H), 4.60-4.69 (m, 1H), 4.46 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 3.55-3.65 (m,

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2H), 3.20-3.27 (m, 2H), 3.10-3.19 (m, 2H), 2.96 (s, 1H), 2.79 (s, 2H), 2.27-2.35 (m, 1H), 2.24 (s, 3H), 1.62-1.72 (m, 2H)

LR MS (ES+): 619 (MH), 641 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 617 (M-H)

## Example 53

5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-N-[4-(3-hydroxypiperidin-1-yl)-4-oxobutyl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

Similar procedure as Example 61. LR MS (ES+): 637 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 613 (M-H)

#### Example 54

N-{4-[(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)amino]-4-oxobutyl}-5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

Similar procedure as Example 61.

 $^{1}$ H NMŘ (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 8: 11.77 (br. s., 1H), 9.14 (s, 1H), 8.46 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.35 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.96 (dd, J=7.9, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.84 (t, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 65 HH), 7.51-7.57 (m, 2H), 7.33 (dd, J=3.1, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.11-7.16 (m, 3H), 7.08 (dd, J=11.3, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.01-7.05

 $\begin{array}{l} (m,\ 1H),\ 6.75\text{-}6.82\ (m,\ 1H),\ 6.68\ (dd,\ J=5.7,\ 2.5\ Hz,\ 1H),\\ 4.68\ (d,\ J=5.0\ Hz,\ 1H),\ 4.46\ (t,\ J=5.9\ Hz,\ 1H),\ 3.41\text{-}3.47\ (m,\ 1H),\ 3.20\text{-}3.26\ (m,\ 2H),\ 3.09\text{-}3.19\ (m,\ 3H),\ 2.90\text{-}2.97\ (m,\ 1H),\ 2.25\ (s,\ 3H),\ 2.10\ (t,\ J=7.6\ Hz,\ 2H),\ 1.66\ (quin,\ J=7.3\ Hz,\ 2H) \end{array}$ 

LR MS (ES+): 605 (MH), 627 (M+Na+) LR MS (ES-): 603 (M-H)

#### Example 55

N-(4-amino-4-oxobutyl)-5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

Similar procedure as Example 61.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 11.92 (br. s., 1H), 9.20 (br. s., 1H), 8.48 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.39 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (dd, J=7.8, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (br. s., 1H), 7.56 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (br. s., 1H), 7.18-7.28 (m, 2H), 7.15 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (dd, J=11.4, 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (ddd, J=7.5, 5.0, 2.2 Hz, 2H), 6.68 (br. s., 1H), 3.14 (q, J=6.7 Hz, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 2.05 (t, J=7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.66 (quin, J=7.3 Hz, 2H) LR MS (ES+): 553 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>)

0 LR MS (ES+): 553 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 529 (M-H)

## Example 56

N-{2-[(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl}-5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

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Similar procedure as Example 132.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) &: 11.83 (br. s., 1H), 9.15 (s, 1H), 8.46 (br. s., 1H), 8.36 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 8.14 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (t, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (br. s., 1H), 7.13 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 3H), 7.03-7.11 (m, 2H), 6.75-6.82 (m, 1H), 6.69 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.70 (d, J=5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.47 (t, J=5.7 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.45 (dq, J=11.2, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 3.16-3.27 (m, 3H), 2.93-3.00 (m, 1H), 2.25 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 577 (MH), 599 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 575 (M-H)

## Example 57

5-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl) 1-methyl 2-{[(5-{4-[4-({ [(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino) phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl] amino}pentanedioate

Similar procedure as Example 58.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 8: 11.86 (br. s., 1H), 9.14 (s, 1H), 8.46 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.36 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.08-8.17 (m, 1H), 7.96 (dd, J=7.9, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d, J=8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (br. s., 1H), 7.04-7.21 (m, 4H), 6.78 (dt, J=5.7, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (d, J=5.3 Hz, 1H), 4.58 (t, J=5.7 Hz, 1H), 4.36-4.45 (m, 1H), 3.95-4.06 (m, 2H), 3.88 (dd, J=11.0, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 3.60 (s, 3H), 3.28-3.35 (m, 2H), 2.40 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 1.99-2.10 (m, 1H), 1.88-1.95 (m, 1H), 1.15 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 1H)

LR MS (ES+): 664 (MH), 686 (M+Na+)

#### Example 58

bis(2,3-dihydroxypropyl) 2-{[(5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy] pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl] amino}pentanedioate

A mixture of 2-{[(5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-

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3-yl)carbonyl]amino}pentanedioic acid (60 mg, 0.10 mmol), glycerol (0.5 ml), 1-Ethyl-3-(3-dimethyllaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (EDC.HCl, 37 mg, 0.19 mmol) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP, 5 mg, 0.04 mmol) in anhydrous THF (10 ml) was stirred at 60° C. for 3 hours. The mixture was cooled to room temperature, concentrated and purified by silica gel chromatography eluting with a gradient of 10-15% MeOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> to give bis(2,3-dihydroxypropyl) 2-{[(5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl]amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}pentanedioate as colorless

oil. Yield: 40 mg, 53%. LR MS (ES+): 746 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 722 (M-H)

## Example 59

4-{[(5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}-5-methoxy-5-oxopentanoic acid

Similar procedure as Example 132.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 8: 11.98 (br. s., 1H), 9.19 (s, 1H), 8.48 (d, J=2.6 Hz, 1H), 8.39 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 8.13 (d, J=7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (dd, J=7.8, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.53-7.57 (m, 2H), 7.47-7.52 (m, 1H), 7.24 (br. s., 1H), 7.19 (br. s., 1H), 7.15 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (dd, J=11.3, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.72-6.81 (m, 2H), 4.38 (ddd, J=9.5, 7.5, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 3.60 (s, 3H), 2.31 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 1.95-2.05 (m, 1H), 1.82-1.93 (m, J=14.0, 9.6, 7.0, 7.0 Hz, 1H)

LR MS (ES-): 588 (M-H)

## Example 60

N-[4-(ethylamino)-4-oxobutyl]-5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino)carbonyl}amino)phenoxy] pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

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Similar procedure as Example 61.

 $^{1}$ H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$ : 11.96 (br. s., 1H), 9.20 (s, 1H), 8.48 (d, J=2.6 Hz, 1H), 8.39 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (dd, J=7.8, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (br. s., 1H), 7.76 (t, J=5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.53-7.58 (m, 2H), 7.44 (br. s., 1H), 7.23 (br. s., 1H), 7.13-7.19 (m, 3H), 7.08 (dd, J=11.3, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.75-6.84 (m, 2H), 3.11-3.17 (m, 2H), 3.01 (qd, J=7.2, 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 2.05 (t, J=7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.66 (quin, J=7.3 Hz, 2H), 0.96 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 559 (MH), 581 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 557 (M-H)

## Example 61

5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-N-[4-(3-hydroxypyrrolidin-1-yl)-4-oxobutyl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

A mixture of 4-{[(5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}butanoic acid (60 mg, 0.1 mmol), HATU (50 mg, 0.13 mmol) and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (43 mg, 0.33 mmol) in anhydrous DMF (8 ml) was stirred at room temperature for 10 minutes, followed by addition of (R)-3-pyrrolidinol (14 mg, 0.16 mmol). The mixture was stirred for another 10 minutes and poured into 100 ml of water. 2M HCl was added dropwise until pH=4~5. The precipitates were filtered, washed with water and dried in vacuo to give 5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-N-[4-(3-hydroxy-pyrrolidin-1-yl)-4-oxobutyl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide as white solid. Yield: 40 mg, 59%.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) &: 11.97 (br. s., 1H), 9.31 (s, 1H), 8.53 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.39 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (dd, J=7.8, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (d, J=4.4 Hz, 1H), 7.54-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.42-7.48 (m, 1H), 7.24 (br. s., 1H), 7.16 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.05-7.10 (m, 1H), 6.78 (ddd, J=7.5, 5.0, 2.2 Hz, 2H), 4.24-4.28 (m, OH), 4.16-4.21 (m, 1H), 3.40-3.48 (m, 2H), 3.35 (ddd, J=11.6, 8.4, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 3.25-3.30 (m, 1H), 3.14-3.25 (m, 4H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 2.23-2.27 (m, 1H), 2.20 (t, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 1.84-1.92 (m, 1H), 1.75-1.82 (m, 1H), 1.65-1.73 (m, 2H)

LR MS (ES+): 601 (MH), 623 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 599 (M-H)

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Example 62

5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-N-[4-(hydroxyamino)-4-oxobutyl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

Similar procedure as Example 61.

H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) &: 11.92 (br. s., 1H), 10.33 (s, 1H), 9.18 (s, 1H), 8.47 (d, J=2.6 Hz, 1H), 8.39 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (dd, J=7.9, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.87-7.92 (m, 1H), 7.51-7.58 (m, 2H), 7.38-7.46 (m, 1H), 7.21 (br. s., 1H), 7.11-7.18 (m, 3H), 7.05-7.11 (m, 1H), 6.72-6.82 (m, 2H), 3.14 (q, J=6.7 degrees)
Hz, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 1.96 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.66 (quin, J=7.3 Hz, 2H)

LR MS (ES+): 547 (MH), 569 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 545 (M-H)

# Example 63

2-{[(5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}pentanedioic acid

Similar procedure as Example 132.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 12.42 (br. s., 1H), 12.12 (br. s., 1H), 11.86 (br. s., 1H), 9.15 (s, 1H), 8.46 (d, J=2.6 Hz, 1H), 8.37 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.93-8.01 (m, 2H), 7.51-7.58 (m, 2H), 7.44 (br. s., 1H), 7.18 (s, 1H), 7.11-7.16 (m, 3H), 7.08 (dd, J=11.3, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.75-6.82 (m, 1H), 6.69 (d, J=3.8 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (ddd, J=9.7, 7.9, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 2.30 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 1.96-2.05 (m, 1H), 1.80-1.91 (m, J=14.0, 9.8, 7.2, 7.2 Hz, 1H)

LR MS (ES-): 574 (M-H)

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## Example 64

dimethyl 2-{[(5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}pentanedioate

Similar procedure as Example 132.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$ : 12.27 (br. s., 1H), 9.33 (br. s., 25 1H), 8.50-8.57 (m, 1H), 8.44 (d, J=6.2 Hz, 1H), 8.23 (d, J=6.7 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (d, J=6.5 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (br. s., 1H), 7.58 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.39 (br. s., 2H), 7.19 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (dd, J=11.2, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (br. s., 1H), 6.79 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.35-4.43 (m, 1H), 3.60 (s, 3H), 3.55 (s, 3H), 2.40  $^{30}$  (t, J=7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.22-2.28 (m, 3H), 2.00-2.10 (m, 1H), 1.88-1.97 (m, 1H)

LR MS (ES+): 626 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 602 (M-H)

#### Example 65

1-[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]pyrrolidine-3-carboxylic acid

Similar procedure as Example 132.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 12.47 (br. s., 1H), 11.85-12.01 (m, 1H), 9.05 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.94 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.39 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 8.22 (t, J=9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (dd, J=7.8, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (br. s., 1H), 7.21-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.06-7.14 (m, 2H), 7.01 (dd, J=9.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (ddd, J=7.6, 5.1, 1.9 65 Hz, 1H), 6.65-6.76 (m, 1H), 2.97-3.93 (m, 5H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 1.93-2.19 (m, 2H)

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LR MS (ES+): 562 (MH), 584 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 560 (M-H)

#### Example 66

4-{[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}butanoic acid

To a stirred solution of ethyl 4-{[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy] pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}butanoate (45 mg, 0.078 mmol) in 10 ml of THF was added 3 ml of 1M NaOH (3.0 mmol). The mixture was heated at 60° C. for 3 hours, cooled to room temperature and poured into 100 ml of water. 2M HCl was added until pH=5. The precipitates were filtered, washed with water, and dried to give 4-{[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl) carbonyl]amino}butanoic acid as grey solid. Yield: 40 mg, 93%.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 11.99 (br. s., 1H), 11.82 (br. s., 1H), 9.06 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.94 (d, J=2.6 Hz, 1H), 8.38 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 8.23 (t, J=9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (dd, J=7.9, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (t, J=5.7 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (br. s., 1H), 7.27 (dd, J=11.7, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (s, 1H), 7.09 (dd, J=11.3, 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.02 (dd, J=8.9, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.77-6.82 (m, 1H), 6.73-6.77 (m, 1H), 3.16 (q, J=6.7 Hz, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 2.22 (t, J=7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.67 (quin, J=7.2 Hz, 2H) LR MS (ES-): 548 (M-H)

## Example 67

ethyl 4-{[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methyl-phenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}butanoate

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Similar procedure as Example 132.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 8: 11.99 (br. s., 1H), 9.09 (d, J=1.5 Hz, 1H), 8.96 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.42 (d, J=6.2 Hz, 1H), 8.26 (t, J=9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (dd, J=7.8, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.86-7.94 (m, 1H), 7.46 (br. s., 1H), 7.25-7.34 (m, 2H), 7.22 (br. s., 1H), 5 7.09 (dd, J=11.3, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.02-7.07 (m, 1H), 6.87 (br. s., 1H), 6.76-6.82 (m, 1H), 4.01 (q, J=7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.13-3.21 (m, 2H), 2.30 (t, J=7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 1.70 (quin, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.14 (t, J=7.04 Hz, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 578 (MH), 600 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 576 (M-H)

#### Example 68

4-{[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}butanoic acid

Similar procedure as Example 66.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 8:12.00 (br. s., 1H), 11.82 (br. s., 1H), 8.97 (s, 1H), 8.57 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.38 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 8.21 (t, J=9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (t, J=5.7 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (br. s., 1H), 7.24-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.17-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.13-7.17 (m, 1H), 7.10 (br. s., 1H), 7.02 (dd, J=8.8, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, 40 J=7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (br. s., 1H), 3.16 (q, J=6.7 Hz, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 2.22 (t, J=7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.67 (quin, J=7.2 Hz, 2H)

LR MS (ES+): 532 (MH), 554 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 530 (M-H)

## Example 69

3-{[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}propanoic acid

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Similar procedure as Example 66.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO- $^{4}$ ) δ: 11.93 (br. s., 2H), 9.08 (br. s., 1H), 8.96 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.41 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 8.25 (t, J=8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.94 (br. s., 1H), 7.43 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, J=10.3 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (br. s., 1H), 7.17 (br. s., 1H), 7.09 (dd, J=11.3, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, J=8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (br. s., 1H), 6.76-6.81 (m, 1H), 3.33-3.38 (m, 2H), 2.44 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES-): 534 (M-H)

#### Example 70

N-ethyl-5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

Similar procedure as Example 132.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$ : 11.98 (br. s., 1H), 9.11 (s, 1H), 8.67 (br. s., 1H), 8.41 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 8.23 (t, J=9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.87 (t, J=5.0 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (br. s., 1H), 7.25-7.32 (m, 3H), 7.18-7.25 (m, 2H), 7.12-7.17 (m, 1H), 7.04 (dd, J=9.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (br. s., 1H), 6.79 (d, J=7.3 Hz, 1H), 3.15-3.22 (m, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 1.05 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 474 (MH), 496 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 472 (M-H)

## Example 71

{[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}acetic acid

8.73 (d, J=1.5 Hz, 1H), 8.38 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.18 (t, J=9.1

55 Similar procedure as Example 66. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ:11.84 (br. s., 1H), 9.23 (s, 1H), Hz, 1H), 8.12 (t, J=5.4 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (dd, J=2.9, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 7.21-7.26 (m, 2H), 7.19 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (t, J=7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.08-7.11 (m, 1H), 7.01 (dd, J=9.0, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, J=7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (dd, J=5.9, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES-): 502 (M-H)

#### Example 72

methyl {[(5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}acetate

Similar procedure as Example 132.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) &: 11.87 (br. s., 1H), 8.96 (s, 1H), 8.56 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.38 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 8.31 (t, J=6.0  $^{35}\mathrm{Hz}$ , 1H), 8.20 (t, J=9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (dd, J=3.2, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.24-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.21 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.13-7.17 (m, 1H), 7.08-7.10 (m, 1H), 7.01 (dd, J=8.5, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J=7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (dd, J=5.9, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 3.60 (s, 3H), 2.26 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 518 (MH), 540 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 516 (M-H)

#### Example 73

1-(2-fluoro-4-{[2-(4-{[(3R)-3-hydroxypyrrolidin-1-yl]carbonyl}-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl] oxy}phenyl)-3-(3-methylphenyl)urea

Similar procedure as Example 132.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) &: 11.87 (br. s., 1H), 8.97 (s, 1H), 8.56 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.37 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 8.18 (t, J=9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.18-7.30 (m, 4H), 7.12-7.17 (m, 1H), 7.08 (d, J=18.8 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (dt, J=7.6, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.90 (d, J=9.4 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (br. s., 1H), 3.68-3.82 (m, 2H), 3.42-3.54 (m, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 1.72-1.97 (m, 2H) LR MS (ES+): 516 (MH), 538 (M+Na $^{+}$ )

LR MS (ES-): 514 (M-H)

#### Example 74

1-{2-fluoro-4-[(2-{4-[(3-hydroxypiperidin-1-yl)car-bonyl]-1H-pyrrol-2-yl}pyridin-4-yl)oxy]phenyl}-3-(3-methylphenyl)urea

Similar procedure as Example 132.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 11.83 (br. s., 1H), 8.96 (s, 1H), 8.55 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.37 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.19 (t, J=9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (s, 1H), 7.19-7.25 (m, 2H), 7.15 (t, J=7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (br. s., 1H), 6.97-7.01 (m, 1H), 6.90 (s, 1H), 6.79 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (dd, J=5.7, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 4.87 (br. s., 1H), 4.04 (br. s., 1H), 3.85 (br. s., 1H), 3.41-3.52 (m, 1H), 3.07 (t, J=10.1 Hz, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 1.78-1.90 (m, 1H), 1.67 (td, J=8.8, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 1.30-1.43 (m, 2H)

LR MS (ES+): 530 (MH), 552 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 528 (M-H)

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# Example 75

5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid

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 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMŘ (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 8: 12.04 (br. s., 1H), 11.87 (br. s., 1H), 8.97 (br. s., 1H), 8.56 (br. s., 1H), 8.39 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (t, J=9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (br. s., 2H), 7.19-7.30 (m, 3H), 7.12-7.17 (m, 1H), 7.08 (br. s., 1H), 7.00 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 51H), 6.79 (d, J=7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (br. s., 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H) LR MS (ES+): 469 (MH)

## Example 76

methyl 5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

Similar procedure as Example 135.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 8: 12.11 (br. s., 1H), 8.96 (s, 1H), 8.55 (s, 1H), 8.38 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 8.19 (t, J=9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (dd, J=3.1, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 7.19-7.26 (m, 2H), 7.12-7.17 (m, 1H), 7.09-7.12 (m, 1H), 7.00 (dd, J=9.1, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J=7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 2.26 (s, 3H) LR MS (ES+): 461 (MH), 483 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>)

LR MS (ES-): 459 (M-H)

## Example 77

5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-N-(2-{2-[2-(2-hydroxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethoxy}ethyl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

Similar procedure as Example 132.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 8: 11.92 (br. s., 1H), 9.20 (s, 1H), 8.48 (br. s., 1H), 8.38 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.96 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (br. s., 1H), 7.55 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (br. s., 1H), 7.20 (br. s., 1H), 7.11-7.17 (m, 3H), 7.08 (dd, J=11.2, 65 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.73-6.81 (m, 2H), 3.41-3.48 (m, 12H), 3.34-3.39 (m, 2H), 3.31 (q, J=5.8 Hz, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H)

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LR MS (ES+): 622 (MH), 644 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 620 (M-H)

## Example 78

4-{[(5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}butanoic acid

Similar procedure as Example 66.

 $^{1}$ H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$ : 11.83 (br. s., 1H), 9.17 (s, 1H), 8.49 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.39 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.95-8.02 (m, 1H), 7.88 (t, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (br. s., 1H), 7.16 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 2H), 7.06-7.17 (m, 3H), 6.77-6.85 (m, 1H), 6.67-6.76 (m, 1H), 3.16-3.22 (m, 2H), 2.28 (s, 3H), 2.25 (t, J=7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.70 (quin, J=7.2 Hz, 2H)

LR MS (ES+): 532 (MH) LR MS (ES-): 530 (M-H)

#### Example 79

ethyl 4-{[(5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}butanoate

Similar procedure as Example 132. LR MS (ES+): 560 (MH), 582 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>)

LR MS (ES-): 558 (M-H)

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2,4-Dichloropyrdine (4.44 g, 30.0 mmol) and potassium carbonate (8.28 g, 60.0 mmol) in dimethylformamide (60 mL) was purged with nitrogen for 10 min. 4-Aminothiophenol (3.76 g, 30.0 mmol) was added and the mixture stirred under nitrogen at room temperature for 18 h. Water (300 mL) was added and the slurry stirred for 30 min. The resulting solid was filtered, washed with water and vacuum dried at room temperature. Recrystallization from ethyl acetate (35 mL), filtered hot, then cooled gave 4-(2-Chloropyridin-4-ylsulfanyl)-phenylamine (3.946 g, 56% yield).

Preparation of 1-[4-(2-Chloro-pyridin-4-ylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-3-(2-fluoro-5-methyl-phenyl)-urea

$$\bigcup_{N = Cl} N \bigcup_{N = Cl} N \bigcup_{$$

To a stirred solution of 4-(2-Chloro-pyridin-4-ylsulfanyl)-phenylamine (300 mg, 1.27 mmol) in anhydrous THF (10 35 ml) was added 2-fluoro-5-methyl-phenylisocyanate (210 mg, 1.39 mmol). The mixture was stirred at 60° C. for 5 hours, and poured into 100 ml of water. The precipitates were filtered, washed with water (50 ml), and dried to give the crude, which was purified by silica gel chromatography 40 eluting with 2-3% MeOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> to give 1-[4-(2-Chloro-pyridin-4-ylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-3-(2-fluoro-5-methyl-phenyl)-urea as white solid. Yield: 410 mg, 83%.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) &: 9.37 (s, 1H), 8.57 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.17 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.89-8.01 (m, 1H), 7.58-7.70 45 (m, 2H), 7.47-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.10 (dd, J=11.4, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.94-7.03 (m, 2H), 6.82 (dd, J=4.8, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H)

## Example 80

5-(4-{[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenyl]thio}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid

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To a stirred solution of methyl 5-(4-{[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenyl]thio}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (86 mg, 0.18 mmol) in a mixture of solvents THF/MeOH (5 ml/5 ml) was added 2 ml of 1M NaOH (2 mmol) solution. The mixture was heated in a 66° C. bath for 7 hours, cooled to room temperature and poured into 100 ml of water. 2M HCl was added until pH=3. The resulting precipitates were filtered, washed with water, and dried in vacuo to give 5-(4-{[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methyl-phenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenyl]thio}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid as light brown solid. Yield: 73 mg, 88%.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 12.01 (br. s., 1H), 9.37 (s, 1H), 8.56 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.27 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.44-7.68 (m, 5H), 7.36 (br. s., 1H), 7.10 (dd, J=11.1, 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (br. s., 1H), 6.81 (br. s., 1H), 6.69 (d, J=5.3 Hz, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES-): 461 (M-H)

## Example 81

3-{[(5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}propanoic acid

Similar procedure as Example 66.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 8: 12.12 (br. s., 1H), 11.81 (br. s., 1H), 9.15 (s, 1H), 8.46 (br. s., 1H), 8.36 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.96 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (t, J=5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (br. s., 1H), 7.13 (dd, J=6.6, 2.2 Hz, 3H), 7.08 (dd, J=11.2, 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (br. s., 1H), 6.75-6.82 (m, 1H), 6.70 (d, J=3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.32-3.41 (m, 2H), 2.43 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 518 (MH), 540 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 516 (M-H)

#### Example 82

4-{S-methyl-N-[(5-{4-[4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]sulfonimidoyl}butanoic acid

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & H & H \\ \hline & N & \\ &$$

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To a stirred solution of methyl 4-{S-methyl-N-[(5-{4-[4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]

sulfonimidoyl}butanoate (5 mg, 0.0087 mol) in MeOH (3 ml) was added 1M NaOH (0.5 ml, 0.5 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes, and poured into 30 ml of water. 2M HCl was added dropwise until pH=4. The precipitates were filtered, washed with water and dried to give  $4-\{S-\text{methyl-N-}[(5-\{4-[4-(\{[(3-\text{methylphenyl})\}$ amino|carbonyl}amino)phenoxy|pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]sulfonimidoyl}butanoic acid as off-white solid. Yield: 5 mg, 100%.

LR MS (ES+): 576 (MH), 598 (M+Na+) LR MS (ES-): 574 (M-H)

#### Example 83

 $1-[(5-\{4-[4-(\{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]\}$ carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]pyrrolidine-3-carboxylic acid

Similar procedure as Example 132.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 12.04 (br. s., 1H), 9.16 (s, 1H), 8.46 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.39 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.93-7.99 (m, 1H), 7.54 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (br. s., 1H), 7.33 (br. s., 40 1H), 7.14 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (dd, J=11.3, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.75-6.82 (m, 1H), 6.72 (br. s., 1H), 2.98-3.93 (m, 5H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 1.93-2.19 (m, 2H)

LR MS (ES+): 544 (MH), 566 (M+Na+) LR MS (ES-): 542 (M-H)

#### Example 84

 $\{[(5-\{4-[4-(\{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino}]$ carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}acetic acid

Similar procedure as Example 66.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 12.42 (br. s., 1H), 11.85 (br. s., 1H), 9.15 (s, 1H), 8.47 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.37 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 8.21 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.90-8.03 (m, 1H), 7.55 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (br. s., 1H), 7.02-7.21 (m, 5H), 6.74-6.84 (m, 1H), 6.70 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H)

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LR MS (ES+): 504 (MH), 526 (M+Na+) LR MS (ES-): 502 (M-H)

#### Example 85

 $methyl\ \{[(5\hbox{-}\{4\hbox{-}[4\hbox{-}(\{[(2\hbox{-}fluoro\hbox{-}5\hbox{-}methylphenyl)$ amino|carbonyl|amino)phenoxy|pyridin-2-yl|-1Hpyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}acetate

Similar procedure as Example 132.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 12.00 (br. s., 1H), 9.18 (s, 1H), 8.48 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.29-8.44 (m, 2H), 7.97 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (br. s., 1H), 7.02-7.27 (m, 5H), 6.79 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 2H), 3.91 (d, J=6.2 Hz, 2H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 2.26 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 518 (MH), 540 (M+Na+) LR MS (ES-): 516 (M-H)

## Example 86

 $1-[(5-\{4-[4-(\{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]\}$ carbonyl\amino)phenoxy|pyridin-2-yl\-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]piperidine-4-sulfonic acid

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Similar procedure as Example 132.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$ : 12.41 (br. s., 1H), 9.24 (s, 1H), 8.46-8.53 (m, 2H), 7.91-7.98 (m, 1H), 7.54-7.64 (m, 3H), 7.45 (br. s., 1H), 7.30 (br. s., 1H), 7.22 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (dd, J=11.2, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (br. s., 1H), 6.75-6.82 (m,  $^{5}$  1H), 4.29 (br. s., 2H), 3.52 (br. s., 2H), 2.48-2.56 (m, 1H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 1.93 (d, J=12.6 Hz, 2H), 1.45 (br. s., 2H)

LR MS (ES+): 616 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 592 (M-H)

## Example 87

methyl 4-{S-methyl-N-[(5-{4-[4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]sulfonimidoyl}butanoate

Similar procedure as Example 101. LR MS (ES+): 590 (MH), 612 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>)

## Example 88

methyl 5-(4-{[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenyl]thio}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

A mixture of 1-[4-(2-Chloro-pyridin-4-ylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-3-(2-fluoro-5-methyl-phenyl)-urea (410 mg, 1.06 60 mmol), methyl-(5-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (532 mg, 2.12 mmol) and  $PdCl_2(dppf).CH_2Cl_2$  (10 mg, 0.012 mmol) was added to a thick-walled reaction vessel and purged with  $N_2$ . A solution of 2M  $Na_2CO_3$  (1.0 mL) was added, followed by DMSO (10 65 mL). The reaction vessel was sealed and the mixture stirred at 95° C. for 16 h. The reaction vessel was cooled to room

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temperature and the mixture was poured into 100 ml of water. The precipitates were filtered, washed with water and dried to give the crude, which was purified via silica gel chromatography eluting with 2-5% MeOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> to afford methyl 5-(4-{[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenyl]thio}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate as off-white solid. Yield: 100 mg, 20% yield.

LR MS (ES+): 477 (MH), 499 (M+Na+)

#### Example 89

N-methyl-5-{4-[4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

Similar procedure as Example 132.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$ : 11.88 (br. s., 1H), 8.89 (s, 1H), 8.69 (s, 1H), 8.37 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (d, J=4.4 Hz, 1H), 7.52-7.58 (m, 2H), 7.37 (br. s., 1H), 7.27 (s, 1H), 7.22 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (br. s., 1H), 7.11-7.15 (m, 3H), 7.08 (br. s., 1H), 6.71-6.80 (m, 2H), 2.67 (d, J=4.7 Hz, 3H), 2.25 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 442 (MH), 464 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>)

LR MS (ES-): 440 (M-H)

## Example 90

1-{4-[(2-{4-[(3-hydroxypiperidin-1-yl)carbonyl]-1H-pyrrol-2-yl}pyridin-4-yl)oxy]phenyl}-3-(3-methylphenyl)urea

Similar procedure as Example 132.

LR MS (ES+): 512 (MH), 534 (M+Na+)

LR MS (ES-): 510 (M-H)

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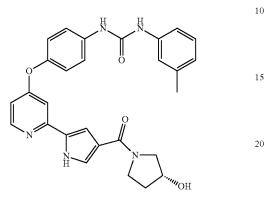
40

167 Example 91 168

Example 93

1-{4-[(2-{4-[(3-hydroxypyrrolidin-1-yl)carbonyl]-1H-pyrrol-2-yl}pyridin-4-yl)oxy]phenyl}-3-(3-methylphenyl)urea

 $N\text{-}ethyl\text{-}5\text{-}\big\{4\text{-}\big[4\text{-}(\big\{[(3\text{-}methylphenyl)amino}\big]$ carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide



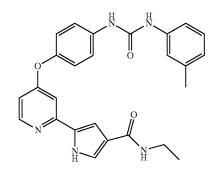
Similar procedure as Example 132.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 11.88 (br. s., 1H), 8.74 (s, 1H), 8.58 (s, 1H), 8.36 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.99-7.39 (m, 8H), 6.78 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (br. s., 1H), 4.31 (br. s., 1H), 3.67-3.87 (m, 2H), 3.49 (br. s., 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 1.88 (br. s., 2H)

LR MS (ES+): 520 (M+Na+)

Example 92

 $N-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)-5-\{4-[4-(\{[(3-methylphe$ nyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide



Similar procedure as Example 132.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 12.09 (br. s., 1H), 8.98 (s, 1H), 8.76 (s, 1H), 8.42 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (br. s., 1H), 7.45-7.65 (m, 3H), 7.05-7.38 (m, 7H), 6.82-6.94 (m, 1H), 30 6.78 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.09-3.27 (m, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 1.06 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 478 (M+Na+) LR MS (ES-): 454 (M-H)

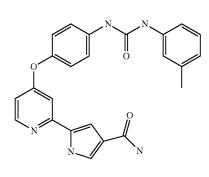
Example 94

5-{4-[4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino) phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

Similar procedure as Example 132.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ: 11.86 (br. s., 1H), 8.78 (s, 1H), 8.61 (s, 1H), 8.37 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.87 (t, J=5.7 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (br. s., 1H), 7.05-7.32 (m, 7H), 6.75 (dd, J=17.7, 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.49-3.61 (m, 1H), 3.22-3.35 (m, 3H), 3.04-3.18 (m, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 524 (M+Na+)



Similar procedure as Example 132.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO, 300 MHz) δ: 11.81 (br. s., 1H), 8.76 (s, 1H), 8.59 (s, 1H), 8.37 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 2H), 7.37 (br. s., 2H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 7.19-7.26 (m, 1H), 7.09-7.18 (m, 4H), 7.04 (br. s., 1H), 6.78 (d, J=7.3 Hz, 2H), 6.69 (dd, J=5.4, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 428 (MH), 450 (M+Na+) LR MS (ES-): 426 (M-H)

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Example 95

**170** Example 97

N-hydroxy-5-{4-[4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

Similar procedure as Example 132.

 $^1\mathrm{H}$  NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO, 300 MHz): 11.98 (br. s., 1H), 10.62 (br. s., 1H), 8.87 (s, 1H), 8.68 (s, 1H), 8.41 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 2H), 7.04-7.46 (m, 8H), 6.80 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.28 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 444 (MH), 466 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>)

LR MS (ES-): 442 (M-H)

## Example 96

5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1Hpyrrole-3-carboxylic acid

Similar procedure as Example 134.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO, 300 MHz): 12.04 (br. s., 1H), 11.88 (br. s., 1H), 9.08 (s, 1H), 8.97 (s, 1H), 8.41 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.25 (t, J=9.2 Hz, 1H), 8.01 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (s, 2H), 7.27 (dd, J=11.9, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.95-7.18 (m, 3H), 6.78-6.88 (m, 1H), 6.74 (dd, J=5.6, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 2.28 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 465 (MH), 487 (M+Na+)

LR MS (ES-): 463 (M-H)

N-[dimethyl(oxido)-lambda~4~-sulfanylidene]-5-{4-[4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

Similar procedure as Example 101.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO, 300 MHz): 11.82 (none, 1H), 11.83 (br. s., 1H), 8.76 (s, 1H), 8.60 (s, 1H), 8.37 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 2H), 7.21-7.35 (m, 4H), 7.08-7.20 (m, 3H), 6.95 (s, 1H), 6.79 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.37 (s, 6H), 2.28 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 526 (M+Na+)

LR MS (ES-): 502 (M-H)

## Example 98

2-hydroxyethyl 5-{4-[4-({[(4-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

Similar procedure as Example 131.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO, 300 MHz): 12.12 (br. s., 1H), 9.19 (s, 1H), 8.97 (s, 1H), 8.40 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 8.12 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.53-7.70 (m, 4H), 7.48 (dd, J=3.1, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 2H), 7.09 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (t, J=5.0 Hz, 2H), 3.59-3.69 ppm (m, 2H)

LR MS (ES+): 583 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>), 585

LR MS (ES-): 559 (M-H), 561

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Example 99

N-[dimethyl(oxido)-lambda~4~-sulfanylidene]-5-{4-[4-({[(4-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & &$$

Similar procedure as Example 101.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO, 300 MHz) 11.83 (br. s., 1H), 9.19 (s, 1H), 8.97 (s, 1H), 8.37 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 8.12 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.54-7.69 (m, 4H), 7.23-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.12-7.19 (m, 2H), 6.93-6.97 (m, 1H), 6.67 (dd, J=5.9, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.37 ppm (s, 6H)

LR MS (ES-): 590 (M-H)

## Example 100

methy  $4-(N-5-\{4-[4-(\{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)\}$ amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1Hpyrrole-3-carboxyl)-S-methylsulfonimidoyl)butano-

LR MS (ES+): 630 (M+Na+) LR MS (ES-): 606 (M-H)

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Example 101

N-[dimethyl(oxido)-lambda~4~-sulfanylidene]-5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & H & H & F \\ \hline & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & &$$

A mixture of  $5-\{4-[4-(\{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)\}$ amino|carbonyl|amino)phenoxy|pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid (60 mg, 0.13 mmol), HATU (60 mg, 0.16 25 mmol), sulfonimidoyldimethane (24 mg, 0.26 mmol), N,Ndiisopropylethylamine (37 mg, 0.29 mmol), 200 mg of 4 Å molecular sieves and 5 ml of anhydrous 1,4-dioxane was added to a thick walled reaction vessel and purged with N<sub>2</sub>. The reaction vessel was sealed and the mixture stirred at 90° C. for 18 hours. The reaction vessel was cooled to room temperature and the mixture was poured into 100 ml of water. The precipitates were filtered, washed with water and dried to give the crude, which was purified by silica gel chromatography eluting with 3-5% MeOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> to give N-[dimethyl(oxido)-lambda~4~-sulfanylidene]-5-{4-[4-({ [(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide as solid. Yield: 38 mg, 54%.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 11.83 (br. s., 1H), 9.16 (s, 1H), 8.48 (br. s., 1H), 8.37 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (d, J=6.7 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (dd, J=8.6, 1.6 Hz, 2H), 7.05-7.19 (m, 3H), 6.96 (s, 1H), 6.75-6.85 (m, 1H), 6.66 (dd, J=5.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 3.37 (s, 6H), 2.27 (s, 3H) LR MS (ES+): 544 (M+Na+)

LR MS (ES-): 520 (M-H)

# Example 102

 $methyl(2S)-1-(2-\{[(5-\{4-[4-(\{[(2-fluoro-5-methyl$ phenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}ethyl)pyrrolidine-2-carboxylate

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Similar procedure as Example 132.

LR MS (ES+): 623 (M+Na+)

LR MS (ES-): 599 (M-H)

## Example 103

N,N-diethyl-5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

Similar procedure as Example 132.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 11.97 (br. s., 1H), 9.19 (s, 1H), 8.49 (d, J=2.6 Hz, 1H), 8.40 (d, J=6.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (dd, J=7.8, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.53-7.61 (m, 2H), 7.40 (d, J=1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.05-7.25 (m, 4H), 7.01 (br. s., 1H), 6.76-6.86 (m, 1H), 6.67-6.76 (m, 1H), 3.26-3.64 (m, 4H), 2.27 (s, 3H), 1.13 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 6H)

LR MS (ES+): 524 (M+Na+)

LR MS (ES-): 500 (M-H)

## Example 104

1-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-3-{4-[(2-{4-[(4-meth-ylpiperazin-1-yl)carbonyl]-1H-pyrrol-2-yl}pyridin-4-yl)oxy]phenyl}urea

Similar procedure as Example 132.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 11.87 (br. s., 1H), 9.16 (s, 1H), 8.47 (d, J=2.6 Hz, 1H), 8.37 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (dd, J=8.1,  $_{60}$  1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.50-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.35 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.08-7.19 (m, 4H), 6.87-6.95 (m, 1H), 6.80 (ddd, J=7.7, 5.1, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (dd, J=5.9, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.60 (d, J=4.1 Hz, 4H), 2.23-2.35 (m, 7H), 2.18 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 551 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>)

LR MS (ES-): 527 (M-H)

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Example 105

5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-N-(2-pyrrolidin-1-ylethyl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

Similar procedure as Example 132.

 $^{25} \quad ^{1}\text{H NMR (d}_{6}\text{-DMSO): } 11.80 \text{ (br. s., 1H), } 9.17 \text{ (s, 1H), } 8.48 \\ \text{ (d, J=2.6 Hz, 1H), } 8.37 \text{ (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), } 7.98 \text{ (dd, J=7.9, } \\ 2.1 \text{ Hz, 1H), } 7.82 \text{ (t, J=5.7 Hz, 1H), } 7.50\text{-}7.63 \text{ (m, 2H), } 7.35 \\ \text{ (dd, J=2.9, 1.8 Hz, 1H), } 7.00\text{-}7.20 \text{ (m, 5H), } 6.80 \text{ (dt, J=7.9, } \\ 2.2 \text{ Hz, 1H), } 6.70 \text{ (dd, J=5.9, 2.3 Hz, 1H), } 3.21\text{-}3.35 \text{ (m, 2H), } \\ 30 \text{ 2.37-2.57 (m, 6H), } 2.27 \text{ (s, 3H), } 1.65 \text{ (dt, J=6.6, 3.1 Hz, 4H)} \\ \end{aligned}$ 

LR MS (ES+): 565 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 541 (M-H)

## Example 106

1-[4-({2-[4-(aziridin-1-ylcarbonyl)-1H-pyrrol-2-yl] pyridin-4-yl}oxy)phenyl]-3-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)urea

Similar procedure as Example 132.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 11.90 (br. s., 1H), 9.15 (s, 1H), 8.47 (d, J=2.6 Hz, 1H), 8.36 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (dd, J=8.2, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.50-7.58 (m, 2H), 7.28 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (br. s., 1H), 7.04-7.17 (m, 3H), 6.97 (br. s., 1H), 6.79 (ddd, J=7.5, 5.1, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (dd, J=5.7, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 4.17-4.31 (m, 2H), 3.82 (t, J=9.2 Hz, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 494 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>)

LR MS (ES-): 470 (M-H)

**175** Example 107

3-carboxamide

5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-

Similar procedure as Example 132.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 11.89 (br. s., 1H), 9.21 (s, 1H), 8.50 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.39 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (dd, J=8.1, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.53-7.62 (m, 2H), 7.43 (br. s., 2H), 7.05-7.24 (m, 5H), 6.71-6.86 (m, 3H), 2.27 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 468 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 444 (M-H)

## Example 108

5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-N-hydroxy-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

Similar procedure as Example 132.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 12.10 (br. s., 1H), 10.66 (br. s., 1H), 9.29 (s, 1H), 8.53 (br. s., 1H), 8.43 (d, J=6.2 Hz, 1H), 7.93-8.03 (m, 1H), 7.59 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.39-7.50 (m, 1H), 7.30 (br. s., 1H), 7.05-7.26 (m, 4H), 6.75-6.91 (m, 2H), 2.27 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 484 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 460 (M-H) 176

Example 109

1-[4-({2-[4-(azetidin-1-ylcarbonyl)-1H-pyrrol-2-yl] pyridin-4-yl}oxy)phenyl]-3-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)urea

Similar procedure as Example 132.

 $^{25} \quad ^{1}\text{H NMR} \, (\text{d}_{6}\text{-DMSO}) : 11.67 \, (\text{br. s., 1H}), 9.16 \, (\text{s, 1H}), 8.47 \\ \, (\text{d, J=}2.1 \, \text{Hz, 1H}), 8.34 \, (\text{d, J=}5.6 \, \text{Hz, 1H}), 7.97 \, (\text{d, J=}5.9 \, \text{Hz, 1H}), 7.54 \, (\text{d, J=}9.1 \, \text{Hz, 2H}), 7.02\text{-}7.23 \, (\text{m, 5H}), 6.86 \, (\text{br. s., 1H}), 6.74\text{-}6.83 \, (\text{m, 1H}), 6.64 \, (\text{dd, J=}5.9, 2.3 \, \text{Hz, 1H}), \\ \, 4.14\text{-}4.28 \, (\text{m, 2H}), 3.33\text{-}3.42 \, (\text{m, 2H}), 2.26 \, (\text{s, 3H}), 1.83 \, (\text{br. 30}) \\ \, \text{s., 2H})$ 

LR MS (ES+): 486 (M+H) LR MS (ES-): 484 (M-H)

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## Example 110

5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-N-(3-hydroxypropyl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

Similar procedure as Example 132.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 11.78 (br. s., 1H), 9.20 (s, 1H), 8.51 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.36 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.96 (dd, J=7.9, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.83 (t, J=5.7 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 2H), 7.32-7.36 (m, 1H), 7.02-7.17 (m, 5H), 6.78 (td, J=5.3, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 6.69 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (t, J=5.3 Hz, 1H), 3.41 (q, J=6.2 Hz, 2H), 3.15-3.26 (m, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 1.60 (quin, J=6.7 Hz, 2H)

LR MS (ES+): 526 (M+Na+) LR MS (ES-): 502 (M-H)

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**177** Example 111

**7 178** e 111 Example 113

2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl 5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

2-methoxyethyl 5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphe-nyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

$$\begin{array}{c} H \\ H \\ N \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} H \\ N \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} H \\ N \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} CH_3 \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} O \\ -CH_3 \\ \end{array}$$

 $^{1}$ H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 12.12 (br. s., 1H), 9.15 (s, 1H), 8.46 (br. s., 1H), 8.38 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (s, 1H), 7.54

(d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (d, J=1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, J=1.8 Hz,

1H), 7.01-7.19 (m, 4H), 6.78 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (dd, J=5.9, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 4.17-4.32 (m, 2H), 3.51-3.65 (m, 2H),

Similar procedure as Example 131.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 12.12 (br. s., 1H), 9.15 (s, 1H), 8.47 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.38 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (dd, J=8.1, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.49-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.41 (dd, J=3.1, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.03-7.17 (m, 4H), 6.74-6.84 (m, 1H), 6.67 (dd, J=5.7, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 4.20-4.28 (m, 2H), 3.62-3.70 (m, 2H), 3.51-3.59 (m, 2H), 3.39-3.46 (m, 2H), 3.18-3.24 (m, 3H), 2.26 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 571 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 547 (M-H)

Example 114

LR MS (ES+): 527 (M+Na+)

LR MS (ES-): 503 (M-H)

3.29 (s, 3H), 2.26 (s, 3H)

Similar procedure as Example 131.

Example 112

N-ethyl-5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy|pyridin-2-yl}-N-(2-methoxyethyl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

Similar procedure as Example 132.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 11.93 (br. s., 1H), 9.23 (s, 1H), 8.50 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.39 (d, J=6.2 Hz, 1H), 7.96 (dd, J=7.9, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.87 (t, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (br. s., 1H), 7.02-7.27 (m, 5H), 6.72-6.86 (m, 2H), 3.09-3.25 (m, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 1.06 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 496 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 472 (M-H) Similar procedure as Example 132.

 $^{1}\rm{H}$  NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 11.86 (br. s., 1H), 9.17 (s, 1H), 8.48 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.38 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.86-8.02 (m, 2H), 7.56 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (br. s., 1H), 7.02-7.21 (m, 5H), 6.67-6.84 (m, 2H), 3.26-3.50 (m, 7H), 2.26 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 526 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 502 (M-H)

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179 Example 115

180 Example 117

5-{4-[4-({[(3-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino) phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid

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Similar procedure as Example 134.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 12.05 (br. s., 1H), 8.79 (s, 1H), 8.62 (s, 1H), 8.39 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.52-7.61 (m, 2H), 7.39 (dd, J=3.1, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (s, 1H), 7.21-7.27 (m, 1H), 7.10-7.20 (m, 3H), 7.05 (s, 1H), 6.79 (d, J=7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 2.28 (s, 3H) LR MS (ES-): 427 (M-H)

## Example 116

methyl  $5-\{4-[4-(\{[(3-methylphenyl)amino]\}\}$ carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

Similar procedure as Example 135.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 12.12 (br. s., 1H), 9.02 (br. s., 1H), 8.85 (br. s., 1H), 8.36 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.50-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.41 (d, J=1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.24 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.08-7.18 (m, 3H), 7.06 (d, J=1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 2.26 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 465 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 441 (M-H)

 $5-\{4-[2-fluoro-4-(\{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)$ amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1Hpyrrole-3-carboxylic acid

Similar procedure as Example 134.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 12.03 (br. s., 1H), 11.86 (br. s., 1H), 9.62 (s, 1H), 8.65 (s, 1H), 8.38 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.94 (dd, J=7.9, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (dd, J=13.2, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.26-7.40 (m, 3H), 7.15-7.24 (m, 1H), 7.01-7.14 (m, 2H), 6.81 (td, J=5.3, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (dd, J=5.7, 2.2 Hz, 1H), <sub>30</sub> 2.26 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 487 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 463 (M-H)

## Example 118

methyl 5-{4-[2-fluoro-4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino|carbonyl|amino)phenoxy|pyridin-2-yl|-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

$$\begin{array}{c|c} F \\ \hline \\ O \\ \hline \\ N \\ \hline \\ N \\ \hline \\ O \\ \hline \\ O \\ CH_3 \\ \end{array}$$

Similar procedure as Example 135.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 12.13 (br. s., 1H), 9.34 (s, 1H), 8.55 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.39 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.94 (dd, J=7.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (dd, J=13.5, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (dd, J=3.2, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.26-7.36 (m, 1H), 7.18 (dd, J=8.9, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.05-7.15 (m, 2H), 6.77-6.87 (m, 1H), 6.70 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 2.26 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 501 (M+Na+) LR MS (ES-): 477 (M-H)

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181 Example 119

182 Example 121

5-(4-{4-[({[4-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] amino}carbonyl)amino]phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1Hpyrrole-3-carboxylic acid

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5-(4-{4-[({[4-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] amino}carbonyl)amino]phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1Hpyrrole-3-carboxylic acid

Similar procedure as Example 134

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d6-DMSO), 12.05 (d,1H), 9.11 (s, 1H), 8.96 (s, 1H), 8.38 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (dd, J=6.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.60-7.72 (m, 1H), 7.56 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 2H), 7.27-7.49 (m, 3H), 7.14 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 2H), 7.03 (br. s., 1H), 6.67 (dd, 30 J=5.7, 2.2 Hz, 1H)

LR MS (ES-): 499 (M-H)

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methyl 5-(4-{4-[({[4-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyllamino carbonyl)amino phenoxy pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

Example 120

Similar procedure as Example 134.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 12.08 (br. s., 1H), 9.23 (s, 1H), 9.00 (s, 1H), 8.39 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 7.48-7.72 (m, 4H), 7.27-7.47 (m, 2H), 7.00-7.23 (m, 3H), 6.69 (br. s., 1H)

LR MS (ES-): 515 (M-H)

#### Example 122

methyl 5-(4-{4-[({[4-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino}carbonyl)amino]phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

Similar procedure as Example 135.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 12.12 (br. s., 1H), 9.04 (s, 1H), 8.91 (s, 1H), 8.37 (d, J=6.2 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (dd, J=6.4, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.60-7.69 (m, 1H), 7.51-7.61 (m, 2H), 7.37-7.49 (m, 2H), 7.34 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.09-7.18 (m, 2H), 7.01-7.09 (m, 1H), 6.66 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 537 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>)

LR MS (ES-): 513 (M-H)

Similar procedure as Example 135.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 12.12 (br. s., 1H), 9.17 (s, 1H), 8.94 (s, 1H), 8.38 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.51-7.69 (m, 4H), 7.42 (dd, J=3.2, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.10-7.18 (m, 2H), 7.03-7.09 (m, 1H), 6.66 (dd, J=5.9, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 553 (M+Na+)

LR MS (ES-): 529 (M-H)

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## Example 123

4-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}thiophene-2-carboxylic acid

To a stirred solution of methyl 4- $\{4-[4-(\{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl\}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl\}thiophene-2-carboxylate (550 mg, 1.15 mmol) in a mixture of solvents—THF/MeOH (20 ml/20 ml) was added 1 ml of 5M NaOH (5 mmol) solution. The mixture was heated in a 66° C. bath for 2 hours, cooled to room temperature and poured into 200 ml of water. 2M HCl was added until pH=5. The resulting precipitates were filtered, washed with water, and dried in vacuo to give 4-<math>\{4-[4-(\{[(2-fluoro-5-methyl-phenyl)amino]carbonyl\}amino)phenoxylpyridin-2-yl\}thiophene-2-carboxylic acid as off-white solid. Yield: 520 mg, 97%.$ 

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 9.30 (s, 1H), 8.59 (d, J=2.6 Hz, 1H), 8.43 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 8.35 (br. s., 1H), 8.13 (br. s., 1H), 7.95 (dd, J=7.8, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.51-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.45  $_{35}$  (s, 1H), 7.03-7.18 (m, 3H), 6.75-6.83 (m, 1H), 6.72 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 2.25 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES-): 462 (M-H)

#### Example 124

2-hydroxyethyl 4-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphe-nyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\$$

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) &: 12.11 (br. s., 1H), 9.15 (s, 1H), 8.47 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.33 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (dd, J=7.9, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (dd, J=2.9, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.22-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.01-7.18 (m, 3H), 6.72-6.85 (m, 1H), 6.58 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (t, 65 J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (t, J=5.1 Hz, 2H), 3.57-3.73 (m, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H)

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LR MS (ES+): 491 (MH), 513 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 489 (M-H)

## Example 125

{1-[(5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]piperidin-4-yl}acetic acid

To a stirred solution of methyl {1-[(5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]piperidin-4-yl}acetate (50 mg, 0.085 mmol) in THF/MeOH (5 ml/5 ml) was added 1M NaOH solution (3 ml, 3 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for one hour, and poured into 50 ml of water. 2M HCl was added until pH=4. The resulting precipitates were filtered, washed with water, and dried in vacuo to give {1-[(5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]piperidin-4-yl}acetic acid as white solid. Yield: 47 mg, 96%.

LR MS (ES-): 570 (M-H)

#### Example 126

methyl {1-[(5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]piperidin-4-yl}acetate

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Similar procedure as Example 132.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 11.83 (br. s., 1H), 9.14 (s, 1H), 8.46 (br. s., 1H), 8.35 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.01-7.18 (m, 4H), 6.86 (s, 1H), 6.80 (d, J=4.4 Hz, 1H), 6.61 (dd, J=5.9, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 4.26 (br. s., 2H), 3.57 (s, 3H), 2.87 (br. s., 2H), 2.18-2.32 (m, 5H), 1.93 (br. s., 1H), 1.65 (br. s., 2H), 1.14 (br. s., 2H)

LR MS (ES+): 608 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 584 (M-H)

#### Example 127

N-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)-5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

Similar procedure as Example 132.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 11.81 (br. s., 1H), 9.17 (s, 1H), 8.48 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.36 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (dd, J=7.8, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (t, J=5.7 Hz, 1H), 7.51-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.38 (dd, J=3.1, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.10-7.19 (m, 3H), 7.07 (td, J=4.3, 2.5 Hz, 2H), 6.74-6.84 (m, 1H), 6.69 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (d, J=5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.54 (t, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 3.48-3.60 (m, 1H), 3.23-3.36 (m, 3H), 3.05-3.18 (m, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 542 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 518 (M-H)

# Example 128

5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

186

Similar procedure as Example 132.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 11.79 (br. s., 1H), 9.30 (s, 1H), 8.57 (d, J=1.5 Hz, 1H), 8.36 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (dd, J=7.9, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.84 (t, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.50-7.63 (m, 2H), 7.35 (d, J=1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.00-7.21 (m, 5H), 6.79 (td, J=5.3, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.69 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (t, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 3.38-3.51 (m, 2H), 3.22 (q, J=6.1 Hz, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H) LR MS (ES.): 512 (M+N)+

LR MS (ES+): 512 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 488 (M-H)

# Example 129

1-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-3-{4-[(2-{4-[(4-hydroxypiperidin-1-yl)carbonyl]-1H-pyrrol-2-yl}pyridin-4-yl)oxy]phenyl}urea

Similar procedure as Example 132.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 11.84 (br. s., 1H), 9.17 (s, 1H), 8.48 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.37 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (dd, J=7.9, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.04-7.20 (m, 4H), 6.89 (s, 1H), 6.81 (td, J=5.3, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (dd, J=5.9, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.73 (d, J=4.1 Hz, 1H), 3.90-4.06 (m, 2H), 3.71 (dt, J=8.4, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 3.25 (d, J=2.6 Hz, 2H), 2.27 (s, 3H), 1.73 (d, J=4.1 Hz, 2H), 1.21-1.44 (m, 2H)

LR MS (ES+): 552 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 528 (M-H)

#### Example 130

2,3-dihydroxypropyl 5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methyl-phenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

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Similar procedure as Example 131.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 12.12 (br. s., 1H), 9.24 (s, 1H), 8.54 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.39 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (dd, J=7.8, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.51-7.62 (m, 2H), 7.48 (dd, J=3.1, 1.6 <sub>5</sub> Hz, 1H), 7.34-7.40 (m, 1H), 7.05-7.20 (m, 4H), 6.75-6.87 (m, 1H), 6.68 (dd, J=5.9, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (d, J=5.3 Hz, 1H), 4.64 (t, J=5.7 Hz, 1H), 4.11-4.22 (m, 1H), 3.97-4.09 (m, 1H), 3.67-3.79 (m, 1H), 3.38-3.46 (m, 2H), 2.28 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 543 (M+Na+)

LR MS (ES-): 519 (M-H)

#### Example 131

2-hydroxyethyl 5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphe-nyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

A mixture of 5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid (50 mg, 0.11 mmol), ethylene glycol (1 ml), 1-Ethyl-3-(3-dimethyllaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (EDC.HCl, 25 mg, 0.13 mmol) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP, 5 mg, 0.04 mmol) in anhydrous THF (10 ml) was stirred at 60° C. for 16 hours. The mixture was poured into 100 ml of water. 2M HCl was added dropwise until pH=4. The precipitates were filtered, washed with water and dried in vacuo to give the crude, which was purified by silica gel chromatography with a gradient of 3-5% MeOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> to give 2-hydroxyethyl 5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy] pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate as white solid. Yield: 36 mg, 67%.

 $^1\mathrm{H}$  NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 12.12 (br. s., 1H), 9.18 (s, 1H), 8.49 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.39 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.94-8.05 (m, 1H), 7.56 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (d, J=1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.03-7.23 (m, 4H), 6.75-6.86 (m, 1H), 6.69 (dd, J=5.7, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (t, J=5.7 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (t, J=5.1 Hz, 2H), 3.64 (q, J=5.4 Hz, 2H), 2.27 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 513 (M+Na+)

LR MS (ES-): 489 (M-H)

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Example 132

1-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-3-(4-{[2-(4-{[(3R)-3-hydroxypyrrolidin-1-yl]carbonyl}-1H-pyrrol-2-yl) pyridin-4-yl]oxy}phenyl)urea

A mixture of 5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl) amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid (50 mg, 0.1 mmol), HATU (51 mg, 0.13 mmol) and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (31 mg, 0.24 mmol) in anhydrous DMF (10 ml) was stirred at room temperature for 10 minutes, followed by addition of (R)-3-pyrrolidinol (14 mg, 0.16 mmol). The mixture was stirred for another 10 minutes and poured into 100 ml of water. 2M HCl was added dropwise until pH=4~5. The precipitates were filtered, washed with water and dried in vacuo to give 1-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-3-(4-{[2-(4-{[(3R)-3-hydroxypyrrolidin-1-yl]carbonyl}-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl]oxy}phenyl) urea as white solid. Yield: 40 mg, 71%.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 11.90 (br. s., 1H), 9.17 (s, 1H), 8.49 (d, J=2.6 Hz, 1H), 8.38 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (dd, J=7.8, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.51-7.62 (m, 2H), 7.37 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (br. s., 1H), 7.02-7.19 (m, 4H), 6.76-6.86 (m, 1H), 6.64 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (br. s., 1H), 4.22-4.38 (m, 1H), 3.69-3.87 (m, 1H), 3.43-3.59 (m, 2H), 3.35-3.42 (m, 1H), 2.27 (s, 3H), 1.90 (br. s., 2H)

LR MS (ES+): 538 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 514 (M-H)

#### Example 133

1-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-3-(4-{[2-(4-{[(3S)-3-hydroxypyrrolidin-1-yl]carbonyl}-1H-pyrrol-2-yl) pyridin-4-yl]oxy}phenyl)urea

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Similar procedure as Example 132. LR MS (ES+): 538 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 514 (M-H)

#### Example 134

5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid

$$\bigcap_{N} \bigoplus_{H} \bigcap_{OH} \bigoplus_{CH_3}$$

To a stirred solution of methyl 5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (1.38 g, 3.00 mmol) in a mixture of solvents THF/MeOH (20 ml/20 ml) was added 2 ml of 5M NaOH (10 mmol) solution. The mixture was heated in a 72° C. bath for 5 hours, cooled to room temperature and poured into 200 ml of water. 2M HCl was added until pH=3. The resulting precipitates were filtered, washed with water, and dried in vacuo to give 5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methyl-phenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid as light brown solid. Yield: 1.28 g, 96%.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 12.04 (br. s., 1H), 11.88 (br. s., 1H), 9.18 (s, 1H), 8.49 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.39 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.94-8.05 (m, 1H), 7.56 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 2H), 7.31-7.42 (m, 2H), 7.01-7.21 (m, 4H), 6.81 (td, J=5.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 2.27 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES-): 467 (M-H)

## Example 135

methyl 5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

To a stirred solution of methyl 5-[4-(4-aminophenoxy) pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate (1.0 g, 3.23 mmol) in anhydrous THF (10 ml) was added 2-fluoro-5-methyl-phenylisocyanate (488 mg, 3.23 mmol). The mixture was 65 stirred at room temperature for one hour and poured into 200 ml of 0.02M HCl solution with vigorous stirring. The

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resulting precipitates were filtered, washed with water, and dried in vacuo to give methyl 5-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate as white solid. Yield: 1.38 g, 93%.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 12.14 (br. s., 1H), 9.17 (s, 1H), 8.49 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.39 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (dd, J=7.9, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.53-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.44 (dd, J=3.2, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.06-7.18 (m, 4H), 6.77-6.85 (m, 1H), 6.68 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 2.28 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 483 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 459 (M-H)

Preparation of 1-tert-butyl 2-methyl 4-[4-(3-amino-phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-1,2-dicarboxylate

Similar procedure as 1-tert-butyl 2-methyl 4-[4-(4-aminophenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-1,2-dicarboxylate.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 8.38 (d, 1H), 8.01 (d, J=1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (d, J=1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (t, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (dd, J=5.7, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.43 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.20-6.33 (m, 2H), 5.32 (br. s., 2H), 3.72-3.85 (m, 3H), 1.53 (s, 9H)

LR MS (ES+): 432 (M+Na+)

#### Example 136

methyl 4-{4-[3-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate

To a stirred solution of 1-tert-butyl 2-methyl 4-[4-(3-aminophenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-1,2-dicarboxylate (150 mg, 0.37 mmol) in anhydrous THF (10 ml) was added 2-fluoro-5-methyl-phenylisocyanate (67 mg, 0.44 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours and poured into 100 ml of water. The resulting precipitates were filtered, washed with water, and dried in vacuo to give the

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Boc-protected intermediate as brown solid. This intermediate was dissolved in 5 ml of methylene chloride, and 3 ml of trifluoroacetic acid was added. Stirring was continued for 20 minutes. The mixture was evaporated to dryness to give the crude product, which was purified by silica gel chromatography eluting with 5% MeOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> to give methyl 4-{4-[3-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-2-car-

boxylate as white solid. Yield: 67 mg, 39%.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 12.18 (br. s., 1H), 9.23 (s, 1H), 8.47 (br. s., 1H), 8.36 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (br. s., 1H), 7.25-7.47 (m, 4H), 7.16 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (dd, J=11.4, 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.72-6.85 (m, 2H), 6.65 (dd, J=5.6, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 2.22 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 483 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 459 (M-H)

#### Example 137

N-[dimethyl(oxido)-lambda~4~-sulfanylidene]-4-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxamide

Similar procedure as Example 101. LR MS (ES+): 544 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>)

LR MS (ES-): 520 (M-H)

## Example 138

4-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-N,N-dimethyl-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxamide

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ &$$

The title compound was isolated as a side product in the synthesis of Example 137.

LR MS (ES+): 474 (M+H) LR MS (ES-): 472 (M-H

#### Example 139

4-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-N-methyl-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxamide

$$\bigcap_{N} \bigcap_{H} \bigcap_{N} \bigcap_{CH_3}$$

A mixture of 4-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)} amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylic acid (50 mg, 0.1 mmol), HATU (50 mg, 0.13 mmol), 2M methylamine/THF solution (0.1 ml, 0.2 mmol) and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (31 mg, 0.24 mmol) in anhydrous DMF (8 ml) was stirred at room temperature for 10 minutes. The mixture was poured into 100 ml of water. The precipitates were filtered, washed with water and dried to give the crude, which was purified by silica gel chromatography with 3-5% MeOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> to give 4-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]

40 pyridin-2-yl}-N-methyl-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxamide white solid. Yield: 21 mg, 41%.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 11.69 (br. s., 1H), 9.17 (s, 1H), 8.48 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.32 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 8.01-8.12 (m, 1H), 7.96 (dd, J=7.8, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.48-7.61 (m, 2H), 7.43 (dd, J=2.9, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.03-7.23 (m, 5H), 6.79 (dt, J=8.1, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.61 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 2.71 (d, J=4.7 Hz, 3H), 2.26 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 482 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 458 (M-H)

# Preparation of 4-(4-aminophenoxy)-6-chloropyridin-2-amine

A stirred solution of 4-aminophenol (335 mg, 3.1 mmol) in anhydrous DMSO (8 ml) was flushed with nitrogen and

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treated with 1M KOBu<sup>t</sup>/THF solution (3.1 ml, 3.1 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature under nitrogen for 10 minutes. 4,6-dichloropyridin-2-ylamine (500 mg, 3.1 mmol) was added and the mixture was heated at 88° C. for 16 hours, cooled to room temperature and poured into 100 5 ml of water. The resulting precipitates were filtered, washed with water and dried to give the crude product, which was purified by silica gel chromatography with 2~5% MeOH/ CHCl<sub>3</sub> to give 4-(4-aminophenoxy)-6-chloropyridin-2amine as light brown solid. Yield: 350 mg, 49%.

#### Example 140

1-tert-butyl 2-methyl 4-{6-amino-4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy] pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-1,2-dicarboxylate

Similar procedure as Example 148. LR MS (ES+): 598 (M+Na+)

#### Example 141

1-(4-{[2-amino-6-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl] oxy{phenyl)-3-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)urea

$$H_2N$$
 $H_2N$ 
 $H_3$ 
 $H_4$ 
 $H_4$ 
 $H_5$ 
 $H_5$ 
 $H_5$ 
 $H_5$ 
 $H_5$ 
 $H_7$ 
 $H_$ 

Similar procedure as Example 148.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 11.02 (br. s., 1H), 9.11 (s, 1H), 8.44 (br. s., 1H), 7.97 (d, 1H), 7.50 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.98-7.17 65 (m, 3H), 6.78 (br. s., 2H), 6.53 (br. s., 2H), 6.05 (br. s., 1H), 5.74 (br. s., 2H), 5.61 (s, 1H), 2.25 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 418 (M+H) LR MS (ES-): 416 (M-H)

#### Example 142

4-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylic acid

$$\bigcap_{N} \bigoplus_{\text{CH}_3}^{\text{H}} \bigcap_{\text{OH}}$$

To a stirred solution of methyl 4-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2yl}-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate (220 mg, 0.48 mmol) in THF/ 30 MeOH (3 ml/10 ml) was added 1M NaOH (4.0 ml, 4.0 mmol). The mixture was heated at 70° C. for 2 hours, cooled to room temperature and poured into 100 ml of water. 1M HCl was added until pH=4 and the resulting precipitates were filtered, washed with water and dried in vacuo to give 35 4-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl\amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl\-1H-pyrrole-2-car-

boxylic acid. Yield: 200 mg, 94%.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 12.38 (br. s., 1H), 12.04 (br. s., 40 1H), 9.14-9.23 (m, 1H), 8.48 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.34 (d,  $J{=}5.6\,Hz,\,1H),\,7.97\,(dd,\,J{=}7.9,\,2.1\,Hz,\,1H),\,7.60\,(br.\,s.,\,1H),$ 7.50-7.58 (m, 2H), 7.30 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (s, 1H), 7.03-7.18 (m, 3H), 6.73-6.84 (m, 1H), 6.60 (dd, J=5.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 2.25 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES-): 445 (M-H)

Preparation of 1-tert-butyl 2-methyl 4-[4-(4-aminophenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-1,2-dicarboxylate

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Preparation of tert-butyl 2-[4-(4-aminophenoxy) pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-1-carboxylate

A 100 ml flask was charged with 4-((2-chloropyridin-4-yl)oxy)aniline (150 mg, 0.68 mmol), 1-tert-butyl 2-methyl 4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-1,2-dicarboxylate (260 mg, 0.8 mmol), 2M Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution (0.5 ml, 1.0 mmol), PdCl<sub>2</sub>(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> (5 mg, 0.007 mmol), 10 ml of 1,4-dioxane and 3 ml of water. The mixture was flushed with nitrogen and heated at 70° C. for 30 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and poured into 100 ml of water. The precipitates were filtered and dried to give the crude, which was further purified by silica gel chromatography eluting with 2-3% MeOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> to give 1-tert-butyl 2-methyl 4-[4-(4-aminophenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-1,2-dicarboxylate as light brown oil.

Yield: 240 mg, 86%.

#### Example 143

Methyl 4-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate

To a stirred solution of 1-tert-butyl 2-methyl 4-[4-(4aminophenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-1,2-dicarboxylate (240 mg, 0.59 mmol) in anhydrous THF (10 ml) was added 2-fluoro-5-methyl-phenylisocyanate (107 mg, 0.71 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes and poured into 100 ml of water. The resulting precipitates were filtered, washed with water and dried to give a brown oil. Purification by silica gel chromatography eluting with 50 2-3% MeOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> gave the Boc-protected intermediate as light green oil, which was dissolved in 5 ml of methylene chloride, followed by addition of 3 ml of trifluoroacetic acid. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 10 minutes, evaporated to dryness, and purified by silica gel chromatog- 55 raphy eluting with 2-5% MeOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> to give methyl 4-{4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl\amino)phenoxy\pyridin-2-yl\-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate as white solid. Yield: 135 mg, 50%.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 12.17 (br. s., 1H), 9.14 (s, 1H), 8.46 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.33 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.91-8.04 (m, 1H), 7.61 (dd, J=3.1, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (d, J=9.1 Hz, 2H), 7.22-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.02-7.17 (m, 3H), 6.73-6.85 (m, 1H), 6.58 (dd, J=5.7, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 2.26 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 483 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 459 (M-H)

To a stirred mixture of N-Boc-pyrrole-2-boronic acid (114 mg, 0.54 mmol) and 4-((2-chloropyridin-4-yl)oxy)aniline (100 mg, 0.45 mmol) in 8 ml of 1,4-dioxane, was added PdCl<sub>2</sub>(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> (10 mg, 0.014 mmol) and 1M Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> aqueous solution (0.5 ml, 1.0 mmol). The mixture was heated at 72° C. under N<sub>2</sub> for one hour, cooled to room temperature and poured into 100 ml of water. The resulting mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2×50 ml). The organic layers were combined, washed with brine (50 ml), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and evaporated to give a brown oil, which was purified by silica gel chromatography with a gradient of 20-50% EtOAc/hexanes to give tert-butyl 2-[4-(4-aminophenoxy) pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-1-carboxylate as colorless oil. Yield: 110 mg, 70%.

#### Example 144

1-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-3-(4-{[2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl]oxy}phenyl)urea

$$\bigcap_{N} \bigoplus_{N \in \mathbb{N}} \bigoplus_{N \in \mathbb{N$$

To a stirred solution of tert-butyl 2-[4-(4-aminophenoxy) pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-1-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.28 mmol) in anhydrous THF (10 ml) was added 2-fluoro-5-methyl-phenylisocyanate (51 mg, 0.34 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for one hour and poured into 100 ml of water. The resulting mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2×50 ml). The organic layers were combined, washed with brine (50 ml), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and evaporated to give a brown oil, which was purified by silica gel

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chromatography with 2-5% MeOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> to give the Bocprotected intermediate as light green oil. The oil was dissolved in 5 ml of methylene chloride, and 3 ml of trifluoroacetic acid was added. Stirring was continued for 10 hours, and the mixture was evaporated to dryness. The brown residue was dissolved in methanol (5 ml). This methanol solution was then added dropwise into 100 ml of 1M NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution with stirring. The resulting precipitates were filtered, washed with water, and dried in vacuo to give 1-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-3-(4-{[2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl) pyridin-4-yl]oxy}phenyl)urea as light grey solid.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 11.43 (br. s., 1H), 9.14 (s, 1H), 8.46 (d, J=2.6 Hz, 1H), 8.32 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.96 (dd, J=7.9, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.48-7.58 (m, 2H), 7.20 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.04-7.16 (m, 3H), 6.75-6.86 (m, 2H), 6.67 (dt, J=3.8, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (dd, J=5.9, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.05-6.13 (m, 1H), 2.25 (s, 3H)

## Example 145

1-phenyl-3-{4-[6-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-3-yl] phenyl}urea

Similar procedure as Example 148.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 8: 11.46 (br. s., 1H), 8.79 (s, 1H), 8.75 (d, J=1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.67 (s, 1H), 7.98 (dd, J=8.4, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (d, J=8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.56 (d, J=8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (t, J=7.9 Hz, 40 2H), 6.96 (t, J=7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.84-6.88 (m, 1H), 6.77 (t, J=3.8 Hz, 1H), 6.11-6.16 (m, 1H)

## Example 146

1-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-3-{3-[2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl]phenyl}urea

Similar procedure as Example 148. LR MS (ES+): 387 (M+H<sup>+</sup>) 1-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-3-{4-[2-(1H-pyrrol-3-yl)pyridin-4-yl]phenyl}urea

Similar procedure as Example 148.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 11.72 (br. s., 1H), 9.49 (br. s., 1H), 8.63 (s, 1H), 8.53 (d, J=6.4 Hz, 1H), 8.38 (br. s., 1H), 8.07 (d, J=8.5 Hz, 2H), 8.00-8.04 (m, 1H), 7.97 (dd, J=7.9, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.81-7.90 (m, 1H), 7.69 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.13 (dd, J=11.3, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (br. s., 1H), 6.84 (ddd, J=7.8, 5.3, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 2.21-2.36 (m, 3H) LR MS (ES+): 387 (M+H)

tert-butyl(4-(2-chloropyridin-4-yl)phenyl)carbamate

To a mixture of (4-boc-aminophenyl)boronic acid (200 mg, 0.84 mmol) and 2-chloro-4-bromopyridine (162 mg, 0.84 mmol) in 10 ml of 1,4-dioxane, was added PdCl<sub>2</sub> (PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> (10 mg, 0.014 mmol) and 1M Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> aqueous solution (0.5 ml, 1.0 mmol). The mixture was heated at 70° C. under N<sub>2</sub> for 2 hours, cooled to room temperature and poured into 100 ml of water. The brown precipitates were filtered, washed with water and dried to give tert-butyl(4-(2-chloropyridin-4-yl)phenyl)carbamate as the crude product.

4-(2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl)aniline

To a mixture of N-Boc-pyrrole-2-boronic acid (210 mg, 1.0 mmol) and tert-butyl(4-(2-chloropyridin-4-yl)phenyl) carbamate (250 mg, 0.82 mmol) in 10 ml of 1,4-dioxane, was added  $PdCl_2(PPh_3)_2$  (10 mg, 0.014 mmol) and 1M  $Na_2CO_3$  aqueous solution (0.75 ml, 1.5 mmol). The mixture 5 was heated at 60° C. under  $N_2$  for 3 hours, cooled to room temperature and poured into 100 ml of water. The precipitates were filtered, dried and purified by silica gel chromatography with 1-5% MeOH/CHCl $_3$  to give the intermediate as light yellow oil. This intermediate was dissolved in 10 ml of methylene chloride and 3 ml of trifluoroacetic acid was added. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 hours and evaporated to dryness to give 4-(2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl)aniline TFA salt as light brown solid. Yield: 290 mg, 100%.

#### Example 148

1-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-3-{4-[2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl]phenyl}urea

To a stirred suspension of 4-(2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl)aniline TFA salt (60 mg, 0.17 mmol) in anhydrous THF 40 (10 ml) was added 2-fluoro-5-methyl-phenylisocyanate (48 mg, 0.32 mmol) and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (40 mg, 0.31 mmol). After 1 hour, the reaction mixture was evaporated and purified by silica gel chromatography with 2-3% MeOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> to give 1-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-3-{4-[2-45 (1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl]phenyl}urea as off-white solid. Yield: 28 mg.

 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$  NMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO): 11.49 (br. s., 1H), 9.29 (br. s., 1H), 8.52-8.60 (m, 1H), 8.48 (d, J=5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.94-8.04 (m, 2H), 7.84 (d, J=8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (d, J=8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.42  $^{50}$  (dd, J=5.3, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (dd, J=11.4, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (s, 2H), 6.82 (dt, J=5.4, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 6.16 (t, J=2.9 Hz, 1H), 2.29 (s, 3H)

LR MS (ES+): 409 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>) LR MS (ES-): 385 (M-H)

#### 3.2 Biological Testing

Biological data for the compounds of the present invention was generated by the use of one or more of the 60 following assays.

VEGF Stimulated Ca.sup.++ Signal in Vitro

Automated FLIPR (Fluorometric Imaging Plate Reader) technology was used to screen for inhibitors of VEGF induced increases in intracellular calcium levels in fluorescent dye loaded endothelial cells. HUVEC (human umbilical vein endothelial cells) (Clonetics) were seeded in 96-well

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fibronectin coated black-walled plates overnight at 37.degree. C./5% CO.sub.2. Cells were loaded with calcium indicator Fluo-4 for 45 minutes at 37.degree. C. Cells were washed 4 times (Original Cell Wash, Labsystems) to remove extracellular dye. Test compounds were reconstituted in 100% DMSO and added to the cells to give a final DMSO concentration of 0.1%. For screening, cells were pre-incubated with test agents for 30 minutes, at a single concentration (10. mu.M) or at concentrations ranging from 0.01 to 10.0. mu.M followed by VEGF stimulation (5 ng/mL). Changes in fluorescence at 516 nm were measured simultaneously in all 96 wells using a cooled CCD camera. Data were generated by determining max-min fluorescence levels for unstimulated, stimulated, and drug treated samples. IC.sub.50 values for test compounds were calculated from % inhibition of VEGF stimulated responses in the absence of inhibitor.

VEGFR<sup>2</sup> Kinase Assay

The cytoplasmic domain of the human VEGF receptor 20 (VEGFR-2) was expressed as a Histidine-tagged fusion protein following infection of insect cells using an His engineered baculovirus. His-VEGFR-2 was purified to homogeneity, as determined by SDS-PAGE, using nickel resin chromatography. Kinase assays were performed in 96 well microtiter plates that were coated overnight with 30. mu.g of poly-Glu-Tyr (4:1) in 10 mM Phosphate Buffered Saline (PBS), pH 7.2-7.4. The plates were incubated with 1% BSA and then washed four times with PBS prior to starting the reaction. Reactions were carried out in 120. mu.L reaction volumes containing 3.6. mu.M ATP in kinase buffer (50 mM Hepes buffer pH 7.4, 20 mM MgCl.sub.2, 0.1 mM MnCl.sub.2 and 0.2 mM Na.sub.3 VO.sub.4). Test compounds were reconstituted in 100% DMSO and added to the reaction to give a final DMSO concentration of 5%. Reactions were initiated by the addition 0.5 ng of purified protein. Following a ten minute incubation at 25. degree. C., the reactions were washed four times with PBS containing 0.05% Tween-20. 100. mu.1 of a monoclonal anti-phosphotyrosine antibody-peroxidase conjugate was diluted 1:10000 in PBS-Tween-20 and added to the wells for 30 minutes. Following four washes with PBS-Tween-20, 100. mu.l of O-phenylenediamine Dihydrochloride in Phosphate-citrate buffer, containing urea hydrogen peroxide, was added to the wells for 7 minutes as a colorimetric substrate for the peroxidase. The reaction was terminated by the addition of 100. mu.l of 2.5N H.sub.2 SO.sub.4 to each well and read using a microplate ELISA reader set at 492 nm. IC.sub.50 values for compound inhibition were calculated directly from graphs of optical density (arbitrary units) versus compound concentration following subtraction of blank values. Compounds of the current invention have the IC50 value in the range of 0.01 to 500 nM.

VEGF-Induced Dermal Extravasation in Guinea Pig (Miles Assay)

Male Hartley guinea pigs (300-600 g) were anesthetized with isofluorane, sheared, and given a single dose of drug or the respective vehicle. The guinea pigs were dosed orally unless indicated otherwise in Table 3. Ten minutes prior to the end of drug treatment, guinea pigs were anesthetized with isofluorane, and 0.5% Evans blue dye (EBD) in PBS (13-15 mg/kg dose of EBD) was injected intravenously. After 5 minutes, triplicate intradermal injections of 100 ng rhVEGF.sub. 165 in 100. mu.1 PBS and of 100. mu.1 PBS alone were administered on the flank. After 20 minutes, each animal was cuthanized with Pentosol, and the skin containing the intradermal injection sites was removed for image analysis.

Using an analog video camera coupled to a PC, an image of each trans-illuminated skin sample was captured, and the integrated optical density of each injection site was measured using ImagePro 4. For each skin sample, the difference between the mean optical density of the VEGF sites and 5 mean optical density of the PBS sites is the measure of VEGF-induced EBD extravasation in that animal. These measured values were averaged per study group to determine the mean VEGF-induced EBD extravasation for each experimental condition, and the group means were then 10 compared to assess inhibition of VEGF-induced EBD extravasation in the drug-treated groups relative to the vehicle-treated controls.

To determine the dose required for 50% inhibition (ID-.sub.50), the percent inhibition data was plotted as a function 15 of oral dose, using the 'best-fit' analysis within MicroSoft Excel software. The ID.sub.50 value was verified visually by using the plotted data (horizontal line from 50% y value, at intersection with best-fit line drop vertical line to x axis

Laser-Induced Choroidal Neovascularization (CNV) in Rat (CNV Assay).

CNV was induced and quantified in this model as previously described (Edelman and Castro. Exp. Eye Res. 2000; 71:523-533). On day 0, male Brown Norway rats (200-300) 25 g) were anesthetized with 100 mg/kg Ketamine and 10 mg/kg Xylazine, and pupils were dilated with 1% Tropicamide. Using the blue-green setting of a Coherent Novus Argon Laser, 3 laser burns (90 mW for 0.1 s; 100. mu.m diameter) were given to each eye between the retinal vessels 30 around the optic nerve head. Rats were dosed with test compounds in their indicated vehicles orally once daily.

On day 10, rats were sacrificed with 100% CO.sub.2, and blood vessels were labeled by vascular perfusion with 10 mg/ml FITC-dextran (MW 2.times. 10.sup.6). Using an 35 epifluorescence microscope (20.times.) coupled to a spot digital camera and a PC, images were obtained from the flat mounts of the RPE-choroid-sclera from each eye, and the area occupied by hyperfluorescent neovessels within each laser lesion was measured using ImagePro 4 software.

To determine the dose required for 50% inhibition (ID-.sub.50), the percent inhibition data was plotted as a function of oral dose, using the 'best-fit' analysis within MicroSoft Excel software. The ID.sub.50 value was verified visually by using the plotted data (horizontal line from 50% y value, at 45 intersection with best-fit line drop vertical line to x axis (dose).

The foregoing description can be employed to practice the present invention, and represents the best mode contemplated. It should not be construed as limiting the overall 50 scope hereof.

Rabbit Eye VEGF Permeability Model

Assay used was detailed by Jeffrey Edelman, etc in Exp. Eye. Res. 80(2005), Pg 249-258.

PDGF Stimulated Ca<sup>2+</sup> Signal in Vitro

55 Automated FLIPR (Fluorometric Imaging Plate Reader) technology was used to screen for inhibitors of PDGF induced increases in intracellular calcium levels in fluorescent dye loaded endothelial cells. NHDF-Ad (Normal human dermal fibroblasts) (Lonza) were seeded in 384-well 60 fibronectin coated black-walled plates overnight at 37° C./5% CO<sub>2</sub>. Cells were loaded with calcium indicator Fluo-4 for 45 minutes at 37° C. Cells were washed 4 times (ELx405-CW, Bio-Tek) to remove extracellular dye. Test compounds were reconstituted in 100% DMSO and added to 65 the cells to give a final DMSO concentration of 0.1%. For screening, cells were pre-incubated with test agents for 30

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minutes, at a single concentration (10 µM) or at concentrations ranging from 0.001 nM to 10 µM followed by PDGF stimulation (10 ng/mL). Changes in fluorescence at 515 nm were measured simultaneously in all 384 wells using a cooled CCD camera. Data were generated by determining max-min fluorescence levels for unstimulated, stimulated, and drug treated samples.  $\mathrm{IC}_{50}$  values for test compounds were calculated from % inhibition of PDGF stimulated responses in the absence of inhibitor.

Table II and III present the biodata of some of the compounds of the present invention.

TABLE II

Biodata of Compounds of the Present Invention with Amide Linker								
Example#	VEGFR2 Cellular IC <sub>50</sub> (nM)	VEGFR2 Enzyme IC <sub>50</sub> (nM)	VEGFR1 Enzyme IC <sub>50</sub> (nM)	PDGFβ Cellular IC <sub>50</sub> (nM)				
1		28						
2	8	28						
3		28						
4	6	29						
5		2956						
6		506						
7	12	34						
8	8	28						
9	30	47						
10	46	41						
11	28	23	34					
12								
13	16	27						
14	15	33	15					
15	51	26		73				
16	17	21						
17	22	20		61				
18	10	31						
19	30	37		135				
20	83	28						
21	12	24		39				
22	18	29	13	105				
23	13	35						
24	55	24						
25	30	25						
26	39	120						
27	45	66						
28	38	52						
29	18	55						
30	29	37		94				
31	14	29	20					
32	22	46						
33	18	56						
34	7	70						
35	27	29						
36	4005	10028						
37	1005	2610						

TABLE 1II

		the Present In		
	VEGFR2 Cellular	VEGFR2 Enzyme	VEGFR1 Enzyme	PDGFβ Cellular
Example#	IC <sub>50</sub> (nM)	$IC_{50}$ (nM)	IC <sub>50</sub> (nM)	IC <sub>50</sub> (nM)
38		10		
39		23		
40		11		
41		11		
42		60		
43		16		
44		24		
45		17		
46	2	28		
47	107	17		
48	16	12		

TABLE 1II-continued				TABLE 1II-continued						
Biodata of	Biodata of Compounds of the Present Invention with Urea Linker				Biodata of Compounds of the Present Invention with Urea Linker				Jrea Linker	
Example#	VEGFR2 Cellular IC <sub>50</sub> (nM)	VEGFR2 Enzyme IC <sub>50</sub> (nM)	VEGFR1 Enzyme IC <sub>50</sub> (nM)	PDGFβ Cellular IC <sub>50</sub> (nM)	5	Example#	VEGFR2 Cellular IC <sub>50</sub> (nM)	VEGFR2 Enzyme IC <sub>50</sub> (nM)	VEGFR1 Enzyme IC <sub>50</sub> (nM)	PDGFβ Cellular IC <sub>50</sub> (nM)
49	145	27				123	13	24		85
50	5	32				124	23	36		
51 52		16				125	22	31		
52 53	43	25 28		44	10	126 127	16 20	116 21		91
54	130	29		191		128	10	53		91
55	32	23		26		129	12	102		
56	81	20				130	5	43	16	32
57	102	45				131	8	31		
58 59	211 34	36 29			15	132 133	22 66	15 15		
60	27	23				134	4	31	4	
61	91	39				135	11	47	·	
62	122	43				136	29	22		
63	111	30				137	14	33		
64 65	16	39 15	4		20	138 139	14	30 30		
66		17	3			140	14	10000		
67	31	31				141		2704		
68		16	_			142	111	28		
69 70	2	24	5			143	16	12		
70	2	20 20			25	144	28	26		
72	7	15				145	10000	10000		
73		11				146 147	10000 10000	7007 3505		
74	7	12	2			148	10000	1382		
76 76	2 3	14 14	3		-					
77	8	10			30					
78	25	15	4							
79	13	38				We claim	•			
80 81	176	69 19				1. A com	ound repre	sented by F	ormula I:	
82	17	19								
83		22	5		35					
84	6	13 30								Formula I
85 86	6	27						$R^{IV}$		
87	5	25						(B)		
88	374	477								
89 90	5 8	23 17	6	21	40					
91	17	14	O	38				ż		
92	37	9		39			(	$\mathcal{A}$		
93	6	5	5	14			<i>&gt;</i>			
94 95	10 30	6 32		10			Y.	K		
96	3	17		69	45					
97	8	18					$R^{II}_{b} - \frac{\Pi}{\Pi}$			
98 99	62 49	51 46					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	×	$R^{I}_{a}$	
100	12	13					IN.	<b>・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・</b>	a	
101	4	8		82 8						
102	10	35		8	50			Λ		
103 104	24 23	20 27								
105	87	15				or a phari	naceutically	acceptable	salt thereo	f, wherein:
106	16	21				X is N	П.			
107	13 17	21	1.2	42						c
108 109	16	14 23	13	43	55	K 18 S€	elected from	the group	consisting c	T
110	8	38	10	32						
111	13	71				0	О		O	
112 113	13 23	18 25				, Ĭ	. Ĭ		Ĭ	
114	13	22				₹ /	کر ہا	_ ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	$\mathcal{L}$	✓ ✓ OH
115	2	15	2	44	60	2500 O	H, 8	OMe,	\\\	<b>~</b> ,
116	12 6	17 18				ζ.	<u>ر</u>		<b>Z</b>	
117 118	22	18 85					O II		O II	
119	12	54				کی	人 人	^	٧ 🙏	
120	43	98	20	103	65	25	\o_ \	<b>У</b> ОН,	· ~	NH <sub>2</sub> ,
121 122	37 142	14 130	20	102	دن	3	•	OH	2	
122	172	130						OΠ		

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60

a is 0 or 1;

R<sup>II</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and NH<sub>2</sub>;

b is 0 or an integer of from 1 to 2;

Y is selected from the group consisting of

and a single bond; Ring A in the structure

is phenyl; R<sup>III</sup> represents optionally halogen;

Z is selected from the group consisting of

Ring B in the structure



is selected from the group consisting of:

(i') phenyl;

(ii') thienyl; and

(iii') furoyl; and

R<sup>TV</sup> represents optionally 1-3 substituents, independently selected from the group consisting of methyl and halogen.

2. A compound selected from the group consisting of: ({[5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino]phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrol-3-yl]carbonyl}amino)acetic acid;

methyl ({[5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrol-3-yl] carbonyl}amino)acetate;

5-[4-({3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino]phenyl}amino)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid;

methyl 5-[4-({3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenyl}amino)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxy-late:

N-ethyl-5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide;

N-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)-5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl) amino]phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide:

5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino]phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide;

N-(3-{[2-(4-{[(3R)-3-hydroxypyrrolidin-1-yl]carbonyl}-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl]oxy}phenyl)-3-methyl-2furamide;

5-{4-[3-(2-Fluoro-5-methyl-phenylcarbamoyl)-phenoxy]-pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid;

5-{4-[3-(2-Fluoro-5-methyl-phenylcarbamoyl)-phenoxy]-pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

2,3-dihydroxypropyl 5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate;

5-[4-(3-m-Tolylcarbamoyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid;

5-[4-(3-m-Tolylcarbamoyl-phenoxy)-pyridin-2-yl]-1Hpyrrole-3-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

2-hydroxyethyl 5-[4-(3-{[(3-methyl-2-thienyl)carbonyl] amino}phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate;

- 5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] 2-hydroxyethyl phenoxy\pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate;
- 5-[4-(3-{[(3-methyl-2-thienyl)carbonyl]amino}phenoxy) pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid;
- 5-[4-(3-{[(3-methyl-2-thienyl)carbonyl] <sup>5</sup> methyl amino{phenoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxy-
- 5-(4-{4-fluoro-3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid; 5-(4-{4-fluoro-3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino]

phenoxy\pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate; N-[dimethyl(oxido)- $\lambda^4$ -sulfanylidene]-5-(4-{3-[(3methyl-2-furoyl)amino]phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-

- pyrrole-3-carboxamide;  $N-(3-\{[2-(4-[(3 S)-3-hydroxypyrrolidin-1-y1]carbonyl\}-$ 1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl]oxy phenyl)-3-methyl-2furamide;
- 5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino]phenoxy}pyridin-2yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid;

5-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] phenoxy}pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate;

3-methyl-N-(3-{[2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl] oxy{phenyl)-2-furamide;

4-(4-{3-[(3-methyl-2-furoyl)amino] 25 methyl phenoxy{pyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate;

3-methyl-N- $(4-\{[2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl]\}$ oxy{phenyl)-2-furamide;

- 5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl\amino)phenoxy\pyridin-2-yl\-N-hydroxy-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide;
- methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl] amino \ pentanedio ate;
- $1-[(5-\{4-[3-fluoro-4-(\{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]\}$ carbonyl}amino)phenoxy|pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3yl)carbonyl]pyrrolidine-3-carboxylic acid;
- 5-{4-[3-fluoro-4-({[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3- 40 carboxylic acid;
- N-[dimethyl(oxido)- $\lambda^4$ -sulfanylidene]-5-{4-[4-({[(3methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide;
- phenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2vl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate;
- N-[dimethyl(oxido)- $\lambda^4$ -sulfanylidene]-5-{4-[4-({[(4chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)amino] carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-50 carboxamide;
- methy  $4-(N-5-\{4-[4-(\{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]\}$ carbonyl\amino)phenoxy\pyridin-2-yl\-1H-pyrrole-3carboxyl)-S-methyl sulfonimidoyl)butanoate;
- N-[dimethyl(oxido)- $\lambda^4$ -sulfanylidene]-5-{4-[4-({[(2fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy|pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide;
- methyl (2 S)-1- $(2-\{[(5-\{4-[4-(\{[(2-fluoro-5-methylphe$ nyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl]amino}ethyl)pyrrolidine-2carboxylate;
- N-[dimethyl(oxido)- $\lambda^4$ -sulfanylidene]-4-{4-[4-({[(2fluoro-5-methylphenyl)amino|carbonyl}amino)phenoxy|pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxamide;
- 1-tert-butyl 2-methyl 4-{6-amino-4-[4-({[(2-fluoro-5-65] methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}amino)phenoxy]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-pyrrole-1,2-dicarboxylate;

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- 1-(4-{[2-amino-6-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl] oxy{phenyl)-3-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)urea;
- 1-phenyl-3-{4-[6-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)pyridin-3-yl] phenyl}urea:
- 1-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-3-{3-[2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl) pyridin-4-yl]phenyl}urea;
- 1-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-3-{4-[2-(1H-pyrrol-3-yl) pyridin-4-yl]phenyl}urea; and
- 1-(2-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-3-{4-[2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl) pyridin-4-yl]phenyl}urea;
- or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
  - 3. The compound:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & \\ & &$$

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

- 4. A pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one compound of claim 1 and at least one pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 5. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 4, wherein the composition comprises of tablets, capsules, creams, gels, ointments, drops, sprays, suspensions, and emulsions.
- **6**. A pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one compound of claim 2 and at least one pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 7. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 6, wherein 2-hydroxyethyl 5-{4-[4-({[(4-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl) 45 the composition comprises of tablets, capsules, creams, gels, ointments, drops, sprays, suspensions, and emulsions.
  - 8. A pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one compound of claim 3 and at least one pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
  - 9. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 8, wherein the composition comprises of tablets, capsules, creams, gels, ointments, drops, sprays, suspensions, and emulsions.
  - 10. A method of treating a disease or condition in a human subject, wherein said disease or condition is selected from the group consisting of diabetic retinopathy, macular degeneration, age-related macular degeneration, and retinopathy of prematurity, comprising administering to said human subject a therapeutically effective amount of at least one compound of claim 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
  - 11. The method of claim 10, wherein said administration is through intravitreal injection, subtenon injection, ophthalmic bioerodible implant, non-bioerodible ophthalmic insert and depots.
  - 12. A method of treating a disease or condition in a human subject, wherein said disease or condition is selected from the group consisting of diabetic retinopathy, macular degen-

eration, age-related macular degeneration, and retinopathy of prematurity, comprising administering to said human subject a therapeutically effective amount of at least one compound of claim 2 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

- 13. The method of claim 12, wherein said administration is through intravitreal injection, subtenon injection, ophthalmic bioerodible implant, non-bioerodible ophthalmic insert and depots.
- 14. Å method of treating a disease or condition in a human subject, wherein said disease or condition is selected from the group consisting of diabetic retinopathy, macular degeneration, age-related macular degeneration, and retinopathy of prematurity, comprising administering to said human subject a therapeutically effective amount of at least one 15 compound of claim 3 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- **15**. The method of claim **14**, wherein said administration is through intravitreal injection, subtenon injection, ophthalmic bioerodible implant, non-bioerodible ophthalmic insert 20 and depots.

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